

Drug Policy:

Erwinaze™ and Rylaze™ (asparaginase Erwinia chrysanthemi and recombinant-rywn)

POLICY NUMBER UM ONC_1361	SUBJECT Erwinaze™ and Rylaze™ (asparaginase Erwinia chrysanthemi and recombinant- rywn)	DEPT/PROGRAM UM Dept	PAGE 1 of 3
DATES COMMITTEE REVIEWED 07/10/19, 12/11/19, 06/10/20, 02/10/21, 08/11/21, 11/15/21, 02/09/22, 05/11/22, 01/11/23, 03/08/23	APPROVAL DATE March 8, 2023	EFFECTIVE DATE March 31, 2023	COMMITTEE APPROVAL DATES 07/10/19, 12/11/19, 06/10/20, 02/10/21, 08/11/21, 11/15/21, 02/09/22, 05/11/22, 01/11/23, 03/08/23
PRIMARY BUSINESS OWNER: UM		COMMITTEE/BOARD APPROVAL Utilization Management Committee	
URAC STANDARDS HUM v8: UM 1-2; UM 2-1	NCQA STANDARDS UM 2		ADDITIONAL AREAS OF IMPACT
CMS REQUIREMENTS	STATE/FEDERAL REQUIREMENTS		APPLICABLE LINES OF BUSINESS Commercial, Exchange, Medicaid

I. PURPOSE

To define and describe the accepted indications for Erwinaze and Rylaze (asparaginase Erwinia chrysanthemi and recombinant- rywn) usage in the treatment of cancer, including FDA approved indications, and off-label indications.

New Century Health (NCH) is responsible for processing all medication requests from network ordering providers. Medications not authorized by NCH may be deemed as not approvable and therefore not reimbursable.

The use of this drug must be supported by one of the following: FDA approved product labeling, CMS-approved compendia, National Comprehensive Cancer Network (NCCN), American Society of Clinical Oncology (ASCO) clinical guidelines, or peer-reviewed literature that meets the requirements of the CMS Medicare Benefit Policy Manual Chapter 15

II. INDICATIONS FOR USE/INCLUSION CRITERIA

- A. Continuation requests for a not-approvable medication shall be exempt from this NCH policy provided:**

1. The requested medication was used within the last year, **AND**
2. The member has not experienced disease progression and/or no intolerance to the requested medication, **AND**
3. Additional medication(s) are not being added to the continuation request.

B. Acute Lymphoblastic Leukemia (ALL)

1. Erwinaze and Rylaze (asparaginase Erwinia chrysanthemi and recombinant-rywn) may be used in members with Philadelphia chromosome-negative ALL/Philadelphia chromosome positive ALL as a part of a multi-agent chemotherapy regimen and as therapy for induction/consolidation/relapsed/refractory disease, if the member has a history of hypersensitivity reaction or other adverse effects from Oncaspar (pegasparagase) or Asparlas (calaspargase pegol-mknl).

III. EXCLUSION CRITERIA

- A. Disease progression with either Erwinaze (asparaginase erwinia chrysanthemi) or Rylaze (asparaginase erwinia recombinant- rywn).
- B. Dosing exceeds single dose limit of Erwinaze (asparaginase Erwinia chrysanthemi) 25,000/m² International Units or Rylaze (asparaginase Erwinia chrysanthemi recombinant- rywn) 25 mg/m² (for every 48 hrs schedule) and 50 mg/m² (for once per week schedule)
- C. Investigational use of Erwinaze and Rylaze (asparaginase Erwinia chrysanthemi and recombinant- rywn) with an off-label indication that is not sufficient in evidence or is not generally accepted by the medical community. Sufficient evidence that is not supported by CMS recognized compendia or acceptable peer reviewed literature is defined as any of the following:
 1. Whether the clinical characteristics of the patient and the cancer are adequately represented in the published evidence.
 2. Whether the administered chemotherapy/biologic therapy/immune therapy/targeted therapy/other oncologic therapy regimen is adequately represented in the published evidence.
 3. Whether the reported study outcomes represent clinically meaningful outcomes experienced by patients. Generally, the definitions of Clinically Meaningful outcomes are those recommended by ASCO, e.g., Hazard Ratio of less than 0.80 and the recommended survival benefit for OS and PFS should be at least 3 months.
 4. Whether the experimental design, considering the drugs and conditions under investigation, is appropriate to address the investigative question. (For example, in some clinical studies, it may be unnecessary or not feasible to use randomization, double blind trials, placebos, or crossover).
 5. That non-randomized clinical trials with a significant number of subjects may be a basis for supportive clinical evidence for determining accepted uses of drugs.
 6. That case reports are generally considered uncontrolled and anecdotal information and do not provide adequate supportive clinical evidence for determining accepted uses of drugs.
 7. That abstracts (including meeting abstracts) without the full article from the approved peer-reviewed journals lack supporting clinical evidence for determining accepted uses of drugs.

IV. MEDICATION MANAGEMENT

- A. Please refer to the FDA label/package insert for details regarding these topics.

V. APPROVAL AUTHORITY

- A. Review – Utilization Management Department
- B. Final Approval – Utilization Management Committee

VI. ATTACHMENTS

- A. None

VII. REFERENCES

- A. Erwinaze prescribing information. Jazz Pharmaceuticals, Inc. Palo Alto, CA 2021.
- B. Rylaze prescribing information. Jazz Pharmaceuticals, Inc. Palo Alto, CA 2022.
- C. Clinical Pharmacology Elsevier Gold Standard 2023.
- D. Micromedex® Healthcare Series: Micromedex Drugdex Ann Arbor, Michigan 2023.
- E. National Comprehensive Cancer Network. Cancer Guidelines and Drugs and Biologics Compendium 2023.
- F. AHFS Drug Information. American Society of Health-Systems Pharmacists or Wolters Kluwer Lexi-Drugs. Bethesda, MD 2023.
- G. Ellis LM, et al. American Society of Clinical Oncology perspective: Raising the bar for clinical trials by defining clinically meaningful outcomes. J Clin Oncol. 2014 Apr 20;32(12):1277-80.
- H. Medicare Benefit Policy Manual Chapter 15 Covered Medical and Other Health Services:
<https://www.cms.gov/Regulations-and-Guidance/Guidance/Manuals/Downloads/bp102c15.pdf>.
- I. NCQA UM 2023 Standards and Elements.