

Evolent Clinical Guideline 3023 for Vectibix[™] (panitumumab)

Guideline Number: Evolent_CG_3023	Applicable Codes		
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STATEMENT

Purpose

To define and describe the accepted indications for Vectibix (panitumumab) usage in the treatment of cancer, including FDA approved indications, and off-label indications.

Evolent is responsible for processing all medication requests from network ordering providers. Medications not authorized by Evolent may be deemed as not approvable and therefore not reimbursable.

The use of this drug must be supported by one of the following: FDA approved product labeling, CMS-approved compendia, National Comprehensive Cancer Network (NCCN), American Society of Clinical Oncology (ASCO) clinical guidelines, or peer-reviewed literature that meets the requirements of the CMS Medicare Benefit Policy Manual Chapter 15.

INDICATIONS

Continuation requests for a not-approvable medication shall be exempt from this Evolent policy provided

- The member has not experienced disease progression on the requested medication AND
- The requested medication was used within the last year without a lapse of more than 30 days of having an active authorization AND
- Additional medication(s) are not being added to the continuation request.

Colorectal Cancer

- The member has KRAS/NRAS/BRAF wild-type gene advanced or metastatic colorectal cancer and Vectibix (panitumumab) will be used in ANY of the following clinical settings:
 - In combination with FOLFOX (fluorouracil, leucovorin, and oxaliplatin) or FOLFIRI (fluorouracil, leucovorin, and irinotecan) OR
 - As a single agent or in combination with irinotecan for subsequent therapy following prior chemotherapy for metastatic disease.
 - Xeloda (capecitabine) may be substituted for 5-FU (5-fluorouracil) in the above mentioned 5-FU-based regimens
- Vectibix (panitumumab) may be used as subsequent therapy in combination with Braftovi (encorafenib) for members with unresectable/ metastatic disease (BRAF V600E mutation positive), regardless of KRAS/NRAS status.
- Vectibix (panitumumab) may be used in combination with Lumakras (sotorasib) for the treatment of adult members with KRAS G12C-mutated metastatic colorectal cancer (as determined by an FDA-approved test), who have received prior treatment with fluoropyrimidine-, oxaliplatin-, and irinotecan-based chemotherapy.



CONTRAINDICATIONS/WARNINGS

None

EXCLUSION CRITERIA

- Vectibix (panitumumab) use in member who has disease progression on Vectibix (panitumumab) or who has failed Erbitux (cetuximab).
- Absence of documented KRAS/NRAS/BRAF testing and results of such testing for the above indications.
- Dosing exceeds single dose limit of Vectibix (panitumumab) 6 mg/kg.
- Investigational use of Vectibix (panitumumab) with an off-label indication that is not sufficient in evidence or is not generally accepted by the medical community. Sufficient evidence that is not supported by CMS recognized compendia or acceptable peer reviewed literature is defined as any of the following:
 - Whether the clinical characteristics of the patient and the cancer are adequately represented in the published evidence.
 - Whether the administered chemotherapy/biologic therapy/immune therapy/targeted therapy/other oncologic therapy regimen is adequately represented in the published evidence.
 - Whether the reported study outcomes represent clinically meaningful outcomes experienced by patients. Generally, the definition of Clinically Meaningful outcomes are those recommended by ASCO, e.g., Hazard Ratio of less than 0.80 and the recommended survival benefit for OS and PFS should be at least 3 months.
 - Whether the experimental design, in light of the drugs and conditions under investigation, is appropriate to address the investigative question. (For example, in some clinical studies, it may be unnecessary or not feasible to use randomization, double blind trials, placebos, or crossover).
 - That non-randomized clinical trials with a significant number of subjects may be a basis for supportive clinical evidence for determining accepted uses of drugs.
 - That case reports are generally considered uncontrolled and anecdotal information and do not provide adequate supportive clinical evidence for determining accepted uses of drugs.
 - That abstracts (including meeting abstracts) without the full article from the approved peer-reviewed journals lack supporting clinical evidence for determining accepted uses of drugs.

CODING AND STANDARDS

Codes

• J9303 - Injection, panitumumab, 10 mg



Applicable Lines of Business

CHIP (Children's Health Insurance Program)
Commercial
Exchange/Marketplace
Medicaid
Medicare Advantage

POLICY HISTORY

Date	Summary	
February 2025	 Converted to new Evolent guideline template This guideline replaces UM ONC_1135 Vectibix (panitumumab) Added new indication Updated references 	
October 2024	 Updated NCH verbiage to Evolent Updated "continuation request" verbiage Updated references 	

LEGAL AND COMPLIANCE

Guideline Approval

Committee

Reviewed / Approved by Evolent Specialty Clinical Guideline Review Committee

Disclaimer

Evolent Clinical Guidelines do not constitute medical advice. Treating health care professionals are solely responsible for diagnosis, treatment, and medical advice. Evolent uses Clinical Guidelines in accordance with its contractual obligations to provide utilization management. Coverage for services varies for individual members according to the terms of their health care coverage or government program. Individual members' health care coverage may not utilize some Evolent Clinical Guidelines. A list of procedure codes, services or drugs may not be all inclusive and does not imply that a service or drug is a covered or non-covered service or drug. Evolent reserves the right to review and update this



Clinical Guideline in its sole discretion. Notice of any changes shall be provided as required by applicable provider agreements and laws or regulations. Members should contact their Plan customer service representative for specific coverage information.

REFERENCES

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