

Evolent Clinical Guideline 3105 for Imfinzi[™] (durvalumab)

Guideline Number: Evolent_CG_3105	Applicable Codes	
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TABLE OF CONTENTS

STATEMENT	
Purpose	
INDICATIONS	
BILIARY TRACT CANCER (BTC)	2
BLADDER CANCER	
ENDOMETRIAL CANCER	
HEPATOCELLULAR CARCINOMA	2
Non-Small Cell Lung Cancer (NSCLC)	
SMALL CELL LUNG CANCER (EXTENSIVE STAGE)	
SMALL CELL LUNG CANCER (LIMITED STAGE)	4
CONTRAINDICATIONS/WARNINGS	4
EXCLUSION CRITERIA	4
CODING AND STANDARDS	5
Codes	
APPLICABLE LINES OF BUSINESS	5
POLICY HISTORY	5
LEGAL AND COMPLIANCE	6
GUIDELINE APPROVAL	
Committee	
DISCLAIMER	
REFERENCES	6



STATEMENT

Purpose

To define and describe the accepted indications for Imfinzi (durvalumab) usage in the treatment of cancer, including FDA approved indications, and off-label indications.

Evolent is responsible for processing all medication requests from network ordering providers. Medications not authorized by Evolent may be deemed as not approvable and therefore not reimbursable.

The use of this drug must be supported by one of the following: FDA approved product labeling, CMS-approved compendia, National Comprehensive Cancer Network (NCCN), American Society of Clinical Oncology (ASCO) clinical guidelines, or peer-reviewed literature that meets the requirements of the CMS Medicare Benefit Policy Manual Chapter 15.

INDICATIONS

Continuation requests for a not-approvable medication shall be exempt from this Evolent policy provided

- The member has not experienced disease progression on the requested medication AND
- The requested medication was used within the last year without a lapse of more than 30 days of having an active authorization AND
- Additional medication(s) are not being added to the continuation request.

Biliary Tract Cancer (BTC)

 Imfinzi (durvalumab) may be used in combination with cisplatin/carboplatin and gemcitabine as first line therapy in members who have not received therapy for unresectable or metastatic biliary tract cancer (e.g., extrahepatic/intrahepatic cholangiocarcinoma, gallbladder carcinoma).

Bladder Cancer

 Imfinzi (durvalumab) may be used as neoadjuvant treatment in combination with gemcitabine and cisplatin for up to 4 cycles in adult members with muscle invasive bladder cancer (MIBC), followed by single agent Imfinzi (durvalumab) after radical cystectomy as adjuvant treatment for a maximum of 8 cycles.

Endometrial Cancer

 Imfinzi (durvalumab) may be used in combination with carboplatin and paclitaxel followed by single-agent durvalumab in adult members with primary advanced or recurrent endometrial cancer that is mismatch repair deficient (dMMR).

Hepatocellular Carcinoma

 The member has unresectable hepatocellular carcinoma (Child-Pugh Class A score only and/or Barcelona Clinic Liver Cancer stage B or C) with no prior systemic treatment, including prior checkpoint inhibitor (e.g., dostarlimab-gxly, atezolizumab,



nivolumab, pembrolizumab, ipilimumab) AND

 Imfinzi (durvalumab) will be used as first line therapy in combination with Imjudo (tremelimumab). Imjudo (tremelimumab) is given for one cycle followed by single agent Imfinzi (durvalumab).

The Barcelona Clinic Liver Cancer (BCLC) Staging System (60)

BCLC stage	ECOG PS	Liver function: Child-Pugh	Tumor stage
Very early stage (0)	0	A	Single ≤2 cm
Early stage (A)	0	A-B	Single ≤3, nodules ≤3 cm
Intermediate stage (B)	0	A-B	Multinodular
Advanced stage (C)	1-2	A-B	Vascular invasion, extrahepatic spread
Terminal stage (D)	3-4	С	Any

CHILD-PUGH SCORE

Observiced and Bissels revised Bassessets	Scores (Points) for Increasing Abnormality		
Chemical and Biochemical Parameters	1	2	3
Encephalopathy (grade) ¹	None	1–2	3–4
Ascites	Absent	Slight	Moderate
Albumin (g/dL)	>3.5	2.8-3.5	<2.8
Prothrombin time ²			
Seconds over control	<4	4-6	>6
INR	<1.7	1.7-2.3	>2.3
Bilirubin (mg/dL)	<2	2-3	>3
 For primary biliary cirrhosis 	<4	4-10	>10

Class A = 5-6 points; Class B = 7-9 points; Class C = 10-15 points.

Non-Small Cell Lung Cancer (NSCLC)

- Imfinzi (durvalumab) may be used as a single agent for consolidation therapy (for a total of 1 year), after completion of definitive chemoradiation, in members with unresectable (not amendable to surgical treatment) stage II or stage III disease provided that appropriate imaging studies (e.g., CT or PET/CT) performed after the completion of chemoradiation confirm the lack of disease progression and show one of the following: complete response/partial response/stable disease.
- Imfinzi (durvalumab) may be used in combination with Imjudo (tremelimumab) and
 platinum-based chemotherapy for up to 4 cycles in adult members who have not
 received prior systemic therapy for metastatic or Stage IV NSCLC and the tumor is
 negative for EGFR and ALK, regardless of PD-L1 expression. This may be followed
 by maintenance therapy with Imfinzi (durvalumab), 1 dose of Imjudo (tremelimumab)
 and optional histology-based pemetrexed.
- Imfinzi (durvalumab) may be used with platinum-containing chemotherapy as neoadjuvant therapy, followed by single-agent Imfinzi (durvalumab) as adjuvant therapy after surgery, for adult members with resectable (tumors ≥ 4 cm and/or node positive) NSCLC and no known EGFR mutations or ALK rearrangements.

Small Cell Lung Cancer (Extensive Stage)

 Imfinzi (durvalumab) may be used in combination with [carboplatin/cisplatin + etoposide] followed by single agent maintenance Imfinzi (durvalumab), for adult



members with extensive stage small cell lung cancer.

Small Cell Lung Cancer (Limited Stage)

• Imfinzi (durvalumab) may be used in adult members with limited stage small cell lung cancer (LS-SCLC) whose disease has not progressed following concurrent platinumbased chemotherapy and radiation therapy.

CONTRAINDICATIONS/WARNINGS

None

EXCLUSION CRITERIA

- Disease progression while receiving Imfinzi (durvalumab) or prior checkpoint inhibitor (PD-1 or PD-L1 inhibitor).
- There is no imaging study available, after the completion of chemoradiation for NSCLC, to confirm complete response/partial response/stable disease after chemoradiation.
- Members with locally advanced non-small cell lung cancer (NSCLC) with disease progression while receiving concurrent chemoradiotherapy or after chemoradiation.
- Dosing exceeds single dose limit of Imfinzi (durvalumab) 10 mg/kg (every 2 weeks as a single agent), 20 mg/kg (every 3 weeks when used in combination with chemotherapy), 20 mg/kg (every 4 weeks when used as a single agent), 1500 mg (every 3 weeks when used in combination with chemotherapy), or 1500 mg (every 4 weeks when used as a single agent), or maximum duration of 12 months for NSCLC consolidation therapy.
- For used in combination with Imjudo (tremelimumab): If weight is less than 30 kg, the maximum single dose limit is 20 mg/kg every 4 weeks; for weight 30 kg or more, the maximum single dose limit is 1500 mg every 4 weeks.
- Investigational use of Imfinzi (durvalumab) with an off-label indication that is not sufficient in evidence or is not generally accepted by the medical community.
 Sufficient evidence that is not supported by CMS recognized compendia or acceptable peer reviewed literature is defined as any of the following:
 - Whether the clinical characteristics of the patient and the cancer are adequately represented in the published evidence.
 - Whether the administered chemotherapy/biologic therapy/immune therapy/targeted therapy/other oncologic therapy regimen is adequately represented in the published evidence.
 - o Whether the reported study outcomes represent clinically meaningful outcomes experienced by patients. Generally, the definition of Clinically Meaningful outcomes are those recommended by ASCO, e.g., Hazard Ratio of less than 0.80 and the recommended survival benefit for OS and PFS should be at least 3 months.
 - o Whether the experimental design, in light of the drugs and conditions under



investigation, is appropriate to address the investigative question. (For example, in some clinical studies, it may be unnecessary or not feasible to use randomization, double blind trials, placebos, or crossover).

- o That non-randomized clinical trials with a significant number of subjects may be a basis for supportive clinical evidence for determining accepted uses of drugs.
- That case reports are generally considered uncontrolled and anecdotal information and do not provide adequate supportive clinical evidence for determining accepted uses of drugs.
- That abstracts (including meeting abstracts) without the full article from the approved peer-reviewed journals lack supporting clinical evidence for determining accepted uses of drugs.

CODING AND STANDARDS

Codes

• J9173 - Injection, durvalumab, 10 mg

Applicable Lines of Business

	CHIP (Children's Health Insurance Program)
\boxtimes	Commercial
\boxtimes	Exchange/Marketplace
\boxtimes	Medicaid
	Medicare Advantage

POLICY HISTORY

Date	Summary	
June 2025	 Updated NSCLC indication to allow maintenance therapy with tremelimumab +/- pemetrexed after first-line therapy for recurrent, advanced, or metastatic disease with platinum- based chemotherapy, tremelimumab, and durvalumab if restaging shows stability or response 	
May 2025	 Converted to new Evolent guideline template This guideline replaces UM ONC_1314 Imfinzi (durvalumab) Added new indication for bladder cancer Updated references 	



January 2025	Added Evolent disclaimer language
	Added Coding Information section with HCPCS code
	Added new indication for limited-stage small cell lung cancer
	Updated dosing limits in exclusion criteria
	Updated references
September 2024	Updated NSCLC indication
	Updated SCLC indication
	Updated references
August 2024	Added endometrial cancer indication section
	Added new reference
	Updated NCH verbiage to Evolent

LEGAL AND COMPLIANCE

Guideline Approval

Committee

Reviewed / Approved by Evolent Specialty Clinical Guideline Review Committee

Disclaimer

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