

Policy Title:	Duopa (carbidopa/levodopa) Enteral suspension		
		Department:	РНА
Effective Date:	01/01/2020		
Review Date:	12/11/2019, 1/22/2020, 2/4/2021, 1/27/2022, 1/26/2023		
Revision Date:	12/11/2019, 1/22/2020, 2/4/2021		

Purpose: To support safe, effective and appropriate use of Duopa (carbidopa/levodopa).

Scope: Medicaid, Commercial, Medicare-Medicaid Plan (MMP)

Policy Statement:

Duopa (carbidopa/levodopa) is covered under the Medical Benefit when used within the following guidelines. Use outside of these guidelines may result in non-payment unless approved under an exception process.

Procedure:

Coverage of Duopa (carbidopa/levodopa) will be reviewed prospectively via the prior authorization (PA) process based on criteria below.

Initial Criteria:

- The patient is 18 years of age and older; AND
- The patient has a diagnosis of advanced Parkinson's Disease; AND
- The drug is being prescribed by or in consultation with a neurologist or a specialist in movement disorders; AND
- The patient has a presence of complicated motor fluctuations; AND
- The patient is inadequately controlled with optimal medical therapy which includes
 - o oral levodopa/carbidopa; AND
 - o a dopamine agonist; AND
 - o a catechol-O-methyl transferase (COMT) inhibitor; OR
 - a monoamine oxidase B (MAO)-B inhibitor; AND
- The patient experiences 3 hours or more of "off time" on their current drug regimen; AND
- A percutaneous endoscopic gastrostomy with jejunal extension (PEG-J) tube is in place; AND
- Duopa is administered by a CADD-legacy 1400 portable infusion pump;
- MMP members who have previously received this medication within the past 365 days are not subject to Step Therapy Requirements.

Continuation of Therapy Criteria:



- The patient is 18 years of age and older; AND
- The patient has a diagnosis of advanced Parkinson's Disease; AND
- The drug is being prescribed by or in consultation with a neurologist or a specialist in movement disorders; AND
- The patient has a presence of complicated motor fluctuations; AND
- The patient experienced 3 hours or more of "off time" on their previous drug regimen; AND
- Patient is tolerating and responding to medication (stabilization or absence of disease progression) and there continues to be a medical need for the medication.

Coverage durations:

- Initial coverage: 6 months
- Continuation of therapy coverage: 12 months

*** Requests will also be reviewed to National Coverage Determination (NCD) and Local Coverage Determinations (LCDs) if applicable.***

Dosage/Administration:

Indication	Dose	Maximum dose (1 billable unit = 100ml)
Parkinson's Disease	1 cassette (100ml) per day	3000 billable units every 28 days

Investigational use: All therapies are considered investigational when used at a dose or for a condition other than those that are recognized as medically accepted indications as defined in any one of the following standard reference compendia: American Hospital Formulary Service Drug information (AHFS-DI), Thomson Micromedex DrugDex, Clinical Pharmacology, Wolters Kluwer Lexi-Drugs, or Peer-reviewed published medical literature indicating that sufficient evidence exists to support use. Neighborhood does not provide coverage for drugs when used for investigational purposes.



Applicable Codes:

Below is a list of billing codes applicable for covered treatment options. The below tables are provided for reference purposes and may not be all-inclusive. Requests received with codes from tables below do not guarantee coverage. Requests must meet all criteria provided in the procedure section.

The following HCPCS/CPT codes are:

HCPCS/CPT Code	Description
J7340	Carbidopa 5 mg/levodopa 20 mg enteral suspension

References:

- 1. Duopa (Prrescribing Information), North Chicago, IL. AbbVie Inc. 2022 March.
- Olanow CW, Kieburtz K, Odin P, et al; for the LCIG Horizon Study Group. Continuous intrajejunal infusion of levodopa-carbidopa intestinal gel for patients with advanced Parkinson's disease: a randomised, controlled, double-blind, double-dummy study. Lancet. 2014; 13(2):141-149. PMID 24361112
- 3. Nyholm D, Odin P, Johansson A, et al. Pharmacokinetics of levodopa, carbidopa, and 3-Omethyldopa following 16- hour jejunal infusion of levodopa-carbidopa intestinal gel in advanced Parkinson's disease patients. AAPS J. 2013; 15(2):316-323. PMID 23229334
- 4. Zibetti M, Merola A, Ricchi V, et al. Long-term duodenal levodopa infusion in Parkinson's disease: a 3-year motor and cognitive follow-up study. J Neurol. 2013; 260(1):105-114. PMID 22772358
- Abbruzzese G, Barone P, Bonuccelli U, et al. Continuous intestinal infusion of levodopa/carbidopa in advanced Parkinson's disease: efficacy, safety and patient selection. Funct Neurol. 2012; 27(3):147-154. PMID 23402675
- 6. Nyholm D, Johansson A, Lennernäs H, et al. Levodopa infusion combined with entacapone or tolcapone in Parkinson disease: a pilot trial. Eur J Neurol. 2012; 19(6):820-826. PMID 22136163
- 7. Nyholm D, Klangemo K, Johansson A. Levodopa/carbidopa intestinal gel infusion long-term therapy in advanced Parkinson's disease. Eur J Neurol. 2012; 19(8):1079-1085. PMID 22360705
- 8. Nyholm D, Nilsson Remahl AI, Dizdar N, et al. Duodenal levodopa infusion monotherapy vs oral polypharmacy in advanced Parkinson disease. Neurology. 2005; 64(2):216-223. PMID 15668416
- 9. Jugel C, Ehlen F, Taskin B, et al. Neuropathy in Parkinson's disease patients with intestinal levodopa infusion versus oral drugs. PLoS One. 2013; 8(6):e66639. PMID 23818953