SPECIALTY GUIDELINE MANAGEMENT

COSENTYX (secukinumab)

POLICY

I. INDICATIONS

The indications below including FDA-approved indications and compendial uses are considered a covered benefit provided that all the approval criteria are met and the member has no exclusions to the prescribed therapy.

FDA-Approved Indications

- 1. Moderate to severe plaque psoriasis (PsO)
- 2. Active psoriatic arthritis (PsA)
- 3. Active ankylosing spondylitis (AS)
- 4. Active non-radiographic axial spondyloarthritis (nr-axSpA)
- 5. Active enthesitis-related arthritis (ERA)

All other indications are considered experimental/investigational and are not a covered benefit.

II. CRITERIA FOR INITIAL AND CONTINUATION OF THERAPY

For all indications:

- Prior Authorization Request is submitted by the Provider's office; AND
- Prior Authorization Request is not submitted by a pharmacy or another third party; AND
- Submission of the member's chart or medical record is required, documenting medical necessity based on the criteria corresponding to the applicable indication.

III. CRITERIA FOR INITIAL APPROVAL

For all indications:

• Member has a pretreatment tuberculosis (TB) screening with a TB skin test or an interferon gamma release assay (e.g., QFT-GIT, T-SPOT.TB). [Note: Members who have received Cosentyx or any other biologic DMARD or targeted synthetic DMARD (e.g., Xeljanz) are exempt from requirements related to TB screening in this Policy.]; AND

A. Moderate to severe plaque psoriasis (PsO)

Authorization of 6 months may be granted for treatment of moderate to severe plaque psoriasis in members who are 6 years of age or older when all of the following criteria are met:

- 1. Cosentyx is prescribed by, or in consultation with, a specialist in dermatology or rheumatology.
- 2. At least 10% of body surface area (BSA) is affected OR crucial body areas (e.g., hands, feet, face, neck, scalp, genitals/groin, intertriginous areas) are affected.
- 3. Member experienced an inadequate treatment response or intolerance from Zoryve (roflumilast) cream within the last 12 months. Contraindications, adverse effects and/or intolerance must be documented (Note:If the member's BSA is greater than 20%, they are not required to trial Zoryve before Cosentyx)



- 4. Member meets either of the following criteria:
 - a. Member has had an inadequate response to at least a 3 month trial of methotrexate, cyclosporine or acitretin, or experienced clinically significant adverse effects from methotrexate, cyclosporine or acitretin
 - b. Member has had an inadequate response to at least a 3 month trial of phototherapy (e.g., UVB, PUVA), unless intolerance experienced
- 5. Cosentyx will not be used concomitantly with Zoryve (roflumilast) or Vtama (tapinarof) cream or any other biologic DMARD (e.g. adalimumab, infliximab) or targeted synthetic DMARD (e.g. apremilast, tofacitinib).

B. Active psoriatic arthritis (PsA)

Authorization of 6 months may be granted for treatment of active psoriatic arthritis in members who are 2 years of age or older when all of the following criteria are met:

- 1. Cosentyx is prescribed by, or in consultation with, a specialist in dermatology or rheumatology
- 2. Documented moderate to severe active disease and member meets either of the following criteria:
 - a. If member has predominantly axial disease or active enthesitis and/or dactylitis, member has experienced an inadequate response or intolerance to at least two non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAIDs), unless use is contraindicated
 - b. If member has peripheral arthritis, member has experienced an inadequate response to at least a 3 month trial of one oral disease-modifying anti-rheumatic agent (DMARD) such as methotrexate, azathioprine, or sulfasalazine, , unless intolerance experienced

C. Active ankylosing spondylitis (AS) and Active non-radiographic axial spondyloarthritis (nr-axSpA)

Authorization of 6 months may be granted for treatment of active ankylosing spondylitis in members 18 years of age or older when both of the following criteria are met:

- 1. Cosentyx is prescribed by, or in consultation with, a specialist in rheumatology.
- 2. Member has experienced an inadequate response or intolerance to at least two non-steroidal antiinflammatory drugs (NSAIDs), unless use is contraindicated.

D. Active enthesitis-related arthritis (ERA)

Authorization of 6 months may be granted for treatment of active enthesitis-related arthritis, which is a type of Juvenile Idiopathic Arthritis, in members 4 years of age or older when the following are met:

- 1. Cosentyx is prescribed by, or in consultation with, a specialist in rheumatology.
 - 2. Member meets all of the following criteria:

a. Member has active disease demonstrated by three active joints involved and at least one site of active enthesitis at baseline or documented by history

b. Member has an inadequate response or intolerance to nonsteroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAIDs), sulfasalazine or methotrexate

IV. CONTINUATION OF THERAPY

A. Moderate to severe plaque psoriasis (PsO)

Authorization of 12 months may be granted for all members (including new members) who are using the requested medication for moderate to severe plaque psoriasis and who achieve or maintain positive clinical response as evidenced by low disease activity or improvement in signs and symptoms of the condition when any of the following is met:

- 1. Reduction in body surface area (BSA) affected from baseline
- 2. Improvement in signs and symptoms from baseline (e.g., itching, redness, flaking, scaling, burning, cracking, pain)



B. Active psoriatic arthritis (PsA)

Authorization of 12 months may be granted for all members (including new members) who are using the requested medication for active psoriatic arthritis and who achieve or maintain positive clinical response as evidenced by low disease activity or improvement in signs and symptoms of the condition when there is improvement in any of the following from baseline:

- 1. Number of swollen joints
- 2. Number of tender joints
- 3. Dactylitis
- 4. Enthesitis
- 5. Skin and/or nail involvement

C. Active ankylosing spondylitis (AS) and active axial spondyloarthritis

Authorization of 12 months may be granted for all members (including new members) who are using the requested medication for active ankylosing spondylitis or active axial spondyloarthritis and who achieve or maintain positive clinical response with the requested medication as evidenced by low disease activity or improvement in signs and symptoms of the condition when there is improvement in any of the following from baseline:

- 1. Functional status
- 2. Total spinal pain
- 3. Inflammation (e.g., morning stiffness)

D. Active enthesitis-related arthritis (ERA)

Authorization of 12 months may be granted for all members (including new members) who are using the requested medication for active-enthesitis related arthritis and who achieve or maintain positive clinical response as evidenced by low disease activity or improvement in signs and symptoms of the condition when there is improvement in any of the following from baseline:

- 1. Number of flares
- 2. Number of joints with active arthritis (e.g., swelling, pain)
- 3. Number of joints with limited movement
- 4. Dactylitis
- 5. Enthesitis

V. QUANTITY LIMIT

Formulary Cosentyx has 2 pens/syringes per box.

- 1. 75mg dose 0.5 ml per 28 days, with post-limit for loading dose of 375 mg (2.5 ml) per 35 days
- 2. 150 mg dose 2 ml per 56 days, with post-limit for loading dose of 900 mg (6 ml) per 60 days
- 3. 300 mg dose 2 ml per 28 days, with post-limit for loading dose of 1500 mg (10 ml) per 35 days

Indication	Dosing (subcutaneous)
Plaque Psoriasis	Adults:
	300 mg (two 150 mg injections) at Weeks 0, 1, 2,
	3, and 4 followed by 300 mg every 4 weeks.
	Pediatric (6 years of age and older):
	Less than 50 kg: 75 mg at Weeks 0, 1, 2, 3, and 4
	followed by 75 mg every 4 weeks.



Ankylosing Spondylitis & Non-radiographic Axial Spondyloarthritis	Greater than or equal to 50 kg: 150 mg at Weeks 0, 1, 2, 3, and 4 followed by 150 mg every 4 weeks. Adults: 150 mg at Weeks 0, 1, 2, 3, and 4 followed by 150 mg every 4 weeks
Psoriatic Arthritis	Adults: 150 mg at Weeks 0, 1, 2, 3, and 4 followed by 150 mg every 4 weeks Pediatrics: Greater than or equal to 15 kg and < 50 kg: 75 mg at Weeks 0, 1, 2, 3, and 4 followed by 75 mg every 4 weeks.
Enthesitis-Related Arthritis	Greater than or equal to 15 kg and < 50 kg: 75 mg at Weeks 0, 1, 2, 3, and 4 followed by 75 mg every 4 weeks. Greater than or equal to 50 kg: 150 mg at Weeks 0, 1, 2, 3, and 4 followed by 150 mg every 4 weeks.

VI. REFERENCES

- 1. Cosentyx [package insert]. East Hanover, NJ: Novartis Pharmaceuticals Corporation; December 2021.
- 2. Menter A, Korman NJ, Elmets CA, et al. Guidelines of care for the management of psoriasis and psoriatic arthritis. Section 6: Guidelines of care for the treatment of psoriasis and psoriatic arthritis: case-based presentations and evidence-based conclusions. *J Am Acad Dermatol.* 2011;65(1):137-174.
- 3. Gossec L, Smolen JS, Ramiro S, et al. European League Against Rheumatism (EULAR) recommendations for the management of psoriatic arthritis with pharmacological therapies: 2015 update. *Ann Rheum Dis.* 2016;75(3):499-510.
- 4. McInnes IB, Mease PJ, Kirkham B, et al. Secukinumab, a human anti-interleukin-17A monoclonal antibody, in patients with psoriatic arthritis (FUTURE 2): a randomised, double-blind, placebo-controlled, phase 3 trial. *Lancet.* 2015;386(9999):1137-46.
- 5. Braun J, van den Berg R, Baraliakos, X et al. 2010 update of the ASAS/EULAR recommendations for the management of ankylosing spondylitis. *Ann Rheum Dis.* 2011;70:896–904.
- Ward MM, Deodhar A, Akl EA, et al. American College of Rheumatology/Spondylitis Association of America/Spondyloarthritis Research and Treatment Network 2015 recommendations for the treatment of ankylosing spondylitis and nonradiographic axial spondyloarthritis. *Arthritis Rheumatol.* 2015: 10.1002/art.39298. [Epub ahead of print].
- 7. Baeten D, Sieper J, Braun J, et al. Secukinumab, an Interleukin-17A Inhibitor, in Ankylosing Spondylitis. N *Engl J Med.* 2015;373(26):2534-48.

