

Policy Title:	Medically Administered Step Therapy Policy		
		Department:	РНА
Effective Date:	10/01/2020		
Review Date:	1/1/2020, 9/21/2020, 11/23/2020, 12/28 3/25/21, 4/29/2021, 5/27/2021, 6/24/20 10/28/2021, 12/30/2021, 1/27/2022, 2/2 5/26/2022, 6/30/2022, 7/22/2022, 8/25/ 12/15/2022, 1/26/2023, 2/16/2023, 3/24 5/31/2023, 7/6/2023, 7/27/2023, 8/10/2 10/19/2023, 11/30/2023, 12/27/2023, 5/ 7/26/2024, 8/28/2024, 10/23/2024, 11/2 02/15/2025, 03/19/2025, 04/18/2025	021, 7/29/2021, 9/ 25/2022, 3/24/202 /2022, 9/29/2022, 4/2023, 4/27/2023 2023, 9/14/2023, 9/ 8/2024, 5/29/202	/28/2021, 22, 4/28/2022, , 10/20/2022, 3, 5/19/2023, 9/28/2023, 24, 6/26/2024,

Purpose: To support the use of preferred products that are safe and effective.

Scope: Medicare-Medicaid Plan (MMP)

Policy Statement:

The Medically Administered Step Therapy Policy will provide coverage of preferred medications when it is determined to be medically necessary and is covered under the Medical Benefit when used within the following guidelines. Use outside of these guidelines may result in non-payment unless approved under an exception process.

Procedure:

Coverage of Medically administered drugs will be reviewed prospectively via the prior authorization process based on criteria below.

MMP patients who have previously received the requested medication within the past 365 days are not subject to Step Therapy Requirements.

Medications that Require Step Therapy	Preferred Medication(s)	Class of Medication
Aralast or Glassia	Emphysema due to alpha-1-antitrypsin (AAT) deficiency: Documented failure, intolerance, or contraindication to Prolastin or Zemaira	Alpha-1-Proteinase Inhibitors
Duopa	Trial of all of the following - oral levodopa/carbidopa, a dopamine agonist, a catechol-O-methyl transferase (COMT) inhibitor OR a monoamine oxidase B (MAO)-B inhibitor	Anti- Parkinson Agent
Xenleta	Trial of alternative antibiotic to which the organism is susceptible (i.e., moxifloxacin, levofloxacin, beta-lactam + macrolide, beta-lactam + doxycycline, etc.)	Antibiotic



Linezolid: J2021	All indications: Trial and failure or contraindication to linezolid J2020	Antibiotic
Meropenem: J2184	All indications: Trial and failure or contraindication to meropenem J2183 and J2185	Antibiotic
Vancomycin: J3372	All indications: Trial and failure or contraindication to vancomycin J3371 and J3370	Antibiotic
Heparin: J1643	All indications: Trial and failure or contraindication to heparin J1644	Anticoagulant Agent
Adynovate, Esperoct	Hemophilia A: Trial of one of the following - Advate, Afstyla, Hemofil M, Koate DVI, Kogenate FS, Kovaltry, Novoeight, Nuwiq, Obizur, Recombinate, Xyntha/Xyntha Solofuse	Antihemophilic Agent
Alphanate, Humate-P, Wilate	von Willebrand disease (mild or moderate): Trial of desmopressin	Antihemophilic Agent
Idelvion, Rebinyn	All indications: Trial of one of the following - Alphanine SD, BeneFIX, Ixinity, Mononine, Profilnine, and Rixubis	Antihemophilic Agent
Feiba NF/ Feiba VF	Hemophilia A: has had a trial of Hemlibra	Antihemophilic Agent
Hemlibra	Hemophilia A (congenital factor VIII deficiency) with inhibitors: trial of one of the following bypassing agents - NovoSeven, Feiba	Antihemophilic Agent
	Hemophilia A (congenital factor VIII deficiency) without inhibitors: Patient is not a suitable candidate for treatment with a shorter half-life Factor VIII products at a total weekly dose of 100 IU/kg or less	
Hympavzi	Hemophilia A (congenital factor VIII deficiency) without inhibitors: trial of a factor VIII product (e.g., Advate, Koate/Koate DVI, Hemofil, etc.) and Hemlibra	Antihemophilic Agent
	Hemophilia B (congenital factor IX deficiency) without inhibitors: trial of a factor IX product (e.g., Benefix, Rixubis, Alphanine, etc.)	
Novoseven RT	Hemophilia A: has had a trial of Hemlibra	Antihemophilic Agent
Vonvendi	von Willebrand disease (mild or moderate): Trial of desmopressin	Antihemophilic Agent
Labetalol: J1921	All indications: Trial and failure or contraindication to labetalol J1920	Antihypertensive Agent



Vyepti	Chronic Migraines: trial of two oral medications from two different classes of drugs for the prevention of migraines AND trial of at least 12 weeks of one calcitonin gene- related peptide (CGRP) antagonist (e.g., erenumab, galcanezumab, fremanezumab, etc.) AND two quarterly injections of botulinum toxin	Anti-migraine Agent
	Episodic migraines: trial of two oral medications from two different classes of drugs for the prevention of migraines AND trial of at least 12 weeks of one calcitonin gene- related peptide (CGRP) antagonist (e.g., erenumab, galcanezumab, fremanezumab, etc.)	
Bortezomib: J9048, J9046	All indications: Trial and failure or contraindication to bortezomib J9049, J9051, and J9041	Antineoplastic Agent
Carmustine: J9052	All indications: Trial and failure or contraindication to carmustine J9050	Antineoplastic Agent
Cyclophosphamide: J9074	All indications: Trial and failure or contraindication to cyclophosphamide J9073, J9071, and J9075	Antineoplastic Agent
Fulvestrant: J9394, J9393	All indications: Trial and failure or contraindication to fulvestrant J9395	Antineoplastic Agent
Paclitaxel: J9259	All indications: Trial and failure or contraindication to paclitaxel J9264	Antineoplastic Agent
Pemetrexed: J9304, J9324	All indications: Trial and failure or contraindication to pemetrexed J9296, J9294, J9297, J9314, J9323, and J9305	Antineoplastic Agent
Ganciclovir: J1574	All indications: Trial and failure or contraindication to ganciclovir J1570	Antiviral Agent
Actemra, Tofidence	Rheumatoid Arthritis: Trial of one oral DMARD such as methotrexate, azathioprine, hydroxychloroquine, penicillamine, sulfasalazine, leflunomide, etc.; AND at least a 3-month trial of adalimumab at maximum tolerated doses	Autoimmune
	Juvenile Idiopathic Arthritis: Trial of one NSAID or systemic glucocorticoid (e.g., prednisone, methylprednisolone) AND at least a 3-month trial of adalimumab at maximum tolerated doses	
	Management of Immune Checkpoint Inhibitor related Inflammatory Arthritis: Trial of corticosteroids	
	Giant Cell Arteritis: Trial of glucocorticoid therapy	
	All indications: trial of at least a 3-month trial of Tyenne (tocilizumab-aazg)	



Tyenne	Rheumatoid Arthritis: Trial of one oral DMARD such as methotrexate, azathioprine, hydroxychloroquine, penicillamine, sulfasalazine, leflunomide, etc.; AND at least a 3-month trial of adalimumab at maximum tolerated doses Juvenile Idiopathic Arthritis: Trial of one NSAID or systemic glucocorticoid (e.g., prednisone, methylprednisolone) AND at least a 3-month trial of adalimumab at maximum tolerated doses Management of Immune Checkpoint Inhibitor related Inflammatory Arthritis: Trial of corticosteroids Giant Cell Arteritis: Trial of glucocorticoid therapy	Autoimmune
Cimzia	 Rheumatoid Arthritis: Trial of one oral DMARD such as methotrexate, azathioprine, hydroxychloroquine, sulfasalazine, leflunomide, etc. AND at least a 3-month trial of adalimumab at maximum tolerated doses Ankylosing spondylitis and non-radiographic axial spondyloarthritis: Trial of at least 2 non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAIDs) AND at least a 3-month trial of adalimumab at maximum tolerated doses Crohn's Disease: Trial of at least a 3-month trial of adalimumab or infliximab IV at maximum tolerated doses; AND at least a 6-month trial of ustekinumab at maximum tolerated doses. Plaque Psoriasis: Inadequate response to topical agents, inadequate response to at least one non-biologic systemic agent AND at least a 3-month trial of adalimumab at maximum tolerated doses. Psoriatic Arthritis: Predominantly axial disease: trial and failure of an NSAID Peripheral arthritis or active enthesitis disease: trial of an oral DMARD such as methotrexate, azathioprine, sulfasalazine, hydroxychloroquine, etc At least a 3-month trial of adalimumab at maximum tolerated doses 	Autoimmune



Cosentyx	Psoriatic Arthritis:	Autoimmune
5	- Predominantly axial disease: trial and failure of an	
	NSAID	
	- Peripheral arthritis, dactylitis or active enthesitis	
	disease: trial of an oral DMARD such as	
	methotrexate, azathioprine, sulfasalazine, hydroxychloroquine, etc	
	- At least a 3-month trial of adalimumab at	
	maximum tolerated doses	
	- At least a 6-month trial of ustekinumab at	
	maximum tolerated doses.	
	Ankylosing spondylitis and non-radiographic axial	
	spondyloarthritis: Trial of at least 2 non-steroidal anti-	
	inflammatory drugs (NSAIDs) AND at least a 3-month trial	
	of adalimumab at maximum tolerated doses	
Entyvio	Crohn's Disease: Trial of at least a 3-month trial of	Autoimmune
	adalimumab or infliximab IV at maximum tolerated doses	
	AND at least a 6-month trial of ustekinumab at maximum tolerated doses.	
	tolerated doses.	
	Ulcerative Colitis: Trial of at least a 3-month trial of	
	infliximab IV at maximum tolerated doses AND at least a 6-	
	month trial of ustekinumab at maximum tolerated doses for	
	biologic experienced patients	
Ilaris	Still's Disease and Systemic Juvenile Idiopathic Arthritis:	Autoimmune
	Trial of one oral NSAID OR systemic glucocorticoid (e.g.,	
	prednisone, methylprednisolone)	
	Familial Mediterranean Fever: colchicine	
	i annia medicifatean i evel, colenene	
	Gout Flare: NSAID and colchicine	
Ilumya	Plaque psoriasis: Trial of one of the following -	Autoimmune
	methotrexate, cyclosporine, or acitretin AND to at least a 3-	
	month trial of adalimumab at maximum tolerated doses	
	AND at least a 6-month trial of ustekinumab at maximum tolerated doses	
Omvoh	Ulcerative Colitis: Trial of at least a 3-month trial of	Autoimmune
Onivon	infliximab IV or adalimumab at maximum tolerated AND	Autommune
	at least a 6-month trial of ustekinumab at maximum	
	tolerated doses	
Orencia	Rheumatoid Arthritis: Trial of one oral disease modifying	Autoimmune
	anti-rheumatic agent (DMARD) such as methotrexate,	
	azathioprine, hydroxychloroquine, sulfasalazine, or	
	leflunomide AND at least a 3-month trial of adalimumab at	
	maximum tolerated doses	
	Polyarticular juvenile idiopathic arthritis: Trial of oral non-	
	steroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAIDs) OR an oral	
	disease-modifying anti-rheumatic agent (DMARD) (e.g.,	
	methotrexate, leflunomide, sulfasalazine, etc.) AND at least	
	a 3-month trial of adalimumab at maximum tolerated doses	
	a 3-month trial of adalimumab at maximum tolerated doses Psoriatic Arthritis: For patients with predominantly axial	



Remicade or	trial and failure of at least two non-steroidal anti- inflammatory agents (NSAIDs); OR for patients with peripheral arthritis, a trial and failure of at least a 3 month trial of one oral disease-modifying anti-rheumatic drug (DMARD) such as methotrexate, azathioprine, sulfasalazine, or hydroxychloroquine AND at least a 3- month trial of adalimumab at maximum tolerated doses AND at least a 6-month trial of ustekinumab at maximum tolerated doses Chronic Graft Versus Host Disease: Trial and failure of systemic corticosteroids Management of Immune Checkpoint Inhibitor Related Toxicity: Trial and failure of methylprednisolone All indications: Trial of Inflectra or Avsola, AND Renflexis	Autoimmune
infliximab unbranded Remicade or		Autoimmuno
infliximab unbranded, Renflexis	Rheumatoid Arthritis: Trial of one oral disease modifying anti-rheumatic agent (DMARD)) such as methotrexate, azathioprine, hydroxychloroquine, sulfasalazine, leflunomide, etc; AND used in combination with methotrexate Psoriatic Arthritis: Trial of one NSAID OR Trial of one oral DMARD such as methotrexate, azathioprine hydroxychloroquine, sulfasalazine, etc; Ankylosing Spondylitis: Trial of two NSAIDs Plaque Psoriasis: Trial of one of the following systemic products - immunosuppressives, retinoic acid derivatives, and/or methotrexate	Autoimmune
Renflexis	All indications: Trial of Inflectra or Avsola	Autoimmune
Infliximab SC products: Zymfentra	Crohn's Disease and Ulcerative Colitis: Trial of at least 10 weeks of IV infliximab therapy	Autoimmune
Simponi Aria	Rheumatoid Arthritis: Trial of one oral disease modifying anti-rheumatic agent (DMARD) such as methotrexate, azathioprine, hydroxychloroquine, sulfasalazine, or leflunomide; AND at least a 3-month trial of adalimumab at maximum tolerated doses Psoriatic Arthritis: Trial of one NSAID OR Trial of one oral DMARD such as methotrexate, azathioprine, hydroxychloroquine, sulfasalazine, or leflunomide; AND at least a 3-month trial of adalimumab at maximum tolerated doses AND at least a 6-month trial of ustekinumab at maximum tolerated doses Ankylosing Spondylitis: Trial of two NSAIDs AND at least	Autoimmune



	a 3-month trial of adalimumab at maximum tolerated doses	
	Polyarticular Juvenile Idiopathic Arthritis (pJIA): Trial of oral NSAIDs OR Trial of an oral DMARD such as methotrexate, sulfasalazine, or leflunomide; AND at least a 3-month trial of adalimumab at maximum tolerated doses	
Skyrizi IV	Crohn's disease & Ulcerative Colitis: Trial of at least a 3- month trial of infliximab IV or adalimumab at maximum tolerated doses AND at least a 6-month trial of ustekinumab at maximum tolerated doses	Autoimmune
Ustekinumab IV products: ustekinumab biosimilars	Crohn's Disease: Trial of at least a 3-month trial of infliximab IV or adalimumab at maximum tolerated doses Ulcerative Colitis: Trial of at least a 3-month trial of infliximab IV or adalimumab at maximum tolerated AND at least a 6-month trial of ustekinumab at maximum tolerated doses	Autoimmune
Stelara	All indications: At least a 6-month trial of ustekinumab at maximum tolerated doses	Autoimmune
Tremfya IV	Ulcerative Colitis: Trial of at least a 3-month trial of infliximab IV or adalimumab at maximum tolerated AND at least a 6-month trial of ustekinumab at maximum tolerated doses	Autoimmune
Evenity	Osteoporosis: bisphosphonates (oral and/or IV) such as alendronate, risedronate, ibandronate, or zoledronic acid AND RANKL-blocking agents such as denosumab	Bone Modifying Agent
Prolia	Trial of Zometa/Reclast or Aredia	Bone Modifying Agent
Xgeva	Trial of Zometa/Reclast or Aredia	Bone Modifying Agent
Parsabiv	Hyperparathyroidism secondary to chronic kidney disease: Trial of cinacalcet	Calcimimetic
Miacalcin	 Hypercalcemic emergency: Trial of cinacalcet Paget's disease: trial of both of the following - alendronate and pamidronate Postmenopausal osteoporosis: Trial of two of the following - zoledronic acid, alendronate, teriparatide, Prolia (denosumab), Xgeva (denosumab) 	Calcitonin



Evkeeza	Homozygous Familial Hypercholesterolemia (HoFH): At least a 3-month trial of adherent therapy with: ezetimibe used in combination with the highest available dose of atorvastatin OR rosuvastatin and tried and failed at least a 3- month trial of adherent therapy with: combination therapy consisting of the highest available dose of atorvastatin OR rosuvastatin, ezetimibe, AND a PSCK9 inhibitor indicated for HoFH (e.g., evolocumab, alirocumab)	Cardiology
Leqvio	Atherosclerotic cardiovascular disease (ASCVD) and : Heterozygous Familial Hypercholesterolemia (HeFH): trial of highest available dose or maximally-tolerated dose* of high intensity HMG-CoA reductase inhibitors (i.e., 'statin' therapy: atorvastatin 40 mg or 80 mg daily, rosuvastatin 20 mg or 40 mg daily, or simvastatin 80 mg daily); and has been adherent to ezetimibe used concomitantly with a statin at maximally tolerated dose for at least three months, and inadequate treatment response, intolerance or contraindication to treatment with PCSK9 inhibitor therapy for at least 3 months	Cardiology
Abecma	Relapsed/Refractory multiple myeloma: progressed on 4 or more lines of therapy AND refractory to an immunomodulatory agent (e.g., lenalidomide, thalidomide, pomalidomide), a proteasome inhibitor (e.g., bortezomib, carfilzomib, ixazomib), and an anti-CD38 monoclonal antibody (e.g., daratumumab, isatuximab).	CAR-T Immunotherapy
Kymriah	 Pediatric and Young Adult Relapsed or Refractory (r/r) B-cell Acute Lymphoblastic Leukemia (ALL): Member has relapsed/refractory Philadelphia chromosome-negative B-ALL that has progressed after 2 cycles of a standard chemotherapy regimen for initial diagnosis OR after 1 cycle of standard chemotherapy for relapsed leukemia OR member with relapsed/refractory Philadelphia chromosome-positive B-ALL that has progressed after failure of 2 prior regimens, including a TKI-containing regimen Adult Relapsed or Refractory (r/r) Large B-cell Lymphoma: For diffuse large B-cell lymphoma arising from follicular lymphoma, high-grade B- cell lymphoma: Member has previously received at least 2 lines of therapy including rituximab and an anthracycline 	CAR-T Immunotherapy
Yescarta	Non-Hodgkin Lymphomas (chemotherapy – refractory disease): trial and failure of two or more lines of systemic chemotherapy OR for DLBCL, failure of 2 or more lines of systemic chemotherapy, including rituximab and an	CAR-T Immunotherapy



	anthracycline	
	Follicular Lymphoma: trial of 2 or more lines of systemic therapies, including the combination of an anti-CD20 monoclonal antibody and an alkylating agent (e.g., R- bendamustine, R-CHOP, R-CVP)	
Prevymis IV	Prevymis Oral Tablet	CMV Prophylaxis
Amondys 45	All indications: Trial of corticosteroids	Duchenne Muscular Dystrophy
Exondys 51	All indications: Trial of corticosteroids	Duchenne Muscular Dystrophy
Viltepso	All indications: trial of corticosteroids	Duchenne Muscular Dystrophy
Vyondys 53	All indications: Trial of corticosteroids and Viltepso	Duchenne Muscular Dystrophy
Elevidys	All Indications: Stable dose of a corticosteroid prior to the start of therapy	Duchenne Muscular Dystrophy
VPRIV, Elelyso	All indications: Trial of Cerezyme	Enzyme Replacement
Nexviazyme	Trial of Lumizyme for members <30kg that require a dose of 40 mg/kg	Enzyme
Pombiliti and Opfolda	Trial of Lumizyme or Nexviazyme	Enzyme
Casgevy	Sickle Cell Disease: Trial of hydroxyurea and formulary add- on therapy (e.g., Adakveo)	Gene Therapy
Lyfgenia	Sickle Cell Disease: Trial of hydroxyurea and formulary add- on therapy (e.g., Adakveo)	Gene Therapy
	Patient has a contraindication to or is not indicated for treatment with Casgevy (exagamglogene autotemcel)	
Krystexxa	All indications: Trial of Allopurinol or Probenecid	Gout
Aranesp	All indications: Trial of Retacrit	Hematopoetic Agent
Long-Acting Colony Stimulating Factors – Non-Preferred: Fulphila, Nyvepria, Ziextenzo, Fylnetra, Rolvedon, Stimufend (Oncology and Non- Oncology)	All approved indications: Trial of Neulasta, Neulasta Onpro, or Udenyca	Hematopoetic Agent
Mircera	All indications: Trial of Retacrit	Hematopoetic Agent
Nplate	Chronic immune (idiopathic) thrombocytopenia: Trial of one of the following – corticosteroids (e.g., prednisone, methylprednisolone) and/or immunoglobulins and/or rituximab	Hematopoetic Agent
Procrit, Epogen	All indications: Trial of Retacrit	Hematopoetic Agent



Short Acting Colony Stimulating Factors: Nivestym, Neupogen, Granix, Releuko (Oncology and Non Oncology)	All indications: Trail of Zarxio	Hematopoetic Agent
Berinert	Trial of high dose antihistamine (e.g., cetirizine) for members with normal C1 inhibitor levels and a family history of angioedema without genetic testing	Hereditary Angioedema
Cinryze	 All indications: Trial of "on-demand" therapy (i.e., Kalbitor, Firazyr, Ruconest, or Berinert) HAE with normal C1INH: trial of prophylactic therapy with an antifibrinolytic agent (e.g., tranexamic acid (TXA) or aminocaproic acid) and/or a 17α-alkylated androgen (e.g., danazol) 	Hereditary Angioedema
Haegarda	Trial of high dose antihistamine (e.g., cetirizine) for members with normal C1 inhibitor levels and a family history of angioedema without genetic testing	Hereditary Angioedema
Kalbitor	Trial of high dose antihistamine (e.g., cetirizine) for members with normal C1 inhibitor levels and a family history of angioedema without genetic testing	Hereditary Angioedema
Ruconest	Trial of high-dose antihistamine (e.g., cetirizine) for members with normal C1 inhibitor levels and a family history of angioedema without genetic testing	Hereditary Angioedema
Testopel	All indications: Trial of one topical testosterone product (patch or gel) AND Trial of one injectable testosterone such as testosterone cypionate injection or testosterone enanthate injection	Hormone Replacement
Serostim	HIV wasting: At least three alternative therapies such as cyproheptadine, dronabinol, megestrol acetate or testosterone therapy if hypogonadal	Hormone Therapy
Fensolvi	Central Precocious Puberty: Trial of Lupron Depot-Ped AND either Triptodur or Supprelin LA	Hormone Therapy
Triptodur	Central Precocious Puberty: Trial of Trelstar Gender Dysphoria: Trial of Lupron Depot	Hormone Therapy
Trogarzo	Patient has heavily treated multi-drug resistant disease, confirmed by resistance testing, to at least one drug in at least three classes (NRTI, NNRTI, PI)	Human Immunodeficiency Virus
Euflexxa	All indications: Trial of nonsteroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAIDs), acetaminophen (up to 1 g 4 times/day) and/or topical capsaicin cream, and intra-articular steroids	Hyaluronic Acid



Durolane, Gel-One, Gelsyn, GenVisc 850, Hyalgan, Hymovis, Monovisc, Orthovisc, Supartz/Supartz FX, Synojoynt, Synvisc, Synvisc-One, Triluron, Trivisc, &Visco-3	All indications: Trial of nonsteroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAIDs), acetaminophen (up to 1 g 4 times/day) and/or topical capsaicin cream, and intra-articular steroids and Euflexxa	Hyaluronic Acid
Crysvita	Adult patients with X-linked hypophosphatemia: Trial of an oral phosphate and active vitamin D analogs (e.g., calcitriol, paricalcitol, doxercalciferol, calcifediol)	Hypophosphatemia
Cuvitru, Cutaquig, Xembify, Hizentra or Hyqvia (Subcutaneous IG)	All indications: Trial of one of the following - Gammaked/Gamunex-C or Gammagard liquid	Immune Globulins
Intravenous Immune Globulins: Asceniv, Alyglo,Bivigam, Gammagard S/D, Gammaplex, Privigen or Panzyga	 All indications: Gammaked/Gamunex-C, Gammagard liquid, Flebogamma/Flebogamma DIF, or Octagam IgG Subclass Deficiency: patient is receiving prophylactic antibiotic therapy Myasthenia Gravis: patient is failing on conventional immunosuppressant therapy alone (e.g., corticosteroids, azathioprine, cyclosporine, mycophenolate, methotrexate, tacrolimus, cyclophosphamide, etc.) Dermatomyositis or Polymyositis: Trial of one corticosteroid AND one immunosuppressant (e.g., methotrexate, azathioprine) Chronic Inflammatory Demyelinating Polyneuropathy: Trial of one corticosteroid Stiff-Person syndrome: Trial of two of the following - benzodiazepines, baclofen, gabapentin, valproate, tiagabine, or levetiracetam Autoimmune Mucocutaneous Blistering Diseases: corticosteroids and concurrent immunosuppressive treatment (e.g., azathioprine, cyclophosphamide, 	Immune Globulins
Monoferric	mycophenolate mofetil, etc.) Trial of Injectafer or Feraheme	Iron Agent
Benlysta	Systemic Lupus Erythematosus: Trial of two standard therapies such as antimalarials, corticosteroids, non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drugs, or immunosuppressives	Iron Agent Lupus
	Lupus Nephritis: Trial of standard therapies including corticosteroids AND either cyclophosphamide or mycophenolate mofetil	



Saphnelo	Trial of two standard of care therapy such as antimalarials, corticosteroids, non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drugs, or immunosuppressives and trial of Benlysta	Lupus
Probuphine	All indications: Trial of one of the following - Buprenorphine/naloxone, buprenorphine	Medication Assisted Treatment
Sublocade	All indications: Trial of one of the following - Buprenorphine/naloxone, buprenorphine	Medication Assisted Treatment
Brixadi	All indications: initiated therapy with transmucosal buprenorphine or is transitioning from another buprenorphine-containing treatment	Medication Assisted Treatment
Rebyota	Trial of Zinplava or fecal microbiota transplantation (FMT) from a reputable source	Microbiota
Cinqair	Asthma: Trial of Inhaled corticosteroid; AND an additional controller medication (long-acting beta 2-agonist, long- acting muscarinic antagonists, or leukotriene modifier,); AND Nucala or Fasenra	Monoclonal Antibody
Fasenra	Asthma: Trial of Inhaled corticosteroid AND an additional controller medication (long-acting beta 2-agonist, long- acting muscarinic antagonists, or leukotriene modifier). Eosinophilic granulomatosis with polyangiitis (EGPA): Trial with oral corticosteroids with or without immunosuppressive therapy	Monoclonal Antibody
Nucala	Asthma: Trial of a medium – high dose inhaled corticosteroid; AND an additional controller medication (long-acting beta 2-agonist, long-acting muscarinic antagonists, leukotriene modifier, etc.)	Monoclonal Antibody
	Eosinophilic granulomatosis with polyangiitis: Trial of oral corticosteroids for at least 4 weeks	
	Hypereosinophilic Syndrome (HES): trail of at least one other HES therapy, such as oral corticosteroids, immunosuppressive agents, cytotoxic therapy, etc.	
	Chronic Rhinosinusitis with Nasal Polyps: Trial of intranasal corticosteroid therapy for at least 8 weeks; AND Patient has received ≥ 2 courses of systemic corticosteroids per year or > 3 months of low dose corticosteroids	
Soliris	Myasthenia Gravis: – Trial of the following –minimum one-year trial of concurrent use with two (2) or more immunosuppressive therapies (e.g., corticosteroids plus an immunosuppressant such as azathioprine, methotrexate, cyclosporine, mycophenylate, etc.) OR Patient has required at least one acute or chronic treatment with plasmapheresis or plasma exchange (PE) or intravenous immunoglobulin (IVIG) in addition to immunosuppressant therapy. Additionally, the patient must have an inadequate response or contraindication to both ravulizumab (Ultomiris) AND	Monoclonal Antibody



	efgartigimod IV (Vyvgart IV).	
	Neuromyelitis optica spectrum disorder (NMOSD): Trial of Ultorimis and Uplizna	
Rystiggo	Myasthenia Gravis:	Monoclonal Antibody
	Trial of one of the following based on their antibodies:	
	• <u>AChR+ disease</u> : a minimum one-year trial of	
	concurrent use with two (2) or more	
	immunosuppressive therapies (e.g., corticosteroids	
	plus an immunosuppressant such as azathioprine,	
	cyclosporine, mycophenolate, etc.); OR	
	• <u>MuSK+ disease</u> : a minimum one-year trial with	
	immunosuppressive therapy (e.g., corticosteroids,	
	azathioprine, or mycophenolate) and rituximab;	
	OR	
	Patient required at least one acute or chronic treatment with plasmapheresis or plasma exchange (PE) or intravenous immunoglobulin (IVIG) in addition to immunosuppressant therapy	
Xolair	Chronic idiopathic urticaria: scheduled dosing of a second- generation H1 antihistamine for at least one month; AND inadequate response with scheduled dosing of one of the following: Updosing/dose advancement (up to 4-fold) of a second-generation H1 antihistamine, add-on therapy with a leukotriene antagonist (e.g., montelukast), add-on therapy with another H1 antihistamine or add-on therapy with a H2-antagonist.	Monoclonal Antibody
	Asthma: Trial of Inhaled corticosteroid; AND an additional controller medication (long acting beta 2-agonist, long-acting muscarinic antagonists or leukotriene modifier)	
	Chronic Rhinosinusitis with Nasal Polyps : Trial of intranasal corticosteroid therapy for at least 8 weeks; AND Patient has received at least one course of treatment with a systemic corticosteroid for 5 days or more within the previous 2 years	
Ultomiris	Myasthenia Gravis:	Monoclonal Antibody
	Trial of the following –	
	minimum one-year trial of concurrent use with two (2) or	
	more immunosuppressive therapies (e.g., corticosteroids plus an immunosuppressant such as azathioprine,	
	methotrexate, cyclosporine, mycophenolate, etc.) OR	
	Patient has required at least one acute or chronic treatment	
	with plasmapheresis or plasma exchange (PE) or	
	intravenous immunoglobulin (IVIG) in addition to	
	immunosuppressant therapy. Additionally, the patient must have an inadequate response or contraindication to	
	efgartigimod IV (Vyvgart IV).	
	- 0 0	



This requirement ONLY applies to Medicaid members ultiple Sclerosis: Trial of Tysabri and Ocrevus ultiple Sclerosis: Trial of Tysabri and Ocrevus	Multiple Sclerosis Multiple Sclerosis
ultiple Sclerosis: Trial of Tysabri and Ocrevus	
	Multiple Sclerosis
rohn's Disease: Trial of of at least a 3-month trial of fliximab IV or adalimumab at maximum tolerated AND least a 6-month trial of ustekinumab at maximum lerated doses	Crohn's
yasthenia Gravis: Trial of the following – inimum six month trial of concurrent use with two (2) or ore immunosuppressive therapies (e.g., corticosteroids us an immunosuppressant such as azathioprine, ethotrexate, cyclosporine, mycophenolate, etc.) OR titent has required at least one acute or chronic treatment th plasmapheresis or plasma exchange (PE) or travenous immunoglobulin (IVIG) in addition to imunosuppressant therapy yogart Hytrulo ONLY: pronic Inflammatory Demyelinating polyneuropathy: Trial fat least 3-month trial of immunoglobulin (IG) or	Myasthenia Gravis
igraine: 8-week trial of two oral medications for the evention of migraines, such as ntidepressants (e.g., amitriptyline, fluoxetine, nortriptyline, c.) eta blockers (e.g., propranolol, metoprolol, nadolol, nolol, atenolol, pindolol, etc.) ngiotensin converting enzyme inhibitors/angiotensin II ceptor blockers (e.g., lisinopril, candesartan, etc.) nti-epileptics (e.g., divalproex, valproate, topiramate, etc.) ilcium channels blockers (e.g., verapamil, etc.) etinary incontinence and OAB: Trial of two medications om either the antimuscarinic or beta-adrenergic classes	Neuromuscular Blocker Agent
	liximab IV or adalimumab at maximum tolerated AND least a 6-month trial of ustekinumab at maximum lerated doses yasthenia Gravis: Trial of the following – nimum six month trial of concurrent use with two (2) or ore immunosuppressive therapies (e.g., corticosteroids as an immunosuppressant such as azathioprine, ethotrexate, cyclosporine, mycophenolate, etc.) OR tient has required at least one acute or chronic treatment th plasmapheresis or plasma exchange (PE) or ravenous immunoglobulin (IVIG) in addition to munosuppressant therapy vogart Hytrulo ONLY: monic Inflammatory Demyelinating polyneuropathy: Trial at least 3-month trial of immunoglobulin (IG) or asma exchange therapy figraine: 8-week trial of two oral medications for the evention of migraines, such as midepressants (e.g., amitriptyline, fluoxetine, nortriptyline, c.) the blockers (e.g., propranolol, metoprolol, nadolol, nolol, atenolol, pindolol, etc.) ngiotensin converting enzyme inhibitors/angiotensin II ceptor blockers (e.g., divalproex, valproate, topiramate, etc.) tit-epileptics (e.g., divalproex, valproate, topiramate, etc.) dicium channels blockers (e.g., verapamil, etc.)



Chronic Anal Fissures: T therapy (e.g., nifedipine, nitroglycerin, bethanecho	etc.) genic detrusor overactivity and
antimuscarinic or beta-actMyoblocMigraine: two oral medicmigraines, such asAntidepressants (e.g., ametc.)Beta blockers (e.g., propritimolol, atenolol, pindoloAngiotensin converting ereceptor blockers (e.g., ling	energic classes ions for the prevention of iptyline, fluoxetine, nortriptyline, colol, metoprolol, nadolol, etc.) zyme inhibitors/angiotensin II copril, candesartan, etc.) coex, valproate, topiramate, etc.)
migraines, such as Antidepressants (e.g., am etc.) Beta blockers (e.g., propri timolol, atenolol, pindolo Angiotensin converting e receptor blockers (e.g., li Anti-epileptics (e.g., diva Calcium channels blocker	zyme inhibitors/angiotensin II iopril, candesartan, etc.) coex, valproate, topiramate, etc.) (e.g., verapamil, etc.) genic detrusor overactivity and ions from either the
Avastin, Alymsys, All Oncology Indications Vegzelma	
Herceptin and All indications: Kanjinti o Biosimilars, Herceptin Hylecta	Trazimera Oncology
Khapzory/Fusilev Osteosarcoma, Colorecta Treatment of a folate ant leucovorin	
Nipent Chronic or acute graft ve corticosteroids	e host disease (GVHD): Trial of Oncology



Rituxan Hycela	All indications: Ruxience or Truxima	Oncology
Rituxan, Riabni	All indications: Ruxience or Truxima	Oncology
	Rheumatoid Arthritis: one oral disease modifying antirheumatic drug (DMARD) (e.g., methotrexate, azathioprine, hydroxychloroquine, sulfasalazine, leflunomide, etc.) AND at least one preferred tumor	
	necrosis factor (TNF) antagonist (one must be self- injectable)	
	Lupus Nephritis: Trial of standard first line therapy [e.g., mycophenolate mofetil, mycophenolic acid, cyclophosphamide, calcineurin inhibitors (e.g., tacrolimus)]	
	Systemic Lupus Erythematosus (SLE): Trial of at least two standard therapies such as anti-malarials (i.e. hydroxychloroquine, chloroquine), corticosteroids, non- steroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAIDs), aspirin, or	
	immunosuppressives such as azathioprine, methotrexate, cyclosporine, oral cyclophosphamide, or mycophenolate. Myasthenia Gravis: Trial of standard first line therapy (e.g.,	
Beovu	glucocorticoids, azathioprine, mycophenolate mofetil, etc.) Neovascular (wet) age related macular degeneration (AMD): bevacizumab or ranibizumab (Byooviz)	Ophthalmic Agent
	Diabetic Macular Edema (DME) with a baseline visual acuity of 20/50 or worse: bevacizumab or ranibizumab (Lucentis)	
	DME and baseline visual acuity better than 20/50: bevacizumab Diabetic Retinopathy: bevacizumab	
Durysta	Open angle glaucoma or ocular hypertension: Trial of two ophthalmic prostaglandin analogs (e.g., latanoprost) and at least one other IOP reducing ophthalmic product from a different medication class, such as beta-blockers, alpha-agonists, and carbonic anhydrase inhibitors (combination therapy should be	Ophthalmic Agent
iDose TR	used if warranted)Open angle glaucoma or ocular hypertension:Trial of two ophthalmic prostaglandin analogs (e.g.,latanoprost) and at least one other IOP reducingophthalmic product from a different medication class, suchas beta-blockers, alpha-agonists, and carbonic anhydraseinhibitors (combination therapy should be used ifwarranted)	Ophthalmic Agent
Eylea	Diabetic Macular Edema (DME) with a baseline visual acuity of 20/50 or worse: bevacizumab or ranibizumab (Lucentis)	Ophthalmic Agent
	DME and baseline visual acuity better than 20/50: bevacizumab Diabetic Retinopathy: bevacizumab	



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	Diabetic retinopathy (DR) or Retinopathy of Prematurity (ROP): bevacizumab	
	Neovascular (Wet) Age Related Macular Degeneration (AMD), Macular Edema Following Retinal Vein Occlusion(RVO): bevacizumab or ranibizumab (Byooviz)	
Eylea HD	Diabetic Macular Edema (DME) with a baseline visual acuity of 20/50 or worse: bevacizumab or ranibizumab (Lucentis)	Ophthalmic Agent
	DME and baseline visual acuity better than 20/50: bevacizumab Diabetic Retinopathy: bevacizumab	
	Diabetic retinopathy (DR): bevacizumab	
	Neovascular (Wet) Age Related Macular Degeneration (AMD): bevacizumab or ranibizumab (Byooviz)	
	All indications: Trial of Eylea	
Cimerli	Diabetic macular edema and Diabetic retinopathy: bevacizumab Neovascular (wet) age related macular degeneration, Macular edema due to retinal vein occlusion, or Myopic Choroidal Neovascularization: bevacizumab and Byooviz or Lucentis	Ophthalmic Agent
Byooviz, Lucentis	All indications: Bevacizumab	Ophthalmic Agent
Susvimo	Neovascular (wet) age related macular degeneration: responded to at least two intravitreal injections of a VEGF inhibitor medication (e.g., aflibercept, bevacizumab, brolucizumab, ranibizumab); and had an inadequate treatment response with bevacizumab, Byooviz (ranibizumab) AND Eylea (aflibercept)	Ophthalmic Agent
Vabysmo	Neovascular (wet) age related macular degeneration (AMD) or Macular edema due to retinal vein occlusion (RVO): bevacizumab and Byooviz (ranibizumab)	Ophthalmic Agent
	Diabetic Macular Edema (DME) and baseline visual acuity of 20/50 or worse: bevacizumab or ranibizumab (Lucentis) DME and baseline visual acuity better than 20/50: bevacizumab	
Tepezza	Active Thyroid Eye Disease: Intravenous glucocorticoids	Ophthalmic Agent
Oxlumo	Trial of at least 3 months of pyridoxine	Primary Hyperoxaluria
Synagis	Contraindication to Beyfortus	Respiratory Syncytial Virus



Signifor LAR	Acromegaly: Trial of Sandostatin LAR (octreotide) or Somatuline Depot (lanreotide)	Somatostatin Analog
Somatuline Depot	Acromegaly: Trial of lanreotide.	Somatostatin Analog

Per §§ 42 CFR 422.101, this clinical medical policy only applies to INTEGRITY in the absence of National Coverage Determination (NCD) or Local Coverage Determination (LCD).

Investigational use: All therapies are considered investigational when used at a dose or for a condition other than those that are recognized as medically accepted indications as defined in any one of the following standard reference compendia: American Hospital Formulary Service Drug information (AHFS-DI), Thomson Micromedex DrugDex, Clinical Pharmacology, Wolters Kluwer Lexi-Drugs, or Peer-reviewed published medical literature indicating that sufficient evidence exists to support use. Neighborhood does not provide coverage for drugs when used for investigational purposes.

For additional information on the step therapy process, please call member services at 1-844-812-6896 for INTEGRITY (Medicare Medicaid Plan) members.

Policy Rationale: These products were reviewed by the Neighborhood Health Plan of Rhode Island Pharmacy & Therapeutics (P&T) Committee. Neighborhood adopted the following clinical coverage criteria to ensure that its members use them according to Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved labeling and/or relevant clinical literature. Neighborhood worked with network prescribers and pharmacists to draft these criteria. These criteria will help ensure its members are using this drug for a medically accepted indication, while minimizing the risk for adverse effects and ensuring more cost-effective options are used first, if applicable and appropriate. For INTEGRITY (Medicare-Medicaid Plan) members, these coverage criteria will only apply in the absence of National Coverage Determination (NCD) or Local Coverage Determination (LCD) criteria. Neighborhood will give individual consideration to each request it reviews based on the information submitted by the prescriber and other information available to the plan.