Reviewed: 01/2022, 3/2023, 2/2024, 2/2025 Scope: Medicaid

#### SPECIALTY GUIDELINE MANAGEMENT

### TAVNEOS (avacopan)

### **POLICY**

### I. INDICATIONS

The indications below including FDA-approved indications and compendial uses are considered a covered benefit provided that all the approval criteria are met, and the member has no exclusions to the prescribed therapy.

### FDA-Approved Indication

Adjunctive treatment of adult patients with severe active anti-neutrophil cytoplasmic autoantibody (ANCA)-associated vasculitis (granulomatosis with polyangiitis [GPA] and microscopic polyangiitis [MPA]) in combination with standard therapy including glucocorticoids. Tavneos does not eliminate glucocorticoid use.

All other indications are considered experimental/investigational and not covered benefits.

### II. CRITERIA FOR INITIAL APPROVAL

# Anti-neutrophil cytoplasmic autoantibody (ANCA)-associated vasculitis (granulomatosis with polyangiitis [GPA] and microscopic polyangiitis [MPA])

Authorization of 6 months may be granted for treatment of severe active ANCA-associated vasculitis (GPA and MPA) when all of the following are met:

- A. Documentation that Tavneos will be used in combination with standard therapy (e.g., cyclophosphamide, azathioprine, mycophenolate, rituximab)
- B. Documentation that the member is positive for anti-PR3 or anti-MPO antibody
- C. Documentation that the pre-treatment Birmingham Vasculitis Activity Score (BVAS) version 3 demonstrates the presence of at least one major item, or at least three non-major items, or at least two renal items of hematuria and proteinuria (refer to Appendix)

### III. CONTINUATION OF THERAPY

Authorization of 6 months may be granted for continued treatment for severe active ANCA-associated vasculitis (GPA and MPA) in members with documentation who achieve or maintain positive clinical response as evidenced by stabilization or improvement in the BVAS and the member has not received more than 12 months of therapy with Tavneos.

### IV. QUANTITY LIMIT

Tavneos 10mg capsules: 6 capsules a day

## V. APPENDIX

# Birmingham Vasculitis Activity Score (version 3)

\*Major items are indicated in bold italics

*Major items are indicated in bold italics	
General	Cardiovascular
Myalgia	<ul> <li>Loss of pulses</li> </ul>
Arthralgia/ arthritis	Valvular heart disease
• Fever ≥ 38 °C	Pericarditis
<ul> <li>Weight loss ≥ 2 kg</li> </ul>	Ischemic cardiac pain
	<ul> <li>Cardiomyopathy</li> </ul>
	Congestive cardiac failure
Cutaneous	Abdominal
• Infarct	Peritonitis
Purpura	Bloody diarrhea
• Ulcer	• Ischemic abdominal pain
• Gangrene	_
Other skin vasculitis	
Mucous membranes/ eyes	Renal
Mouth ulcers	Hypertension
<ul> <li>Genital ulcers</li> </ul>	• Proteinuria $> 1 + \text{ or } > 0.2 \text{ g/g}$ creatinine
<ul> <li>Adnexal inflammation</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Hematuria ≥ 10 RBCs/hpf</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Significant proptosis</li> </ul>	• Serum creatinine 125-249 μmol/L (1.41-
• Scleritis/Episcleritis	2.82 mg/dL)
Conjunctivitis/ Blepharitis/ Keratitis	• Serum creatinine 250-499 μmol/L (2.83-
Blurred vision	5.64 mg/dL)
<ul> <li>Sudden vision loss</li> </ul>	• Serum creatinine ≥ 500 μmol/L (5.65
• Uveitis	mg/dL)
Retinal changes (vasculitis/	• Rise in serum creatinine > 30% or fall in
thrombosis/ exudate/ hemorrhage	creatinine clearance > 25%
Ear Nose & Throat	Nervous System
Bloody nasal discharge/ crusts/ ulcers/	Headache
granulomata	Meningitis
Paranasal sinus involvement	Seizures (not hypertensive)
Subglottic stenosis	Cerebrovascular accident
• Conductive hearing loss	Organic confusion
Sensorineural hearing loss	Spinal cord lesion
	Cranial nerve palsy
	Sensory peripheral neuropathy
	Mononeuritis multiplex
Chest	Other
Wheeze     Nathalana and iting	RBC casts and/or glomerulonephritis
<ul> <li>Nodules or cavities</li> </ul>	

	Scope: Medicaid
Pleural effusion/ pleurisy	
Infiltrate	
Endobronchial involvement	
Massive hemoptysis/ alveolar	
hemorrhage	

Effective date: 04/01/2022 Reviewed: 01/2022, 3/2023,

2/2024, 2/2025

### VI. REFERENCES

Respiratory failure

- 1. Tavneos [package insert]. Cincinnati, OH: ChemoCentryx, Inc.; December 2024.
- 2. American College of Rheumatology. 2021 American college of rheumatology/vasculitis foundation guideline for the management of antineutrophil cytoplasmic antibody-associated vasculitis. *Arthritis & Rheumatology*. Https://www.vasculitisfoundation.org/wp-content/uploads/2021/07/2021-ACR-VF-Guideline-for-Management-of-ANCA-Associated-Vasculitis.pdf. Accessed October 21, 2021.
- 3. Geetha D, Jefferson JA. ANCA-Associated vasculitis: Core curriculum 2020. *Am J Kidney Dis.* 75(1): 124-137.
- 4. Jayne DRW, Merkel PA, Schall TJ et al. Avacopan for the treatment of ANCA-associated vasculitis [supplemental appendix]. N Engl J Med. 2021; 384:599-609. DOI: 10.1056/NEJMoa2023386. https://www.nejm.org/doi/suppl/10.1056/NEJMoa2023386/suppl\_file/nejmoa2023386\_appendix. pdf. Accessed October 28, 2021.