

Policy Title:	Medically Administered Step Therapy Policy		
	Department: PHA		РНА
Effective Date:	10/01/2020		
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Purpose: To support the use of preferred products that are safe and effective.

Scope: Medicaid and Commercial

Policy Statement:

The Medically Administered Step Therapy Policy will provide coverage of preferred medications when it is determined to be medically necessary and is covered under the Medical Benefit when used within the following guidelines. Use outside of these guidelines may result in non-payment unless approved under an exception process.

Procedure:

Coverage of Medically administered drugs will be reviewed prospectively via the prior authorization process based on criteria below.

Medications that Require Step Therapy	Preferred Medication(s)	Class of Medication
Aralast, Glassia, Zemaira	Emphysema due to alpha-1-antitrypsin (AAT) deficiency: For Commercial patients ONLY: Documented failure, intolerance, or contraindication to Prolastin	Alpha-1-Proteinase Inhibitors
Duopa	Trial of all of the following - oral levodopa/carbidopa, a dopamine agonist, a catechol-O-methyl transferase (COMT) inhibitor OR a monoamine oxidase B (MAO)-B inhibitor	Anti- Parkinson Agent
Xenleta	Trial of alternative antibiotic to which the organism is susceptible (i.e., moxifloxacin, levofloxacin, beta-lactam + macrolide, beta-lactam + doxycycline, etc.)	Antibiotic
Adynovate, Eloctate, Jivi, Esperoct, Altuviio	Hemophilia A: Trial of one of the following - Advate, Afstyla, Hemofil M, Koate DVI, Kogenate FS, Kovaltry, Novoeight, Nuwiq, Obizur, Recombinate, Xyntha/Xyntha Solofuse	Antihemophilic Agent
Alphanate, Humate-P, Wilate	von Willebrand disease (mild or moderate): Trial of desmopressin	Antihemophilic Agent



Alprolix, Idelvion, Rebinyn	All indications: Trial of one of the following - Alphanine SD, Bebulin, BeneFIX, Ixinity, Mononine, Profilnine, and Rixubis	Antihemophilic Agent
FEIBA NF/ FEIBA	Hemophilia A: Has had a trial of Hemlibra	Antihemophilic Agent
VF Hemlibra	Hemophilia A (congenital factor VIII deficiency) with inhibitors: Trial of one of the following bypassing agents - NovoSeven, FEIBA Hemophilia A (congenital factor VIII deficiency) without inhibitors: Patient is not a suitable candidate for treatment with a shorter half-life Factor VIII (recombinant) products at a total weekly dose of 100 IU/kg or less	Antihemophilic Agent
Novoseven RT	Hemophilia A: Has had a trial of Hemlibra	Antihemophilic Agent
Roctavian	Hemophilia A: Patient is on a stable dose of regularly administered exogenous factor VIII	Antihemophilic Agent
Vonvendi	von Willebrand disease (mild or moderate): Trial of desmopressin	Antihemophilic Agent
Vyepti	Chronic Migraines: Trial of two oral medications from two different classes of drugs for the prevention of migraines AND two triptan medications AND trial of two calcitonin gene-related peptide (CGRP) antagonists (e.g., erenumab, galcanezumab, fremanezumab, etc.) AND botulinum toxin Episodic migraines: Trial of two oral medications from two different classes of drugs for the prevention of migraines AND two triptan medications AND trial of two calcitonin gene-related peptide (CGRP) antagonists (e.g., erenumab, galcanezumab, fremanezumab, etc.)	Anti-migraine Agent
Bortezomib: J9046, J9049, J9048, J9051	All indications: Trial of bortezomib, 0.1 mg (J9041)	Antineoplastic Agent
Fulvestrant: J9395, J9393	All indications: Trial of fulvestrant (fresenius kabi) not therapeutically equivalent to J9395, 25 mg (J9394)	Antineoplastic Agent
Pemetrexed: J9305, J9314, J9304, J9294, J9323, J9322, J9296	All indications: Trial of pemetrexed (sandoz), not therapeutically equivalent to J9305, 10mg (J9297)	Antineoplastic Agent



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Actemra	Rheumatoid Arthritis: Trial of one oral DMARD such as methotrexate, azathioprine, hydroxychloroquine, sulfasalazine, leflunomide, etc.; AND at least a 3-month trial of adalimumab at maximum tolerated doses Juvenile Idiopathic Arthritis: Trial of an oral NSAID or systemic glucocorticoid (e.g., prednisone, methylprednisolone) AND at least a 3-month trial of adalimumab at maximum tolerated doses Management of Immune Checkpoint Inhibitor related Inflammatory Arthritis: Trial of corticosteroids Giant Cell Arteritis (GCA): Trial of glucocorticoid therapy	Autoimmune
	Grant Cen Artenus (GCA). That of glucocorticold therapy	
Cimzia	Polymyalgia rheumatica: Trial of Prednisone Rheumatoid Arthritis: Trial of one oral DMARD such as methotrexate, azathioprine, hydroxychloroquine, sulfasalazine, leflunomide, etc. AND at least a 3-month trial of adalimumab at maximum tolerated doses Ankylosing spondylitis and non-radiographic axial spondyloarthritis: Trial of at least 2 non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAIDs) AND at least a 3-month trial of adalimumab at maximum tolerated doses Crohn's Disease: Trial of corticosteroids or immunomodulators (e.g., azathioprine, 6-mercaptopurine, or methotrexate); AND at least a 3-month trial of adalimumab at maximum tolerated doses Plaque Psoriasis: Inadequate response to topical agents; AND Inadequate response to at least one non-biologic systemic agent; AND at least a 3-month trial of adalimumab at maximum tolerated doses	Autoimmune
	Psoriatic Arthritis: - Predominantly axial disease: trial and failure of an NSAID - Peripheral arthritis or active enthesitis disease: trial of an oral oral DMARD, such as methotrexate, azathioprine, sulfasalazine, hydroxychloroquine, etc. - at least a 3-month trial of adalimumab at maximum tolerated doses	



Entyvio	Crohn's Disease: Trial of one of the following -	Autoimmune
	corticosteroids, 6-mercaptopurine, methotrexate, or azathioprine AND at least a 3-month trial of adalimumab at maximum tolerated doses	
	Ulcerative Colitis: Trial of one of the following -	
	corticosteroids, 6-mercaptopurine, methotrexate or azathioprine AND at least a 3-month trial of adalimumab at maximum tolerated doses	
	Immune Checkpoint Inhibitor related Diarrhea/Colitis: Refractory to Infliximab products	
Ilaris	Still's Disease and Systemic Juvenile Idiopathic Arthritis: Trial of one oral NSAID OR systemic glucocorticoid (e.g., prednisone, methylprednisolone)	Autoimmune
	Familial Mediterranean Fever: Colchicine	
	Gout Flare: NSAID and colchicine	
Ilumya	Plaque psoriasis: Trial of one of the following - methotrexate, cyclosporine, or acitretin; AND at least a 3-month trial of adalimumab at maximum tolerated doses	Autoimmune
Orencia	Rheumatoid Arthritis: Trial of one oral disease modifying anti- rheumatic agent (DMARD) such as methotrexate,	Autoimmune
	azathioprine, hydroxychloroquine, , sulfasalazine, or leflunomide AND at least a 3-month trial of adalimumab at maximum tolerated doses	
	Polyarticular juvenile idiopathic arthritis: Trial of oral non- steroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAIDs) OR an oral disease-modifying anti-rheumatic agent (DMARD) (e.g., methotrexate, leflunomide, sulfasalazine, etc.)AND at least a 3-month trial of adalimumab at maximum tolerated doses	
	Psoriatic Arthritis: For patients with predominantly axial disease OR active enthesitis and/or dactylitis, an adequate trial and failure of at least one non-steroidal anti-inflammatory agents (NSAIDs); OR for patients with peripheral arthritis, a trial and failure of at least a 3 month trial of one oral disease-modifying anti-rheumatic drug (DMARD) such as methotrexate, azathioprine, sulfasalazine, or hydroxychloroquine; AND at least a 3-month trial of adalimumab at maximum tolerated doses	
	Chronic Graft Versus Host Disease: Trial and failure of systemic corticosteroids	
	Management of Immune Checkpoint Inhibitor Related Toxicity: Trial and failure of methylprednisolone	
Remicade or infliximab unbrande	All indications: Trial of ALL Infliximab Biosimilars (Example: Inflectra or Avsola , AND Renflexis)	Autoimmune



Remicade or infliximab unbranded, Renflexis, Inflectra, Avsola	Crohn's Disease and Ulcerative Colitis: Trial of one of the following -corticosteroids, 6-mercaptopurine, methotrexate, or azathioprine Rheumatoid Arthritis: Trial of one oral disease modifying anti-rheumatic agent (DMARD) such as methotrexate, azathioprine, hydroxychloroquine, sulfasalazine, leflunomide, etc; AND used in combination with methotrexate Psoriatic Arthritis: Trial of one NSAID OR trial of one formulary DMARD such as methotrexate, azathioprine	Autoimmune
	hydroxychloroquine, sulfasalazine, etc; Ankylosing Spondylitis: Trial of two NSAIDs Plaque Psoriasis: Trial of one of the following systemic products - immunosuppressives, retinoic acid derivatives, and/or methotrexate	
Renflexis	All indications: Trial of Inflectra or Avsola	Autoimmune
Simponi Aria	Rheumatoid Arthritis: Trial of one oral disease modifying antirheumatic agent (DMARD) such as methotrexate, azathioprine, hydroxychloroquine, sulfasalazine, or leflunomide; AND at least a 3-month trial of adalimumab at maximum tolerated doses Psoriatic Arthritis: Trial of one NSAID OR Trial of one formulary DMARD such as methotrexate, azathioprine, hydroxychloroquine, sulfasalazine, or leflunomide; AND at least a 3-month trial of adalimumab at maximum tolerated doses Ankylosing Spondylitis: Trial of two NSAIDs AND at least a 3-month trial of adalimumab at maximum tolerated doses Polyarticular Juvenile Idiopathic Arthritis (pJIA): Trial of oral NSAIDs OR Trial of an oral DMARD such as methotrexate, sulfasalazine, or leflunomide; AND at least a 3-month trial of adalimumab at maximum tolerated doses	Autoimmune
Skyrizi	Crohn's disease: Trial of corticosteroids or immunomodulators (e.g., 6-mercaptopurine, methotrexate, azathioprine) AND at least a 3-month trial of adalimumab at maximum tolerated doses	Autoimmune



Stelara	For Medicaid members:	Autoimmune
Stelara		Autoimmune
	Crohn's Disease: Trial of one of the following -	
	corticosteroids or immunomodulators, (e.g., 6-	
	mercaptopurine, methotrexate, azathioprine) AND at least a	
	3-month trial of adalimumab at maximum tolerated doses	
	AND Skyrizi AND Entyvio (except for if they have moderate	
	to severe luminizing Crohn's Disease)	
	Ulcerative Colitis: Trial of one of the following – mesalamine, corticosteroids, 6-mercaptopurine, or azathioprine AND at least a 3-month trial of adalimumab at maximum tolerated doses AND Entyvio (except for if the member failed to respond to infliximab)	
	For Commercial members:	
	Crohn's Disease: Trial of one of the following -	
	corticosteroids or immunomodulators, (e.g., 6-	
	mercaptopurine, methotrexate, azathioprine) AND at least a	
	3-month trial of adalimumab at maximum tolerated doses	
	AND Entyvio (except for if they have moderate to severe	
	luminizing Crohn's Disease)	
	Ulcerative Colitis: Trial of one of the following – mesalamine,	
	corticosteroids, 6-mercaptopurine, or azathioprine AND at	
	least a 3-month trial of adalimumab at maximum tolerated	
	doses AND Entyvio (except for if the member failed to	
П .	respond to infliximab)	D 26 1/6 : A
Evenity	Osteoporosis: Bisphosphonates (oral and/or IV) such as	Bone Modifying Agent
	alendronate, risedronate, ibandronate, or zoledronic acid	
	AND RANKL-blocking agents such as denosumab	
Prolia	Trial of Zometa/Reclast (zoledronic acid) or Aredia	Bone Modifying Agent
	(pamidronate)	
Xgeva	Trial of Zometa/Reclast or Aredia for all indications except	Bone Modifying Agent
	Giant Cell Tumor of Bone	
Parsabiv	Hyperparathyroidism secondary to chronic kidney disease: Trial of cinacalcet	Calcimimetic
Miacalcin	Hypercalcemic emergency: Trial of cinacalcet	Calcitonin
	Paget's disease: Trial of both of the following - alendronate and pamidronate	
	Postmenopausal osteoporosis: Trial of two of the following -	
	zoledronic acid, alendronate, teriparatide, Prolia (denosumab),	
	Xgeva (denosumab)	
Evkeeza	Homozygous Familial Hypercholesterolemia (HoFH): At least	Cardiology
	a 3-month trial of adherent therapy with: ezetimibe used in	5
	combination with the highest available dose of atorvastatin	
	OR rosuvastatin and tried and failed at least a 3-month trial of	
	adherent therapy with: combination therapy consisting of the	
	highest available dose of atorvastatin OR rosuvastatin,	
	ezetimibe, AND a PSCK9 inhibitor indicated for HoFH (e.g.,	
	evolocumab, alirocumab)	1



Leqvio	Atherosclerotic cardiovascular disease (ASCVD) and :	Cardiology
	Heterozygous Familial Hypercholesterolemia (HeFH): trial of	
	highest available dose or maximally-tolerated dose* of high	
	intensity HMG-CoA reductase inhibitors (i.e., 'statin' therapy:	
	atorvastatin 40 mg or 80 mg daily, rosuvastatin 20 mg or 40	
	mg daily, or simvastatin 80 mg daily); and has been adherent to ezetimibe used concomitantly with a statin at maximally	
	tolerated dose for at least three months, and inadequate	
	treatment response, intolerance or contraindication to	
	treatment with PCSK9 inhibitor therapy for at least 3 months	
Abecma	Relapsed/Refractory multiple myeloma: Progressed on 4 or	CAR-T Immunotherapy
Поссии	more lines of therapy AND refractory to an	Graci immunodiciapy
	immunomodulatory agent (e.g., lenalidomide, thalidomide,	
	pomalidomide), a proteasome inhibitor (e.g., bortezomib,	
	carfilzomib, ixazomib), and an anti-CD38 monoclonal	
	antibody (e.g., daratumumab, isatuximab).	
Kymriah	Pediatric and Young Adult Relapsed or Refractory (r/r) B-cell	CAR-T Immunotherapy
,	Acute Lymphoblastic Leukemia (ALL): Member has	
	relapsed/refractory Philadelphia chromosome-negative B-	
	ALL that has progressed after 2 cycles of a standard	
	chemotherapy regimen for initial diagnosis OR after 1 cycle of	
	standard chemotherapy for relapsed leukemia OR member	
	with relapsed/refractory Philadelphia chromosome-positive B-	
	ALL that has progressed after failure of 2 prior regimens,	
	including a TKI-containing regimen	
	Adult Dalamada Dafarata ay (a/a) I ay a Daali I ay alamada	
	Adult Relapsed or Refractory (r/r) Large B-cell Lymphoma:	
	For diffuse large B-cell lymphoma arising from follicular	
	lymphoma, high-grade B- cell lymphoma: Member has previously received at least 2 lines of therapy including	
	rituximab and an anthracycline	
	indianab and an antinacycline	
Yescarta	Non-Hodgkin Lymphomas (chemotherapy – refractory	CAR-T Immunotherapy
	disease): trial and failure of two or more lines of systemic	
	chemotherapy OR for DLBCL, failure of 2 or more lines of	
	systemic chemotherapy, including rituximab and an	
	anthracycline	
	Follicular Lymphoma: trial of 2 or more lines of systemic	
	therapies, including the combination of an anti-CD20	
	monoclonal antibody and an alkylating agent (e.g., R-	
	bendamustine, R-CHOP, R-CVP)	
Prevymis IV	Prevymis Oral Tablet	CMV Prophylaxis
Tysabri	Crohn's Disease: Trial of two oral immunosuppressive	Crohn's Disease
,	therapies, such as corticosteroids, 6-mercaptopurine,	
	methotrexate, and/or azathioprine AND 3-month trial of one	
	TNF-inhibitor	
Amondys 45	All Indications: Trial of corticosteroids	Duchenne Muscular
<u> </u>		Dystrophy
Errondro E1	All Indications: Trial of corticosteroids	Duchenne Muscular
Exondys 51	The indications. That of corticosteroids	Dystrophy



Viltepso	All Indications: Trial of corticosteroids	Duchenne Muscular Dystrophy
Vyondys 53	All Indications: Trial of corticosteroids and Viltepso	Duchenne Muscular Dystrophy
Elevidys	All Indications: Stable dose of a corticosteroid prior to the start of therapy	Duchenne Muscular Dystrophy
Elelyso, VPRIV	For Medicaid members ONLY All indications: Trial of Cerezyme	Enzyme Replacement
Cerezyme, VPRIV	For Commercial Members ONLY: All indications: Trial of Elelyso	Enzyme Replacement
Nexviazyme	Commercial members ONLY: Trial of Lumizyme	Enzyme
Fabrazyme	Failure, intolerance, or contraindication to Galafold (migalastat)	Fabry Disease (alphagalactosidase A deficiency)
Krystexxa	All indications: Trial of Allopurinol or Probenecid	Gout
Aranesp	All indications: Trial of Retacrit	Hematopoetic Agent
Long-Acting Colony Stimulating Factors – Non-Preferred: Fulphila, Nyvepria, Ziextenzo, Fylnetra, Rolvedon, Stimufend (Oncology and Non Oncology)	All approved indications: Trial of Neulasta, Neulasta Onpro, or Udenyca	Hematopoetic Agent
Mircera	All indications: Trial of Retacrit	Hematopoetic Agent
Nplate	Chronic immune (idiopathic) thrombocytopenia: Trial of one of the following – corticosteroids (e.g., prednisone, methylprednisolone) and/or immunoglobulins and/or rituximab	Hematopoetic Agent
Procrit, Epogen	All indications: Trial of Retacrit	Hematopoetic Agent
Short Acting Colony Stimulating Factors: Nivestym, Neupogen, Granix, Releuko(Oncology and Non Oncology)	All indications: Trail of Zarxio	Hematopoetic Agent
Berinert	Trial of high dose antihistamine (e.g., cetirizine) for members with normal C1 inhibitor levels and a family history of angioedema without genetic testing Commercial patients only: trial of Ruconest	Hereditary Angioedema
Cinryze	All indications: Trial of "on-demand" therapy (i.e., Kalbitor, Firazyr, Ruconest, or Berinert) HAE with normal C1INH: Trial of prophylactic therapy with an antifibrinolytic agent (e.g., tranexamic acid (TXA) or aminocaproic acid) and/or a 17α-alkylated androgen (e.g., danazol)	Hereditary Angioedema
Haegarda	Trial of high dose antihistamine (e.g., cetirizine) for members with normal C1 inhibitor levels and a family history of angioedema without genetic testing	Hereditary Angioedema



Kalbitor	Trial of high dose antihistamine (e.g., cetirizine) for members with normal C1 inhibitor levels and a family history of angioedema without genetic testing	Hereditary Angioedema
Ruconest	Trial of high-dose antihistamine (e.g., cetirizine) for members with normal C1 inhibitor levels and a family history of angioedema without genetic testing	Hereditary Angioedema
Apretude	PrEP: Trial of emtricitabine/tenofovir disoproxil fumarate (generic Truvada)	HIV
Trogarzo	Patient has heavily treated multi-drug resistant disease, confirmed by resistance testing, to at least one drug in at least three classes (NRTI, NNRTI, PI)	HIV
Testopel	All indications: trial of one topical testosterone product (patch or gel) AND Trial of one injectable testosterone such as testosterone cypionate injection or testosterone enanthate injection	Hormone Replacement
Serostim	HIV wasting: at least three alternative therapies such as cyproheptadine, dronabinol, megestrol acetate or testosterone therapy if hypogonadal	Hormone Therapy
Triptodur	Central Precocious Puberty: Trial of Trelstar Gender Dysphoria: Trial of Lupron Depot	Hormone Therapy
Euflexxa	All indications: Trial of nonsteroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAIDs), acetaminophen (up to 1 g 4 times/day) and/or topical capsaicin cream, and intra-articular steroids	Hyaluronic Acid
Hyalgan, Durolane, Monovisc, Orthovisc, Supartz, Synvisc, Synvisc-One, Genvisc, Visco-3, Hymovis, Gel-one, Gelysn, Synojoynt, Triluron, Trivisc,	All indications: Trial of nonsteroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAIDs), acetaminophen (up to 1 g 4 times/day) and/or topical capsaicin cream, and intra-articular steroids and Euflexxa	Hyaluronic Acid
Crysvita	Adult patients with X-linked hypophosphatemia: Trial of an oral phosphate and active vitamin D analogs (e.g., calcitriol, paricalcitol, doxercalciferol, calcifediol)	Hypophosphatemia
Cuvitru, Cutaquig, Xembify, Hizentra or Hyqvia (Subcutaneous IG)	All indications: Trial of one of the following - Gammaked/Gamunex-C or Gammagard liquid	Immune Globulins
Intravenous Immune Globulins: Asceniv, Bivigam, Gammagard S/D, Gammaplex, Privigen or Panzyga	All indications: Gammaked/Gamunex-C, Gammagard liquid, Flebogamma/Flebogamma DIF, or Octagam IgG Subclass Deficiency: patient is receiving prophylactic antibiotic therapy Myasthenia Gravis: Patient is failing on conventional immunosuppressant therapy alone (e.g., corticosteroids,	Immune Globulins
	azathioprine, cyclosporine, mycophenolate, methotrexate, tacrolimus, cyclophosphamide, etc.) Dermatomyositis or Polymyositis: Trial of one corticosteroid AND one immunosuppressant (e.g., methotrexate, azathioprine)	



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	Chronic Inflammatory Demyelinating Polyneuropathy: Trial of one corticosteroid	
	Stiff-Person syndrome: Trial of two of the following - benzodiazepines, baclofen, gabapentin, valproate, tiagabine, or levetiracetam	
	Autoimmune Mucocutaneous Blistering Diseases: Corticosteroids and concurrent immunosuppressive treatment (e.g., azathioprine, cyclophosphamide, mycophenolate mofetil, etc.)	
Monoferric	Trial of Injectafer or Feraheme	Iron Agent
Benlysta	Systemic Lupus Erythematosus: Trial of two standard therapies such as antimalarials, corticosteroids, non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drugs, or immunosuppressives Lupus Nephritis: Trial of standard therapies including corticosteroids AND either cyclophosphamide or mycophenolate mofetil	Lupus
Saphnelo	Trial of two standard therapies such as antimalarials, corticosteroids, non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drugs, or immunosuppressives and trial of Benlysta	Lupus
Probuphine	All indications: Trial of one of the following - Buprenorphine/naloxone, buprenorphine	Medication Assisted Treatment
Sublocade	All indications: Trial of one of the following - Buprenorphine/naloxone, buprenorphine	Medication Assisted Treatment
Brixadi	All indications: initiated therapy with transmucosal buprenorphine or is transitioning from another buprenorphine-containing treatment	Medication Assisted Treatment
Rebyota	Trial of Zinplava or fecal microbiota transplantation (FMT) from a reputable source	Microbiota
Cinqair	Asthma: Trial of Inhaled corticosteroid; AND an additional controller medication (long-acting beta 2-agonist, long-acting muscarinic antagonists, or leukotriene modifier); AND Fasenra, Nucala, and Xolair	Monoclonal Antibody
Fasenra	For Commerical members ONLY: Asthma: Trial of Inhaled corticosteroid; AND an additional controller medication (long-acting beta 2-agonist, long-acting muscarinic antagonists, or leukotriene modifier)	Monoclonal Antibody
Nucala	Asthma: Trial of a medium – high dose inhaled corticosteroid; AND an additional controller medication (long-acting beta 2-agonist, long-acting muscarinic antagonists, or leukotriene modifier)	Monoclonal Antibody
	Eosinophilic granulomatosis with polyangiitis: Trial of oral corticosteroids for at least 4 weeks	
	Hypereosinophilic Syndrome (HES): trail of at least one other HES therapy, such as oral corticosteroids, immunosuppressive agents, cytotoxic therapy, etc.	
	Chronic Rhinosinusitis with Nasal Polyps: Trial of intranasal corticosteroid therapy for at least 8 weeks; AND patient has	



	received ≥2 courses of systemic corticosteroids per year or > 3 months of low dose corticosteroids at least one course of treatment with a systemic corticosteroid for 5 days or more within the previous 2 years	
Soliris	Myasthenia Gravis: Trial of two of the following - azathioprine, cyclosporine, mycophenolate mofetil, methotrexate, OR one immunosuppressive therapy and required chronic treatment with plasmapheresis or plasma exchanges or IVIG. Additionally, the patient must have an inadequate response or contraindication to both ravulizumab (Ultomiris) AND efgartigimod IV (Vyvgart IV). Neuromyelitis optica spectrum disorder (NMOSD): Trial of Enspryng* AND Uplizna * This requirement ONLY applies to Medicaid Members	Monoclonal Antibody
Tezspire	Severe asthma: Ttrial of at least 3 months with or without oral corticosteroids with both of the following: high-dose inhaled corticosteroid; AND additional controller medication (e.g., long acting beta₂-agonist, long-acting muscarinic antagonist, leukotriene modifier); and If baseline blood eosinophil level is ≥150 cells/µL, trial with at least one biologic indicated for asthma (e.g., Cinqair, Dupixent, Fasenra, Nucala, Xolair)	Monoclonal Antibody
Ultomiris	Myasthenia Gravis: Trial of Vyvgart IV PLUS Trial of two of the following -azathioprine, cyclosporine, mycophenolate mofetil, tacrolimus, methotrexate, cyclophosphamide OR Chronic treatment with plasmapheresis or plasma exchange (PE) or intravenous immunoglobulin (IVIG) in addition to immunosuppressant therapy	Monoclonal Antibody
Uplizna	Neuromyelitis optica spectrum disorder (NMOSD): Trial of Enspryng* * This requirement ONLY applies to Medicaid Members	Monoclonal Antibody
Xolair	Chronic idiopathic urticaria: Scheduled dosing of a second-generation H1 antihistamine for at least one month; AND inadequate response with scheduled dosing of one of the following: Up-dosing/dose advancement (up to 4-fold) of a second-generation H1 antihistamine, add-on therapy with a leukotriene antagonist (e.g., montelukast), add-on therapy with another H1 antihistamine or add-on therapy with a H2-antagonist. Asthma: Trial of Inhaled corticosteroid; AND an additional controller medication (long acting beta 2-agonist, long-acting	Monoclonal Antibody



	muscarinic antagonists, or leukotriene modifier)	
	Chronic Rhinosinusitis with Nasal Polyps: Trial of intranasal corticosteroid therapy for at least 8 weeks; AND Patient has received at least one course of treatment with a systemic corticosteroid for 5 days or more within the previous 2 years	
Briumvi	Multiple Sclerosis: Trial of Tysabri and Ocrevus (Commercial ONLY) Trial of Tysabri (Medicaid ONLY)	Multiple Sclerosis
Lemtrada	Multiple Sclerosis: Trial of Tysabri and Ocrevus (Commercial ONLY) Trial of Tysabri and one other drug indicated for MS (Medicaid ONLY)	Multiple Sclerosis
Vyvgart IV and Vyvgart Hytrulo	Myasthenia Gravis: Trial of two or more of the following -azathioprine, cyclosporine, mycophenolate mofetil, methotrexate, OR one immunosuppressive therapy and required chronic treatment with plasmapheresis or plasma exchanges or IVIG AND for Vyvgart Hytrulo intolerance to intravenous formulation of Vyvgart	Myasthenia Gravis
Botox	Severe Primary Axillary Hyperhidrosis: Trial and failure of ≥ 1 month of a tropical agent e.g., aluminum chloride, glycopyrronium, etc. Migraine: 8 –week trial of two oral medications for the prevention of migraines, such as Antidepressants (e.g., amitriptyline, fluoxetine, nortriptyline, etc.) Beta blockers (e.g., propranolol, metoprolol, nadolol, timolol, atenolol, pindolol, etc.)	Neuromuscular Blocker Agent
	Angiotensin converting enzyme inhibitors/angiotensin II receptor blockers (e.g., lisinopril, candesartan, etc.) Anti-epileptics (e.g., divalproex, valproate, topiramate, etc.) Calcium channels blockers (e.g., verapamil, etc.),	
	Urinary incontinence and OAB: Trial of two medications from either the antimuscarinic or beta-adrenergic classes	
	Severe Palmar Hyperhidrosis: Trial and failure of ≥ 1 month of a tropical agent e.g., aluminum chloride, etc.	
	Chronic Anal Fissures: Trial conventional pharmacologic therapy (e.g., nifedipine, diltiazem, and/or topical nitroglycerin, bethanechol, etc.)	
Dysport	Migraine: Two oral medications for the prevention of migraines, such as Antidepressants (e.g., amitriptyline, fluoxetine, nortriptyline, etc.) Beta blockers (e.g., propranolol, metoprolol, nadolol, timolol, atenolol, pindolol, etc.)	Neuromuscular Blocker Agent



	Incontinence due to neurogenic detrusor overactivity and	
	OAB: Trial of two medications from either the antimuscarinic or beta-adrenergic classes	
	Severe Primary Axillary Hyperhidrosis: Trial and failure of ≥ 1 month of a tropical agent e.g., aluminum chloride, glycopyrronium, etc.	
Myobloc	Migraine: Two oral medications for the prevention of migraines, such as: Antidepressants (e.g., amitriptyline, fluoxetine, nortriptyline, etc.) Beta blockers (e.g., propranolol, metoprolol, nadolol,	Neuromuscular Blocker Agent
	timolol, atenolol, pindolol, etc.) Angiotensin converting enzyme inhibitors/angiotensin II receptor blockers (e.g., lisinopril, candesartan, etc.) Anti-epileptics (e.g., divalproex, valproate, topiramate, etc.)	
	Calcium channels blockers (e.g., verapamil, etc.) Severe Primary Axillary Hyperhidrosis: Trial and failure of ≥ 1 month of a tropical agent e.g., aluminum chloride, glycopyrronium, etc.	
Xeomin	Migraine: Two oral medications for the prevention of migraines, such as: Antidepressants (e.g., amitriptyline, fluoxetine, nortriptyline, etc.) Beta blockers (e.g., propranolol, metoprolol, nadolol, timolol, atenolol, pindolol, etc.) Angiotensin converting enzyme inhibitors/angiotensin II receptor blockers (e.g., lisinopril, candesartan, etc.) Anti-epileptics (e.g., divalproex, valproate, topiramate, etc.) Calcium channels blockers (e.g., verapamil, etc.),	Neuromuscular Blocker Agent
	Incontinence due to neurogenic detrusor overactivity and OAB: Trial of two medications from either the antimuscarinic or beta-adrenergic classes Severe Primary Axillary Hyperhidrosis: Trial and failure	
	of ≥ 1 month of a tropical agent e.g., aluminum chloride, glycopyrronium, etc.	



Rituxan, Riabni	All indications: Ruxience or Truxima	Non-Oncology
	Rheumatoid Arthritis: One oral disease modifying antirheumatic drug (DMARD) AND at least one preferred tumor necrosis factor (TNF) antagonist (one must be self-injectable) trialed for at least 3 months	37
	Lupus Nephritis: Patient has disease that is non-responsive or refractory to standard first line therapy [e.g., mycophenolate mofetil, mycophenolic acid, cyclophosphamide, calcineurin inhibitors (e.g., tacrolimus)]	
	Myasthenia Gravis: Patient is refractory to standard first-line therapy (e.g., glucocorticoids, azathioprine, mycophenolate mofetil, etc.)	
	Systemic Lupus Erythematosus (SLE): Trial of at least two standard therapies such as anti-malarials (i.e. hydroxychloroquine, chloroquine), corticosteroids, non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAIDs), aspirin, or immunosuppressives such as azathioprine, methotrexate,	
	cyclosporine, oral cyclophosphamide, or mycophenolate.	0 1
Avastin Alymsys, Vegzelma	All Oncology Indications: Trial of Mvasi or Zirabev	Oncology
Herceptin and Biosimilars, Herceptin Hylecta	All indications: Kanjinti or Trazimera	Oncology
Khapzory/Fusilev	Osteosarcoma, Colorectal Cancer, and Treatment of a folate antagonist overdose: Trial of leucovorin	Oncology
Rituxan, Rituxan Hycela, Riabni	All indications: Truxima or Ruxience	Oncology
Beovu	Neovascular (wet) age related macular degeneration (AMD): bevacizumab or ranibizumab (Byooviz)	Ophthalmic Agent
	Diabetic Macular Edema (DME) with a baseline visual acuity of 20/50 or worse: bevacizumab or ranibizumab (Lucentis)	
	DME and baseline visual acuity better than 20/50: bevacizumab Diabetic Retinopathy: bevacizumab	
Byooviz	All indications: Bevacizumab	Ophthalmic Agent
Durysta	Insufficient response or intolerance of at least two trials of IOP reducing eye drop agents (combination therapy should be used if warranted) from two different medication classes. For one trial, the member must have been treated with a prostaglandin analog (e.g., latanoprost, travoprost, or bimatoprost)	Ophthalmic Agent



Eylea	Diabetic Macular Edema (DME) with a baseline visual acuity of 20/50 or worse: bevacizumab or ranibizumab (Lucentis)	Ophthalmic Agent
	DME and baseline visual acuity better than 20/50: bevacizumab Diabetic Retinopathy: bevacizumab	
	Diabetic retinopathy (DR) or Retinopathy of Prematurity (ROP): bevacizumab	
	Neovascular (Wet) Age Related Macular Degeneration (AMD), Macular Edema Following Retinal Vein Occlusion(RVO): bevacizumab or ranibizumab (Byooviz)	
Lucentis Cimerli	Diabetic macular edema and Diabetic retinopathy: bevacizumab	Ophthalmic Agent
	Neovascular (wet) age related macular degeneration, Macular edema due to retinal vein occlusion, or Myopic Choroidal Neovascularization: bevacizumab and ranibizumab (Byooviz)	
Susvimo	Neovascular (wet) age related macular degeneration: responded to at least two intravitreal injections of a VEGF inhibitor medication (e.g., aflibercept, bevacizumab, brolucizumab, ranibizumab); and had an inadequate treatment response with bevacizumab, Lucentis (ranibizumab) AND Eylea (aflibercept)	Ophthalmic Agent
Vabysmo	Neovascular (wet) age related macular degeneration (AMD) or Macular edema due to retinal vein occlusion (RVO): bevacizumab and Byooviz	Ophthalmic Agent
	Diabetic Macular Edema (DME) and baseline visual acuity of 20/50 or worse: bevacizumab or ranibizumab (Lucentis)	
	DME and baseline visual acuity better than 20/50: bevacizumab	
Oxlumo	Trial of at least 3 months of pyridoxine	Primary Hyperoxaluria
Synagis	Contraindication to Beyfortus	Respiratory Syncytial Virus
Signifor LAR	Acromegaly: Trial of Sandostatin LAR (octreotide) or Somatuline Depot (lanreotide)*	Somatostatin Analog
	*For Medicaid members: Trial of Somatuline Depot (lanreotide) only	
Acthar Gel	Infantile Spasms (West Syndrome); Trial of Cortrophin Gel	Adrenocorticotropin Stimulating Hormone

Per $\S\S$ 42 CFR 422.101, this clinical medical policy only applies to INTEGRITY in the absence of National Coverage Determination (NCD) or Local Coverage Determination (LCD)



Investigational use: All therapies are considered investigational when used at a dose or for a condition other than those that are recognized as medically accepted indications as defined in any one of the following standard reference compendia: American Hospital Formulary Service Drug information (AHFS-DI), Thomson Micromedex DrugDex, Clinical Pharmacology, Wolters Kluwer Lexi-Drugs, or Peer-reviewed published medical literature indicating that sufficient evidence exists to support use. Neighborhood does not provide coverage for drugs when used for investigational purposes.

Please call the Pharmacy Help Desk at 1-401-459-6020 for pharmacy authorization requests or for further information on the Neighborhood Medicaid formulary.

Please call Member Services at 1-855-321-9244 for pharmacy authorization requests or for further information on the Neighborhood Commercial formulary.