

Policy Title:	Medically Administered Step Therapy Policy		
		Department:	РНА
Effective Date:	10/01/2020		
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Purpose: To support the use of preferred products that are safe and effective.

Scope: Medicaid and Commercial

Policy Statement:

The Medically Administered Step Therapy Policy will provide coverage of preferred medications when it is determined to be medically necessary and is covered under the Medical Benefit when used within the following guidelines. Use outside of these guidelines may result in non-payment unless approved under an exception process.

Procedure:

Coverage of Medically administered drugs will be reviewed prospectively via the prior authorization process based on criteria below.

Medications that Require Step Therapy	Preferred Medication(s)	Class of Medication
Acthar Gel	Infantile Spasms (West Syndrome); Trial of Cortrophin Gel	Adrenocorticotropin Stimulating Hormone
Aralast or Glassia	Emphysema due to alpha-1-antitrypsin (AAT) deficiency: For Commercial patients ONLY: Documented failure, intolerance, or contraindication to Prolastin or Zemaira	Alpha-1-Proteinase Inhibitors
Duopa	Trial of all of the following - oral levodopa/carbidopa, a dopamine agonist, a catechol-O-methyl transferase (COMT) inhibitor OR a monoamine oxidase B (MAO)-B inhibitor	Anti- Parkinson Agent



Linezolid: J2021	All indications: Trial and failure or contraindication to linezolid J2020	Antibiotic
Meropenem: J2184	All indications: Trial and failure or contraindication to meropenem J2183 and J2185	Antibiotic
Vancomycin: J3372	All indications: Trial and failure or contraindication to vancomycin J3371 and J3370	Antibiotic
Xenleta	Trial of alternative antibiotic to which the organism is susceptible (i.e., moxifloxacin, levofloxacin, beta-lactam + macrolide, beta-lactam + doxycycline, etc.)	Antibiotic
Heparin: J1643	All indications: Trial and failure or contraindication to heparin J1644	Anticoagulant Agent
Adynovate, Esperoct	Hemophilia A: Trial of one of the following - Advate, Afstyla, Hemofil M, Koate DVI, Kogenate FS, Kovaltry, Novoeight, Nuwiq, Obizur, Recombinate, Xyntha/Xyntha Solofuse	Antihemophilic Agent
Alphanate, Humate-P, Wilate	von Willebrand disease (mild or moderate): Trial of desmopressin	Antihemophilic Agent
Idelvion, Rebinyn	All indications: Trial of one of the following - Alphanine SD, Bebulin, BeneFIX, Ixinity, Mononine, Profilnine, and Rixubis	Antihemophilic Agent
Feiba NF/ Feiba VF	Hemophilia A: Has had a trial of Hemlibra	Antihemophilic Agent
Hemlibra	Hemophilia A (congenital factor VIII deficiency) with inhibitors: Trial of one of the following bypassing agents - NovoSeven, FEIBA Hemophilia A (congenital factor VIII deficiency) without inhibitors: Patient is not a suitable candidate for treatment with a shorter half-life Factor VIII (recombinant) products at a total weekly dose of 100 IU/kg or less	Antihemophilic Agent
Hympavzi	Hemophilia A (congenital factor VIII deficiency) without inhibitors: trial of a factor VIII product (e.g., Advate, Koate/Koate DVI, Hemofil, etc.) and Hemlibra Hemophilia B (congenital factor IX deficiency) without inhibitors: trial of a factor IX product (e.g., Benefix, Rixubis, Alphanine, etc.)	Antihemophilic Agent
Novoseven RT	Hemophilia A: Has had a trial of Hemlibra	Antihemophilic Agent
Vonvendi	von Willebrand disease (mild or moderate): Trial of desmopressin	Antihemophilic Agent



Labetalol: J1921	All indications: Trial and failure or contraindication to labetalol J1920	Antihypertensive Agent
Vyepti	Chronic Migraines: Trial of two oral medications from two different classes of drugs for the prevention of migraines AND trial of at least 12 weeks of two calcitonin gene-related peptide (CGRP) antagonists (e.g., erenumab, galcanezumab, fremanezumab, etc.) AND two quarterly injections botulinum toxin	Anti-migraine Agent
	Episodic migraines: Trial of two oral medications from two different classes of drugs for the prevention of migraines AND trial of at least 12 weeks of two calcitonin gene-related peptide (CGRP) antagonists (e.g., erenumab, galcanezumab, fremanezumab, etc.)	
Bortezomib: J9048, J9046	All indications: Trial and failure or contraindication to bortezomib J9049, J9051, and J9041	Antineoplastic Agent
Carmustine: J9052	All indications: Trial and failure or contraindication to carmustine J9050	Antineoplastic Agent
Cyclophosphamide: J9074	All indications: Trial and failure or contraindication to cyclophosphamide J9073, J9071, and J9075	Antineoplastic Agent
Fulvestrant: J9394, J9393	All indications: Trial and failure or contraindication to fulvestrant J9395	Antineoplastic Agent
Paclitaxel: J9259	All indications: Trial and failure or contraindication to paclitaxel J9264	Antineoplastic Agent
Pemetrexed: J9304, J9324	All indications: Trial and failure or contraindication to pemetrexed J9296, J9294, J9297, J9314, J9323, and J9305	Antineoplastic Agent
Amvuttra	Cardiomyopathy of wild-type or hereditary transthyretin-mediated amyloidosis (ATTR-CM): Trial of a transthyretin (TTR) stabilizer (e.g., acoramidis (Attruby) or tafamidis (Vyndaqel/Vyndamax)	Anti-Transthyretin small interfering RNA (siRNA)
Onpattro	Cardiomyopathy of wild-type or hereditary transthyretin-mediated amyloidosis (ATTR-CM) and polyneuropathy of hereditary transthyretin-mediated amyloidosis (ATTR-PN) if Onpattro in used in in combination with a TTR-stabilizer: Trial of Amyuttra (vutrisiran)	Anti-Transthyretin small interfering RNA (siRNA)



Ganciclovir: J1574	All indications: Trial and failure or contraindication to ganciclovir J1570	Antiviral Agent
Actemra, Tofidence	Rheumatoid Arthritis: Trial of one oral DMARD such as methotrexate, azathioprine, hydroxychloroquine, sulfasalazine, leflunomide, etc.; AND at least a 3-month trial of adalimumab at maximum tolerated doses Juvenile Idiopathic Arthritis: Trial of an oral NSAID or systemic glucocorticoid (e.g., prednisone, methylprednisolone) AND at least a 3-month trial of adalimumab at maximum tolerated doses Management of Immune Checkpoint Inhibitor related	Autoimmune
	Inflammatory Arthritis: Trial of corticosteroids Giant Cell Arteritis (GCA): Trial of glucocorticoid therapy	
	All indications: trial of at least a 3-month trial of Tyenne (tocilizumab-aazg)	
Tyenne	Rheumatoid Arthritis: Trial of one oral DMARD such as methotrexate, azathioprine, hydroxychloroquine, penicillamine, sulfasalazine, leflunomide, etc.; AND at least a 3-month trial of adalimumab at maximum tolerated doses Juvenile Idiopathic Arthritis: Trial of one NSAID or systemic	Autoimmune
	glucocorticoid (e.g., prednisone, methylprednisolone) AND at least a 3-month trial of adalimumab at maximum tolerated doses Management of Immune Checkpoint Inhibitor related	
	Inflammatory Arthritis: Trial of corticosteroids	
Cimzia	Giant Cell Arteritis: Trial of glucocorticoid therapy Rheumatoid Arthritis: Trial of one oral DMARD such as methotrexate, azathioprine, hydroxychloroquine, sulfasalazine, leflunomide, etc. AND at least a 3-month trial of adalimumab at maximum tolerated doses	Autoimmune
	Ankylosing spondylitis and non-radiographic axial spondyloarthritis: Trial of at least 2 non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAIDs) AND at least a 3-month trial of adalimumab at maximum tolerated doses	
	Crohn's Disease: Trial of at least a 3-month trial of infliximab IV or adalimumab at maximum tolerated doses AND at least a 6-month trial of ustekinumab at maximum tolerated doses.	
	Plaque Psoriasis: Inadequate response to topical agents; inadequate response to at least one non-biologic systemic	



agent; AND at least a 3-month trial of adalimumab at maximum tolerated doses AND at least a 6-month trial of ustekinumab at maximum tolerated doses.	
ustekinumah at maximum tolerated doses	
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Psoriatic Arthritis: - Predominantly axial disease: trial and failure of an NSAID - Peripheral arthritis or active enthesitis disease: trial of oral DMARD, such as methotrexate, azathioprine, sulfasalazine, hydroxychloroquine, etc. - At least a 3-month trial of adalimumab at maximum tolerated doses - At least a 6-month trial of ustekinumab at maximum tolerated doses.	
Cosentyx Psoriatic Arthritis: Predominantly axial disease: trial and failure of an NSAID Peripheral arthritis, dactylitis or active enthesitis disease: trial of an oral DMARD such as methotrexate, azathioprine, sulfasalazine, hydroxychloroquine, etc At least a 3-month trial of adalimumab at maximum tolerated doses At least a 6-month trial of ustekinumab at maximum tolerated doses.	
Ankylosing spondylitis and non-radiographic axial spondyloarthritis: Trial of at least 2 non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAIDs) AND at least a 3-month trial of addingument at maximum telerated doses.	
of adalimumab at maximum tolerated doses Entyvio Crohn's Disease: Trial of at least a 3-month trial of infliximab Autoimmune	
IV or adalimumab at maximum tolerated doses AND at least a 6-month trial of ustekinumab at maximum tolerated doses. Trial of one of the following for Commercial members only - corticosteroids, 6-mercaptopurine, methotrexate, or azathioprine OR at least a 3-month trial of a TNF modifier, such as adalimumab, certolizumab, or infliximab at maximum tolerated doses for Commercial members	
Ulcerative Colitis: Trial of at least a 3-month trial of infliximab IV at maximum tolerated doses AND at least a 6-month trial of ustekinumab at maximum tolerated doses for biologic experienced patients	
Ilaris Still's Disease and Systemic Juvenile Idiopathic Arthritis: Trial of one oral NSAID OR systemic glucocorticoid (e.g., prednisone, methylprednisolone) Familial Meditarrangen Fayari Colchining	
Familial Mediterranean Fever: Colchicine	
Gout Flare: NSAID and colchicine	



Ilumya	Plaque psoriasis: Trial of one of the following - methotrexate,	Autoimmune
	cyclosporine, or acitretin; AND at least a 3-month trial of	
	adalimumab at maximum tolerated doses AND at least a 6-	
	month trial of ustekinumab at maximum tolerated doses	
Omvoh	Ulcerative Colitis: Trial of at least a 3-month trial of infliximab	Autoimmune
	IV or adalimumab at maximum tolerated AND at least a 6-	
	month trial of ustekinumab at maximum tolerated doses	
	Rheumatoid Arthritis: Trial of one oral disease modifying anti-	Autoimmune
	rheumatic agent (DMARD) such as methotrexate,	
	azathioprine, hydroxychloroquine, sulfasalazine, or	
	leflunomide AND at least a 3-month trial of adalimumab at	
	maximum tolerated doses	
	Polyarticular juvenile idiopathic arthritis: Trial of oral non-	
	steroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAIDs) OR an oral	
	disease-modifying anti-rheumatic agent (DMARD) (e.g.,	
	methotrexate, leflunomide, sulfasalazine, etc.) AND at least a	
	3-month trial of adalimumab at maximum tolerated doses	
	Psoriatic Arthritis: For patients with predominantly axial	
	disease OR active enthesitis and/or dactylitis, an adequate trial	
	and failure of at least one non-steroidal anti-inflammatory	
	agents (NSAIDs); OR for patients with peripheral arthritis, a	
	trial and failure of at least a 3 month trial of one oral disease-	
	modifying anti-rheumatic drug (DMARD) such as	
	methotrexate, azathioprine, sulfasalazine, or	
	hydroxychloroquine; AND at least a 3-month trial of	
	adalimumab at maximum tolerated doses AND at least a 6-	
	month trial of ustekinumab at maximum tolerated doses	
	Chronic Graft Versus Host Disease: Trial and failure of	
	systemic corticosteroids	
	Management of Immune Checkpoint Inhibitor Related	
	Toxicity: Trial and failure of methylprednisolone	
	All indications: Trial of Inflectra or Avsola, AND Renflexis	Autoimmune
infliximab unbranded		11410111114110
Remicade or		Autoimmune
	Rheumatoid Arthritis: Trial of one oral disease modifying anti-	
	rheumatic agent (DMARD) such as methotrexate,	
	azathioprine, hydroxychloroquine, sulfasalazine, leflunomide,	
	etc; AND used in combination with methotrexate	
	Psoriatic Arthritis: Trial of one NSAID OR trial of one	
	formulary DMARD such as methotrexate, azathioprine	
	hydroxychloroquine, sulfasalazine, etc;	
	hydroxychloroquine, sulfasalazine, etc; Ankylosing Spondylitis: Trial of two NSAIDs	
	hydroxychloroquine, sulfasalazine, etc; Ankylosing Spondylitis: Trial of two NSAIDs Plaque Psoriasis: Trial of one of the following systemic	
	hydroxychloroquine, sulfasalazine, etc; Ankylosing Spondylitis: Trial of two NSAIDs	



Renflexis	All indications: Trial of Inflectra or Avsola	Autoimmune
Infliximab SC products: Zymfentra	Crohn's Disease and Ulcerative Colitis: Trial of at least 10 weeks of IV infliximab therapy	Autoimmune
Simponi Aria	Rheumatoid Arthritis: Trial of one oral disease modifying anti- rheumatic agent (DMARD) such as methotrexate, azathioprine, hydroxychloroquine, sulfasalazine, or leflunomide; AND at least a 3-month trial of adalimumab at maximum tolerated doses	Autoimmune
	Psoriatic Arthritis: Trial of one NSAID OR Trial of one formulary DMARD such as methotrexate, azathioprine, hydroxychloroquine, sulfasalazine, or leflunomide; AND at least a 3-month trial of adalimumab at maximum tolerated doses AND at least a 6-month trial of ustekinumab at maximum tolerated doses	
	Ankylosing Spondylitis: Trial of two NSAIDs AND at least a 3-month trial of adalimumab at maximum tolerated doses Polyarticular Juvenile Idiopathic Arthritis (pJIA): Trial of oral NSAIDs OR Trial of an oral DMARD such as methotrexate, sulfasalazine, or leflunomide; AND at least a 3-month trial of adalimumab at maximum tolerated doses	
Skyrizi IV	Crohn's disease & Ulcerative Colitis: Trial of at least a 3-month trial of infliximab IV or adalimumab at maximum tolerated doses AND at least a 6-month trial of ustekinumab at maximum tolerated doses	Autoimmune
Ustekinumab IV biosimilar products: Otulfi, Selarsdi, Steqeyma, & Yesintek	Crohn's Disease: Trial of at least a 3-month trial of infliximab IV or adalimumab at maximum tolerated doses Ulcerative Colitis: Trial of one at least a 3-month trial of infliximab IV or adalimumab at maximum tolerated doses	Autoimmune
Stelara	Crohn's Disease: Trial of at least a 3-month trial of infliximab IV or adalimumab at maximum tolerated doses AND at least a 6-month trial of one of the following: Otulfi, Selarsdi, Steqeyma, or Yesintek at maximum tolerated doses Ulcerative Colitis: Trial of at least a 3-month trial of infliximab IV or adalimumab at maximum tolerated AND at least a 6-month trial of one of the following: Otulfi, Selarsdi, Steqeyma,	Autoimmune
Tremfya IV	or Yesintek at maximum tolerated doses Ulcerative Colitis: Trial of at least a 3-month trial of infliximab IV or adalimumab at maximum tolerated AND at least a 6- month trial of ustekinumab at maximum tolerated doses	Autoimmune



Evenity	Osteoporosis: Bisphosphonates (oral and/or IV) such as alendronate, risedronate, ibandronate, or zoledronic acid AND RANKL-blocking agents such as denosumab	Bone Modifying Agent
Prolia	Trial of Zometa/Reclast (zoledronic acid) or Aredia (pamidronate)	Bone Modifying Agent
Xgeva	Trial of Zometa/Reclast or Aredia for all indications except Giant Cell Tumor of Bone	Bone Modifying Agent
Parsabiv	Hyperparathyroidism secondary to chronic kidney disease: Trial of cinacalcet	Calcimimetic
Miacalcin	Hypercalcemic emergency: Trial of cinacalcet	Calcitonin
	Paget's disease: Trial of both of the following - alendronate and pamidronate	
	Postmenopausal osteoporosis: Trial of two of the following - zoledronic acid, alendronate, teriparatide, Prolia (denosumab), Xgeva (denosumab)	
Evkeeza	Homozygous Familial Hypercholesterolemia (HoFH): At least a 3-month trial of adherent therapy with: ezetimibe used in combination with the highest available dose of atorvastatin OR rosuvastatin and tried and failed at least a 3-month trial of adherent therapy with: combination therapy consisting of the highest available dose of atorvastatin OR rosuvastatin, ezetimibe, AND a PSCK9 inhibitor indicated for HoFH (e.g., evolocumab, alirocumab)	Cardiology
Leqvio	Atherosclerotic cardiovascular disease (ASCVD) and: Heterozygous Familial Hypercholesterolemia (HeFH): trial of highest available dose or maximally-tolerated dose* of high intensity HMG-CoA reductase inhibitors (i.e., 'statin' therapy: atorvastatin 40 mg or 80 mg daily, rosuvastatin 20 mg or 40 mg daily, or simvastatin 80 mg daily); and has been adherent to ezetimibe used concomitantly with a statin at maximally tolerated dose for at least three months, and inadequate treatment response, intolerance or contraindication to treatment with PCSK9 inhibitor therapy for at least 3 months	Cardiology
Abecma	Relapsed/Refractory multiple myeloma: Progressed on 4 or more lines of therapy AND refractory to an immunomodulatory agent (e.g., lenalidomide, thalidomide, pomalidomide), a proteasome inhibitor (e.g., bortezomib, carfilzomib, ixazomib), and an anti-CD38 monoclonal antibody (e.g., daratumumab, isatuximab).	CAR-T Immunotherapy



Kymriah	Pediatric and Young Adult Relapsed or Refractory (r/r) B-cell Acute Lymphoblastic Leukemia (ALL): Member has relapsed/refractory Philadelphia chromosome-negative B-ALL that has progressed after 2 cycles of a standard chemotherapy regimen for initial diagnosis OR after 1 cycle of standard chemotherapy for relapsed leukemia OR member with relapsed/refractory Philadelphia chromosome-positive B-ALL that has progressed after failure of 2 prior regimens, including a TKI-containing regimen Adult Relapsed or Refractory (r/r) Large B-cell Lymphoma: For diffuse large B-cell lymphoma arising from follicular lymphoma, high-grade B- cell lymphoma: Member has previously received at least 2 lines of therapy including rituximab and an anthracycline	CAR-T Immunotherapy
Yescarta	Non-Hodgkin Lymphomas (chemotherapy – refractory disease): trial and failure of two or more lines of systemic chemotherapy OR for DLBCL, failure of 2 or more lines of systemic chemotherapy, including rituximab and an anthracycline	CAR-T Immunotherapy
	Follicular Lymphoma: trial of 2 or more lines of systemic therapies, including the combination of an anti-CD20 monoclonal antibody and an alkylating agent (e.g., R-bendamustine, R-CHOP, R-CVP)	
Amondys 45	All Indications: Trial of corticosteroids	Duchenne Muscular Dystrophy
Exondys 51	All Indications: Trial of corticosteroids	Duchenne Muscular Dystrophy
Viltepso	All Indications: Trial of corticosteroids	Duchenne Muscular Dystrophy
Vyondys 53	All Indications: Trial of corticosteroids and Viltepso	Duchenne Muscular Dystrophy
Elevidys	All Indications: Stable dose of a corticosteroid prior to the start of therapy	Duchenne Muscular Dystrophy
Elelyso, VPRIV	All indications: Trial of Cerezyme	Enzyme Replacement
Nexviazyme	Commercial members ONLY: Trial of Lumizyme for members <30kg that require a dose of 40 mg/kg	Enzyme
Pombiliti and Opfolda	Trial of Lumizyme or Nexviazyme	Enzyme
Fabrazyme & Elfabrio	Failure, intolerance, or contraindication to Galafold (migalastat)	Fabry Disease (alphagalactosidase A deficiency)
Casgevy	Sickle Cell Disease: Trial of hydroxyurea and formulary addon therapy (e.g., Adakveo)	Gene Therapy
Lyfgenia	Sickle Cell Disease: Trial of hydroxyurea and formulary add- on therapy (e.g., Adakveo)	Gene Therapy



	Patient has a contraindication to or is not indicated for	
	treatment with Casgevy (exagamglogene autotemcel)	
Krystexxa	All indications: Trial of Allopurinol or Probenecid	Gout
Aranesp	All indications: Trial of Retacrit or Procrit	Hematopoetic Agent
Long-Acting Colony	All approved indications: Trial of Neulasta, Neulasta Onpro,	
Stimulating Factors – Non-Preferred: Fulphila, Nyvepria, Ziextenzo, Fylnetra, Rolvedon, Stimufend	or Udenyca	Hematopoetic Agent
(Oncology and Non-		
Oncology)		
Mircera	All indications: Trial of Retacrit or Procrit	Hematopoetic Agent
Nplate	Chronic immune (idiopathic) thrombocytopenia: Trial of one of the following – corticosteroids (e.g., prednisone, methylprednisolone) and/or immunoglobulins and/or rituximab	Hematopoetic Agent
Epogen	All indications: Trial of Retacrit or Procrit	Hematopoetic Agent
Short Acting Colony Stimulating Factors: Nivestym, Neupogen, Granix, Releuko (Oncology and Non Oncology)	All indications: Trail of Zarxio	Hematopoetic Agent
Berinert	Trial of high dose antihistamine (e.g., cetirizine) for members with normal C1 inhibitor levels and a family history of angioedema without genetic testing AND a trial of Ruconest	Hereditary Angioedema
Cinryze	All indications: Trial of "on-demand" therapy (i.e., Kalbitor, Firazyr, Ruconest, or Berinert)	Hereditary Angioedema
	HAE with normal C1INH: Trial of prophylactic therapy with an antifibrinolytic agent (e.g., tranexamic acid (TXA) or aminocaproic acid) and/or a 17α-alkylated androgen (e.g., danazol)	
Haegarda	Trial of high dose antihistamine (e.g., cetirizine) for members with normal C1 inhibitor levels and a family history of angioedema without genetic testing	Hereditary Angioedema
Kalbitor	Trial of high dose antihistamine (e.g., cetirizine) for members with normal C1 inhibitor levels and a family history of angioedema without genetic testing	Hereditary Angioedema
Ruconest	Trial of high-dose antihistamine (e.g., cetirizine) for members with normal C1 inhibitor levels and a family history of angioedema without genetic testing	Hereditary Angioedema
Trogarzo	Patient has heavily treated multi-drug-resistant disease, confirmed by resistance testing, to at least one drug in at least three classes (NRTI, NNRTI, PI)	HIV
Testopel	All indications: trial of one topical testosterone product (patch or gel) AND Trial of one injectable testosterone such as	Hormone Replacement



HIV wasting: at least three alternative therapies such as	
cyproheptadine, dronabinol, megestrol acetate or testosterone	Hormone Therapy
Central Precocious Puberty: Trial of Lupron Depot-Ped	Hormone Therapy
Central Precocious Puberty: Trial of Lupron Depot-Ped	Hormone Therapy
Central Precocious Puberty: Trial of Trelstar	Hormone Therapy
Gender Dysphoria: Trial of Lupron Depot All indications: Trial of nonsteroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAIDs), acetaminophen (up to 1 g 4 times/day) and/or topical capsaicin cream, and intra-articular steroids	Hyaluronic Acid
All indications: Trial of nonsteroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAIDs), acetaminophen (up to 1 g 4 times/day) and/or topical capsaicin cream, and intra-articular steroids and Euflexxa	Hyaluronic Acid
oral phosphate and active vitamin D analogs (e.g., calcitriol,	Hypophosphatemia
All indications: Trial of one of the following - Gammaked/Gamunex-C or Gammagard liquid	Immune Globulins
All indications: Gammaked/Gamunex-C, Gammagard liquid, Flebogamma/Flebogamma DIF, or Octagam IgG Subclass Deficiency: patient is receiving prophylactic antibiotic therapy Myasthenia Gravis: Patient is failing on conventional immunosuppressant therapy alone (e.g., corticosteroids, azathioprine, cyclosporine, mycophenolate, methotrexate, tacrolimus, cyclophosphamide, etc.) Dermatomyositis or Polymyositis: Trial of one corticosteroid AND one immunosuppressant (e.g., methotrexate, azathioprine) Chronic Inflammatory Demyelinating Polyneuropathy: Trial of one corticosteroid Stiff-Person syndrome: Trial of two of the following - benzodiazepines, baclofen, gabapentin, valproate, tiagabine, or levetiracetam	Immune Globulins
	Central Precocious Puberty: Trial of Lupron Depot-Ped AND either Triptodur or Supprelin LA Central Precocious Puberty: Trial of Lupron Depot-Ped Central Precocious Puberty: Trial of Lupron Depot-Ped Central Precocious Puberty: Trial of Trelstar Gender Dysphoria: Trial of Lupron Depot All indications: Trial of nonsteroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAIDs), acetaminophen (up to 1 g 4 times/day) and/or topical capsaicin cream, and intra-articular steroids All indications: Trial of nonsteroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAIDs), acetaminophen (up to 1 g 4 times/day) and/or topical capsaicin cream, and intra-articular steroids and Euflexxa Adult patients with X-linked hypophosphatemia: Trial of an oral phosphate and active vitamin D analogs (e.g., calcitriol, paricalcitol, doxercalciferol, calcifediol) All indications: Trial of one of the following - Gammaked/Gamunex-C or Gammagard liquid All indications: Gammaked/Gamunex-C, Gammagard liquid, Flebogamma/Flebogamma DIF, or Octagam IgG Subclass Deficiency: patient is receiving prophylactic antibiotic therapy Myasthenia Gravis: Patient is failing on conventional immunosuppressant therapy alone (e.g., corticosteroids, azathioprine, cyclosporine, mycophenolate, methotrexate, tacrolimus, cyclophosphamide, etc.) Dermatomyositis or Polymyositis: Trial of one corticosteroid AND one immunosuppressant (e.g., methotrexate, azathioprine) Chronic Inflammatory Demyelinating Polyneuropathy: Trial of one corticosteroid Stiff-Person syndrome: Trial of two of the following - benzodiazepines, baclofen, gabapentin, valproate, tiagabine, or



	Corticosteroids and concurrent immunosuppressive treatment (e.g., azathioprine, cyclophosphamide, mycophenolate mofetil, etc.)	
Monoferric	Trial of Injectafer or Feraheme	Iron Agent
Benlysta	Systemic Lupus Erythematosus: Trial of two standard therapies such as antimalarials, corticosteroids, non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drugs, or immunosuppressives	Lupus
	Lupus Nephritis: Trial of standard therapies including corticosteroids AND either cyclophosphamide or mycophenolate mofetil	
Saphnelo	Trial of two standard therapies such as antimalarials, corticosteroids, non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drugs, or immunosuppressives and trial of Benlysta	Lupus
Probuphine	All indications: Trial of one of the following - Buprenorphine/naloxone, buprenorphine	Medication Assisted Treatment
Sublocade	All indications: Trial of one of the following - Buprenorphine/naloxone, buprenorphine	Medication Assisted Treatment
Brixadi	All indications: initiated therapy with transmucosal buprenorphine or is transitioning from another buprenorphine-containing treatment	Medication Assisted Treatment
Cinqair	Asthma: Trial of Inhaled corticosteroid; AND an additional controller medication (long-acting beta 2-agonist, long-acting muscarinic antagonists, or leukotriene modifier); AND Fasenra or Nucala	Monoclonal Antibody
Niktimvo	Chronic graft verse host disease(cGVHD): Trial of two or more previous lines of systemic therapy for the treatment of cGVHD (e.g. methylprednisolone, cyclosporine, tacrolimus, sirolimus, mycophenolate mofetil, imatinib)	Monoclonal Antibody
Fasenra	Asthma: Trial of Inhaled corticosteroid; AND an additional controller medication (long-acting beta 2-agonist, long-acting muscarinic antagonists, or leukotriene modifier)	Monoclonal Antibody
	Eosinophilic granulomatosis with polyangiitis (EGPA): Trial with oral corticosteroids with or without immunosuppressive therapy	
Nucala	Asthma: Trial of a medium – high dose inhaled corticosteroid; AND an additional controller medication (long-acting beta 2-agonist, long-acting muscarinic antagonists, or leukotriene modifier)	Monoclonal Antibody
	Eosinophilic granulomatosis with polyangiitis: Trial of oral corticosteroids for at least 4 weeks	
	Hypereosinophilic Syndrome (HES): trail of at least one other HES therapy, such as oral corticosteroids, immunosuppressive agents, cytotoxic therapy, etc.	
	Chronic Rhinosinusitis with Nasal Polyps: Trial of intranasal corticosteroid therapy for at least 8 weeks; AND patient has received ≥2 courses of systemic corticosteroids per year or > 3 months of low dose corticosteroids	



Soliris	Myasthenia Gravis: Trial of the following — minimum one-year trial of concurrent use with two (2) or more immunosuppressive therapies (e.g., corticosteroids plus an immunosuppressant such as azathioprine, methotrexate, cyclosporine, mycophenolate, etc.) OR Patient has required at least one acute or chronic treatment with plasmapheresis or plasma exchange (PE) or intravenous immunoglobulin (IVIG) in addition to immunosuppressant therapy. Additionally, the patient must have an inadequate response or contraindication to both eculizumab-aagh (Epysqli) AND efgartigimod IV (Vyvgart IV). Neuromyelitis optica spectrum disorder (NMOSD): Trial of Enspryng*, Ultorimis, AND Uplizna	Monoclonal Antibody
	* This requirement ONLY applies to Medicaid Members	
Bkemv or Epysqli	Myasthenia Gravis: — Trial of the following —minimum one-year trial of concurrent use with two (2) or more immunosuppressive therapies (e.g., corticosteroids plus an immunosuppressant such as azathioprine, methotrexate, cyclosporine, mycophenylate, etc.) OR Patient has required at least one acute or chronic treatment with plasmapheresis or plasma exchange (PE) or intravenous immunoglobulin (IVIG) in addition to immunosuppressant therapy. Additionally, if requesting Bkemv the patient must have an inadequate response or contraindication to both eculizumab-aagh (Epysqli) AND efgartigimod IV (Vyvgart IV).	Monoclonal Antibody
Ryoncil	Acute graft verse host disease(aGVHD): Trial of Jakafi	Monoclonal Antibody
Tezspire	Severe asthma: Trial of at least 3 months with or without oral corticosteroids with both of the following: high-dose inhaled corticosteroid; AND additional controller medication (e.g., long acting beta₂-agonist, long-acting muscarinic antagonist, leukotriene modifier); and If baseline blood eosinophil level is ≥150 cells/µL, trial with at least one biologic indicated for asthma (e.g., Cinqair, Dupixent, Fasenra, Nucala, Xolair)	Monoclonal Antibody
Rystiggo	Myasthenia Gravis: Trial of one of the following based on their antibodies: • AChR+ disease: a minimum one-year trial of concurrent use with two (2) or more immunosuppressive therapies (e.g., corticosteroids plus an immunosuppressant such as azathioprine, cyclosporine, mycophenolate, etc.); OR	Monoclonal Antibody



	MuSK+ disease: a minimum one-year trial with immunosuppressive therapy (e.g., corticosteroids, azathioprine, or mycophenolate) and rituximab; OR Patient required at least one acute or chronic treatment with plasmapheresis or plasma exchange (PE) or intravenous immunoglobulin (IVIG) in addition to immunosuppressant therapy	
Ultomiris	Myasthenia Gravis: Trial of the following – minimum one-year trial of concurrent use with two (2) or more immunosuppressive therapies (e.g., corticosteroids plus an immunosuppressant such as azathioprine, methotrexate, cyclosporine, mycophenolate, etc.) OR Patient has required at least one acute or chronic treatment with plasmapheresis or plasma exchange (PE) or intravenous immunoglobulin (IVIG) in addition to immunosuppressant therapy. Additionally, the patient must have an inadequate response or contraindication to efgartigimod IV (Vyvgart IV). Neuromyelitis optica spectrum disorder (NMOSD): Trial of Enspryng*, AND Uplizna *This requirement ONLY applies to Medicaid members	Monoclonal Antibody
Uplizna	Neuromyelitis optica spectrum disorder (NMOSD): Trial of Enspryng*	Monoclonal Antibody
Xolair	* This requirement ONLY applies to Medicaid Members Chronic idiopathic urticaria: Scheduled dosing of a second- generation H1 antihistamine for at least one month; AND inadequate response with scheduled dosing of one of the following: Up-dosing/dose advancement (up to 4-fold) of a second-generation H1 antihistamine, add-on therapy with a leukotriene antagonist (e.g., montelukast), add-on therapy with another H1 antihistamine or add-on therapy with a H2- antagonist.	Monoclonal Antibody
	Asthma: Trial of Inhaled corticosteroid; AND an additional controller medication (long acting beta 2-agonist, long-acting muscarinic antagonists, or leukotriene modifier) Chronic Rhinosinusitis with Nasal Polyps: Trial of intranasal corticosteroid therapy for at least 8 weeks; AND Patient has received at least one course of treatment with a systemic corticosteroid for 5 days or more within the previous 2 years	
Lemtrada	Multiple Sclerosis: Trial of Tysabri and Ocrevus (Commercial ONLY) Trial of Tysabri and one other drug indicated for MS (Medicaid ONLY)	Multiple Sclerosis



Tysabri	Crohn's Disease: Trial of of at least a 3-month trial of	Crohn's Disease
	infliximab IV or adalimumab at maximum tolerated AND at	
	least a 6-month trial of ustekinumab at maximum tolerated doses	
Vyvgart IV and	Myasthenia Gravis: Trial of the following minimum six-	Myasthenia Gravis
Vyvgart Hytrulo	month trial of concurrent use with two (2) or more	,,
vyvgart Tryttulo	immunosuppressive therapies (e.g., corticosteroids plus an	
	immunosuppressant such as azathioprine, methotrexate,	
	cyclosporine, mycophenolate, etc.) OR Patient has required at	
	least one acute or chronic treatment with plasmapheresis or	
	plasma exchange (PE) or intravenous immunoglobulin (IVIG) in addition to immunosuppressant therapy AND for Medicaid	
	members only who request Vyvgart IV at a weekly dose	
	requiring 3 vials (>800mg to 1200mg), documentation that	
	patient is unable to tolerate Vyvgart Hytrulo	
	Vyvgart Hytrulo ONLY:	
	Chronic Inflammatory Demyelinating polyneuropathy: Trial of	
	at least 3-month trial of immunoglobulin (IG) or plasma	
	exchange therapy	
Botox	Severe Primary Axillary Hyperhidrosis: Trial and failure	Neuromuscular Blocker
	of \geq 1 month of a tropical agent e.g., aluminum chloride,	Agent
	glycopyrronium, etc.	
	Migraine: 8 –week trial of two oral medications for the	
	prevention of migraines, such as	
	Antidepressants (e.g., amitriptyline, fluoxetine,	
	nortriptyline, etc.) Beta blockers (e.g., propranolol, metoprolol, nadolol,	
	timolol, atenolol, pindolol, etc.)	
	Angiotensin converting enzyme inhibitors/angiotensin II	
	receptor blockers (e.g., lisinopril, candesartan, etc.)	
	Anti-epileptics (e.g., divalproex, valproate, topiramate,	
	etc.)	
	Calcium channels blockers (e.g., verapamil, etc.)	
	Urinary incontinence and OAB: Trial of two medications	
	from either the antimuscarinic or beta-adrenergic classes	
	Severe Palmar Hyperhidrosis: Trial and failure of ≥ 1	
	month of a tropical agent e.g., aluminum chloride, etc.	
	Chronic Anal Fissures: Trial conventional pharmacologic	
	therapy (e.g., nifedipine, diltiazem, and/or topical	
D .	nitroglycerin, bethanechol, etc.)	NI 1 DI 1
Dysport	Migraine: Two oral medications for the prevention of migraines, such as	Neuromuscular Blocker Agent
	Antidepressants (e.g., amitriptyline, fluoxetine,	11gcm
	nortriptyline, etc.)	
	Beta blockers (e.g., propranolol, metoprolol, nadolol,	
	timolol, atenolol, pindolol, etc.)	
	Angiotensin converting enzyme inhibitors/angiotensin II	
	receptor blockers (e.g., lisinopril, candesartan, etc.)	



	Anti-epileptics (e.g., divalproex, valproate, topiramate,	
	etc.)	
	Calcium channels blockers (e.g., verapamil, etc.)	
	Chronic Anal Fissures: Trial of conventional	
	pharmacologic therapy (e.g. nifedipine, diltiazem, and/or	
	topical nitroglycerin, bethanechol, etc.)	
	topical introgrycerini, bethancerion, etc.)	
	Incontinence due to neurogenic detrusor overactivity and	
	OAB: Trial of two medications from either the	
	antimuscarinic or beta-adrenergic classes	
	Severe Primary Axillary Hyperhidrosis: Trial and failure	
	of \geq 1 month of a tropical agent e.g., aluminum chloride,	
	glycopyrronium, etc.	
Myobloc	Migraine: Two oral medications for the prevention of	Neuromuscular Blocker
	migraines, such as:	Agent
	Antidepressants (e.g., amitriptyline, fluoxetine,	
	nortriptyline, etc.)	
	Beta blockers (e.g., propranolol, metoprolol, nadolol, timolol, atenolol, pindolol, etc.)	
	Angiotensin converting enzyme inhibitors/angiotensin II	
	receptor blockers (e.g., lisinopril, candesartan, etc.)	
	Anti-epileptics (e.g., divalproex, valproate, topiramate,	
	etc.)	
	Calcium channels blockers (e.g., verapamil, etc.)	
	Severe Primary Axillary Hyperhidrosis: Trial and failure	
	of ≥ 1 month of a tropical agent e.g., aluminum chloride,	
	glycopyrronium, etc.	
Xeomin	Migraine: Two oral medications for the prevention of	Neuromuscular Blocker
	migraines, such as:	Agent
	Antidepressants (e.g., amitriptyline, fluoxetine,	
	nortriptyline, etc.)	
	Beta blockers (e.g., propranolol, metoprolol, nadolol,	
	timolol, atenolol, pindolol, etc.)	
	Angiotensin converting enzyme inhibitors/angiotensin II	
	receptor blockers (e.g., lisinopril, candesartan, etc.)	
	Anti-epileptics (e.g., divalproex, valproate, topiramate,	
	etc.) Calcium channels blockers (e.g., verapamil, etc.)	
	(-18),	
	Incontinence due to neurogenic detrusor overactivity and	
	OAB: Trial of two medications from either the	
	antimuscarinic or beta-adrenergic classes	
	Severe Primary Axillary Hyperhidrosis: Trial and failure	
	of ≥ 1 month of a tropical agent e.g., aluminum chloride,	
	glycopyrronium, etc.	
Nipent	Chronic or acute graft verse host disease (GVHD): Trial of	Non-Oncology
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Rituxan, Riabni	All indications: Ruxience or Truxima	Non-Oncology
	Rheumatoid Arthritis: One oral disease modifying antirheumatic drug (DMARD) AND at least one preferred tumor necrosis factor (TNF) antagonist (one must be self-injectable) trialed for at least 3 months	
	Lupus Nephritis: Patient has disease that is non-responsive or refractory to standard first line therapy [e.g., mycophenolate mofetil, mycophenolic acid, cyclophosphamide, calcineurin inhibitors (e.g., tacrolimus)]	
	Myasthenia Gravis: Patient is refractory to standard first-line therapy (e.g., glucocorticoids, azathioprine, mycophenolate mofetil, etc.)	
	Systemic Lupus Erythematosus (SLE): Trial of at least two standard therapies such as anti-malarials (i.e. hydroxychloroquine, chloroquine), corticosteroids, non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAIDs), aspirin, or immunosuppressives such as azathioprine, methotrexate,	
	cyclosporine, oral cyclophosphamide, or mycophenolate.	
Avastin Alymsys, Vegzelma	All Oncology Indications: Trial of Mvasi or Zirabev	Oncology
Herceptin and Biosimilars, Herceptin Hylecta	All indications: Kanjinti or Trazimera	Oncology
Khapzory/Fusilev	Osteosarcoma, Colorectal Cancer, and Treatment of a folate antagonist overdose: Trial of leucovorin	Oncology
Rituxan, Rituxan Hycela, Riabni	All indications: Truxima or Ruxience	Oncology
Beovu	Neovascular (wet) age related macular degeneration (AMD): bevacizumab or ranibizumab (Byooviz)	Ophthalmic Agent
	Diabetic Macular Edema (DME) with a baseline visual acuity of 20/50 or worse: bevacizumab or ranibizumab (Lucentis)	
	DME and baseline visual acuity better than 20/50: bevacizumab Diabetic Retinopathy: bevacizumab	
Durysta	Open angle glaucoma or ocular hypertension: Trial of two ophthalmic prostaglandin analogs (e.g., latanoprost, travoprost, tafluprost) and at least one other IOP reducing ophthalmic product from a different medication class, such as beta-blockers, alpha-agonists, and carbonic anhydrase inhibitors (combination therapy should be used if warranted)	Ophthalmic Agent



iDose TR	Open angle glaucoma or ocular hypertension: Trial of two ophthalmic prostaglandin analogs (e.g., latanoprost, travoprost, tafluprost) and at least one other IOP reducing ophthalmic product from a different medication class, such as beta-blockers, alpha-agonists, and carbonic anhydrase inhibitors (combination therapy should be used if	Ophthalmic Agent
Eylea or Pavblu	warranted) Diabetic Macular Edema (DME) with a baseline visual acuity of 20/50 or worse: bevacizumab or ranibizumab (Lucentis)	Ophthalmic Agent
	DME and baseline visual acuity better than 20/50: bevacizumab Diabetic Retinopathy: bevacizumab	
	Diabetic retinopathy (DR) or Retinopathy of Prematurity (ROP): bevacizumab	
	Neovascular (Wet) Age Related Macular Degeneration (AMD), Macular Edema Following Retinal Vein Occlusion (RVO): bevacizumab or ranibizumab (Byooviz)	
Eylea HD	Diabetic Macular Edema (DME) with a baseline visual acuity of 20/50 or worse: bevacizumab or ranibizumab (Lucentis)	Ophthalmic Agent
	DME and baseline visual acuity better than 20/50: bevacizumab Diabetic Retinopathy: bevacizumab	
	Diabetic retinopathy (DR): bevacizumab	
	Neovascular (Wet) Age Related Macular Degeneration (AMD): bevacizumab or ranibizumab (Byooviz)	
	All indications: Trial of Pavblu or Eylea	
Cimerli	Diabetic macular edema and Diabetic retinopathy: bevacizumab	Ophthalmic Agent
	Neovascular (wet) age related macular degeneration, Macular edema due to retinal vein occlusion, or Myopic Choroidal	
Byooviz, Lucentis	Neovascularization: bevacizumab and Byooviz or Lucentis All indications: Bevacizumab	Ophthalmic Agent
Susvimo	Neovascular (wet) age related macular degeneration: responded to at least two intravitreal injections of a VEGF inhibitor medication (e.g., aflibercept, bevacizumab, brolucizumab, ranibizumab); and had an inadequate treatment response with bevacizumab, AND Lucentis (ranibizumab) or Byooviz (ranibizumab) AND Eylea (aflibercept)	Ophthalmic Agent
	Diabetic Macular Edema (DME): responded to at least two intravitreal injections of a VEGF inhibitor medication (e.g., aflibercept, bevacizumab, brolucizumab, ranibizumab); and bevacizumab, AND Lucentis (ranibizumab) AND Eylea (aflibercept)	



Vabysmo	Neovascular (wet) age related macular degeneration (AMD) or Macular edema due to retinal vein occlusion (RVO): bevacizumab and Byooviz (ranibizumab) or Lucentis (ranibizumab)	Ophthalmic Agent
	Diabetic Macular Edema (DME) and baseline visual acuity of 20/50 or worse: bevacizumab or ranibizumab (Lucentis)	
	DME and baseline visual acuity better than 20/50: bevacizumab	
Oxlumo	Trial of at least 3 months of pyridoxine	Primary Hyperoxaluria
Synagis	Contraindication to Beyfortus	Respiratory Syncytial Virus
Signifor LAR	Acromegaly: Trial of Sandostatin LAR (octreotide) or Somatuline Depot (lanreotide)* *For Medicaid members: Trial of Somatuline Depot (lanreotide) only	Somatostatin Analog
Tepezza	Active Thyroid Eye Disease: Intravenous glucocorticoids* • For commercial members ONLY	Ophthalmic Agent
Somatuline Depot	Acromegaly: Trial of lanreotide.	Somatostatin Analog

Per §§ 42 CFR 422.101, this clinical medical policy only applies to INTEGRITY in the absence of National Coverage Determination (NCD) or Local Coverage Determination (LCD)

Investigational use: All therapies are considered investigational when used at a dose or for a condition other than those that are recognized as medically accepted indications as defined in any one of the following standard reference compendia: American Hospital Formulary Service Drug information (AHFS-DI), Thomson Micromedex DrugDex, Clinical Pharmacology, Wolters Kluwer Lexi-Drugs, or Peer-reviewed published medical literature indicating that sufficient evidence exists to support use. Neighborhood does not provide coverage for drugs when used for investigational purposes.

Please call the Pharmacy Help Desk at 1-401-459-6020 for pharmacy authorization requests or for further information on the Neighborhood Medicaid formulary.

Please call Member Services at 1-855-321-9244 for pharmacy authorization requests or for further information on the Neighborhood Commercial formulary.

Policy Rationale: These products were reviewed by the Neighborhood Health Plan of Rhode Island Pharmacy & Therapeutics (P&T) Committee. Neighborhood adopted the following clinical coverage criteria to ensure that its members use them according to Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved labeling



and/or relevant clinical literature. Neighborhood worked with network prescribers and pharmacists to draft these criteria. These criteria will help ensure its members are using this drug for a medically accepted indication, while minimizing the risk for adverse effects and ensuring more cost-effective options are used first, if applicable and appropriate. Neighborhood will give individual consideration to each request it reviews based on the information submitted by the prescriber and other information available to the plan.