

Evolut Clinical Guideline 3118 for Erleada™ (apalutamide)

Guideline Number: Evolut_CG_3118	<u>Applicable Codes</u>	
<i>"Evolut" refers to Evolut Health LLC and Evolut Specialty Services, Inc. © 2018 - 2025 Evolut. All rights Reserved.</i>		
Original Date: March 2018	Last Revised Date: June 2025	Implementation Date: June 2025

TABLE OF CONTENTS

STATEMENT	2
PURPOSE	2
INDICATIONS	2
PROSTATE CANCER	2
CONTRAINDICATIONS/WARNINGS	2
EXCLUSION CRITERIA	2
CODING AND STANDARDS	3
CODES	3
APPLICABLE LINES OF BUSINESS	4
POLICY HISTORY	4
LEGAL AND COMPLIANCE	4
GUIDELINE APPROVAL	4
Committee	4
DISCLAIMER	4
REFERENCES	5

STATEMENT

Purpose

To define and describe the accepted indications for Erleada (apalutamide) usage in the treatment of cancer, including FDA approved indications, and off-label indications.

Evolent is responsible for processing all medication requests from network ordering providers. Medications not authorized by Evolent may be deemed as not approvable and therefore not reimbursable.

The use of this drug must be supported by one of the following: FDA approved product labeling, CMS-approved compendia, National Comprehensive Cancer Network (NCCN), American Society of Clinical Oncology (ASCO) clinical guidelines, or peer-reviewed literature that meets the requirements of the CMS Medicare Benefit Policy Manual Chapter 15.

INDICATIONS

Continuation requests for a not-approvable medication shall be exempt from this Evolent policy provided

- The member has not experienced disease progression on the requested medication AND
- The requested medication was used within the last year without a lapse of more than 30 days of having an active authorization AND
- Additional medication(s) are not being added to the continuation request.

Prostate Cancer

- Erleada (apalutamide) may be used in combination with an LHRH analog or after orchiectomy (ADT- Androgen Deprivation Therapy) for ANY of the following clinical settings:
 - In members with non-metastatic castration resistant prostate cancer, M0 disease with no visible metastases on conventional imaging, AND a PSA Doubling Time of less than or equal to 10 months OR
 - In members with metastatic (M1) castration sensitive prostate cancer.

CONTRAINDICATIONS/WARNINGS

- None

EXCLUSION CRITERIA

- Erleada (apalutamide) is being used after disease progression with the same regimen or another Androgen Receptor Inhibitor [e.g., Xtandi (enzalutamide) or Nubeqa (darolutamide)].

- Concurrent use with other antiandrogens or CYP17 inhibitors [e.g., Zytiga (abiraterone)].
- Dosing exceeds single dose limit of Erleada (apalutamide) 240 mg.
- Treatment exceeds the maximum limit of 120 (60 mg) or 30 (240 mg) tablets/month.
- Investigational use of Erleada (apalutamide) with an off-label indication that is not sufficient in evidence or is not generally accepted by the medical community. Sufficient evidence that is not supported by CMS recognized compendia or acceptable peer reviewed literature is defined as any of the following:
 - Whether the clinical characteristics of the patient and the cancer are adequately represented in the published evidence.
 - Whether the administered chemotherapy/biologic therapy/immune therapy/targeted therapy/other oncologic therapy regimen is adequately represented in the published evidence.
 - Whether the reported study outcomes represent clinically meaningful outcomes experienced by patients. Generally, the definitions of Clinically Meaningful outcomes are those recommended by ASCO, e.g., Hazard Ratio of less than 0.80 and the recommended survival benefit for OS and PFS should be at least 3 months.
 - Whether the experimental design, considering the drugs and conditions under investigation, is appropriate to address the investigative question. (For example, in some clinical studies, it may be unnecessary or not feasible to use randomization, double blind trials, placebos, or crossover).
 - That non-randomized clinical trials with a significant number of subjects may be a basis for supportive clinical evidence for determining accepted uses of drugs.
 - That case reports are generally considered uncontrolled and anecdotal information and do not provide adequate supportive clinical evidence for determining accepted uses of drugs.
 - That abstracts (including meeting abstracts) without the full article from the approved peer-reviewed journals lack supporting clinical evidence for determining accepted uses of drugs.

CODING AND STANDARDS

Codes

- J8999 - apalutamide

Applicable Lines of Business

<input type="checkbox"/>	CHIP (Children's Health Insurance Program)
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Commercial
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Exchange/Marketplace
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Medicaid
<input type="checkbox"/>	Medicare Advantage

POLICY HISTORY

Date	Summary
June 2025	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Converted to new Evolent guideline template This guideline replaces UM ONC_1333 Erleada (apalutamide) Updated maximum dosage form quantities in exclusion criteria Updated references
June 2024	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Updated NCH verbiage to Evolent

LEGAL AND COMPLIANCE

Guideline Approval

Committee

Reviewed / Approved by Evolent Specialty Clinical Guideline Review Committee

Disclaimer

Evolent Clinical Guidelines do not constitute medical advice. Treating health care professionals are solely responsible for diagnosis, treatment, and medical advice. Evolent uses Clinical Guidelines in accordance with its contractual obligations to provide utilization management. Coverage for services varies for individual members according to the terms of their health care coverage or government program. Individual members' health care coverage may not utilize some Evolent Clinical Guidelines. Evolent clinical guidelines contain guidance that requires prior authorization and service limitations. A list of procedure codes, services or drugs may not be all inclusive and does not imply that a service or drug is a covered or non-covered service or drug. Evolent reserves the right to review and update this Clinical Guideline in its sole discretion. Notice of any changes shall be provided as

required by applicable provider agreements and laws or regulations. Members should contact their Plan customer service representative for specific coverage information.

REFERENCES

1. Chi KN, et al; TITAN Investigators. Apalutamide for Metastatic, Castration-Sensitive Prostate Cancer. *N Engl J Med*. 2019 Jul 4;381(1):13-24. doi: 10.1056/NEJMoa1903307.
2. Smith MR, et al; SPARTAN Investigators. Apalutamide Treatment and Metastasis-free Survival in Prostate Cancer. *N Engl J Med*. 2018 Apr 12;378(15):1408-1418. doi: 10.1056/NEJMoa1715546.
3. Marar M, et al. Outcomes Among African American and Non-Hispanic White Men With Metastatic Castration-Resistant Prostate Cancer With First-Line Abiraterone. *JAMA Netw Open*. 2022 Jan 4;5(1):e2142093. doi: 10.1001/jamanetworkopen.2021.42093.
4. Erleada (apalutamide) prescribing information. Janssen Products, LP. Horsham, PA 2024.
5. Clinical Pharmacology Elsevier Gold Standard 2025.
6. Micromedex® Healthcare Series: Micromedex Drugdex Ann Arbor, Michigan 2025.
7. National Comprehensive Cancer Network. Cancer Guidelines and Drugs and Biologics Compendium 2025.
8. AHFS Drug Information. American Society of Health-Systems Pharmacists or Wolters Kluwer Lexi-Drugs. Bethesda, MD 2025.
9. Ellis LM, et al. American Society of Clinical Oncology perspective: Raising the bar for clinical trials by defining clinically meaningful outcomes. *J Clin Oncol*. 2014 Apr 20;32(12):1277-80.
10. Medicare Benefit Policy Manual Chapter 15 Covered Medical and Other Health Services: <https://www.cms.gov/Regulations-and-Guidance/Guidance/Manuals/Downloads/bp102c15.pdf>.
11. Current and Resolved Drug Shortages and Discontinuations Reported to the FDA: <http://www.accessdata.fda.gov/scripts/drugshortages/default.cfm>.