

## Drug Policy:

# Tivdak™ (tisotumab vedotin-tftv)

<b>POLICY NUMBER</b> UM ONC_1449	<b>SUBJECT</b> Tivdak™ (tisotumab vedotin-tftv)		<b>DEPT/PROGRAM</b> UM Dept	<b>PAGE 1 of 3</b>
<b>DATES COMMITTEE REVIEWED</b> 10/13/21, 11/15/21	<b>APPROVAL DATE</b> November 15, 2021	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE</b> November 29, 2021	<b>COMMITTEE APPROVAL DATES</b> 10/13/21, 11/15/21	
<b>PRIMARY BUSINESS OWNER: UM</b>		<b>COMMITTEE/BOARD APPROVAL</b> Utilization Management Committee		
<b>URAC STANDARDS</b> HUM 1	<b>NCQA STANDARDS</b> UM 2		<b>ADDITIONAL AREAS OF IMPACT</b>	
<b>CMS REQUIREMENTS</b>	<b>STATE/FEDERAL REQUIREMENTS</b>		<b>APPLICABLE LINES OF BUSINESS</b> Commercial, Exchange, Medicaid	

## I. PURPOSE

To define and describe the accepted indications for Tivdak (tisotumab vedotin-tftv) usage in the treatment of cancer, including FDA approved indications, and off-label indications.

New Century Health (NCH) is responsible for processing all medication requests from network ordering providers. Medications not authorized by NCH may be deemed as not approvable and therefore not reimbursable.

The use of this drug must be supported by one of the following: FDA approved product labeling, CMS-approved compendia, National Comprehensive Cancer Network (NCCN), American Society of Clinical Oncology (ASCO) clinical guidelines, or peer-reviewed literature that meets the requirements of the CMS Medicare Benefit Policy Manual Chapter 15.

## II. INDICATIONS FOR USE/INCLUSION CRITERIA

### A. PREFERRED MEDICATION GUIDANCE FOR INITIAL REQUEST:

1. When health plan Medicaid coverage provisions—including any applicable PDLs (Preferred Drug Lists)—conflict with the coverage provisions in this drug policy, health plan Medicaid coverage provisions take precedence per the [Preferred Drug Guidelines OR](#)
2. When health plan Exchange coverage provisions-including any applicable PDLs (Preferred Drug Lists)-conflict with the coverage provisions in this drug policy, health plan Exchange coverage provisions take precedence per the [Preferred Drug Guidelines OR](#)

3. For Health Plans that utilize NCH UM Oncology Clinical Policies as the initial clinical criteria, the [Preferred Drug Guidelines shall follow NCH L1 Pathways](#) when applicable, otherwise shall follow NCH drug policies **AND**
4. Continuation requests of previously approved, non-preferred medication are not subject to this provision **AND**
5. When applicable, generic alternatives are preferred over brand-name drugs.

#### **B. Cervical Cancer**

1. Tivdak (tisotumab vedotin-tftv) may be used as monotherapy in members with recurrent or metastatic cervical cancer with disease progression on or after platinum containing therapy **AND** prior Keytruda (pembrolizumab) if PD-L1 (combined positive score [CPS  $\geq$ 1]) confirmed by any test.

### **III. EXCLUSION CRITERIA**

- A. Disease progression while taking Tivdak (tisotumab vedotin-tftv).
- B. Concurrent use with other anticancer therapy.
- C. Dosing exceeds single dose limit of Tivdak (tisotumab vedotin-tftv) 2 mg/kg (up to maximum 200 mg for weight  $\geq$  100 kg).
- D. Investigational use of Tivdak (tisotumab vedotin-tftv) with an off-label indication that is not sufficient in evidence or is not generally accepted by the medical community. Sufficient evidence that is not supported by CMS recognized compendia or acceptable peer reviewed literature is defined as any of the following:
  1. Whether the clinical characteristics of the patient and the cancer are adequately represented in the published evidence.
  2. Whether the administered chemotherapy/biologic therapy/immune therapy/targeted therapy/other oncologic therapy regimen is adequately represented in the published evidence.
  3. Whether the reported study outcomes represent clinically meaningful outcomes experienced by patients. Generally, the definition of Clinically Meaningful outcomes are those recommended by ASCO, e.g., Hazard Ratio of  $<$  0.80 and the recommended survival benefit for OS and PFS should be at least 3 months.
  4. Whether the experimental design, in light of the drugs and conditions under investigation, is appropriate to address the investigative question. (For example, in some clinical studies, it may be unnecessary or not feasible to use randomization, double blind trials, placebos, or crossover).
  5. That non-randomized clinical trials with a significant number of subjects may be a basis for supportive clinical evidence for determining accepted uses of drugs.
  6. That case reports are generally considered uncontrolled and anecdotal information and do not provide adequate supportive clinical evidence for determining accepted uses of drugs.
  7. That abstracts (including meeting abstracts) without the full article from the approved peer-reviewed journals lack supporting clinical evidence for determining accepted uses of drugs.

### **IV. MEDICATION MANAGEMENT**

- A. Please refer to the FDA label/package insert for details regarding these topics.

### **V. APPROVAL AUTHORITY**

- A. Review – Utilization Management Department
- B. Final Approval – Utilization Management Committee

## VI. ATTACHMENTS

- A. None

## VII. REFERENCES

- A. Coleman RL, et al. Efficacy and safety of tisotumab vedotin in previously treated recurrent or metastatic cervical cancer (innovaTV 204/GOG-3023/ENGOT-cx6): a multicentre, open-label, single-arm, phase 2 study. *Lancet Oncol.* 2021 May;22(5):609-619.
- B. Hyun Cheol Chung, et al. Efficacy and Safety of Pembrolizumab in Previously Treated Advanced Cervical Cancer: Results From thePhase II KEYNOTE-158 Study. *Journal of Clinical Oncology* 2019 37:17, 1470-1478.
- C. Tivdak prescribing information. Seagen Inc., Bothell, WA 2021.
- D. Clinical Pharmacology Elsevier Gold Standard 2021.
- E. Micromedex® Healthcare Series: Thomson Micromedex, Greenwood Village, CO 2021.
- F. National Comprehensive Cancer Network. Cancer Guidelines and Drugs and Biologics Compendium 2021.
- G. AHFS Drug Information. American Society of Health-Systems Pharmacists or Wolters Kluwer Lexi-Drugs Bethesda, MD 2021.
- H. Ellis LM, et al. American Society of Clinical Oncology perspective: Raising the bar for clinical trials by defining clinically meaningful outcomes. *J Clin Oncol.* 2014 Apr 20;32(12):1277-80.
- I. Medicare Benefit Policy Manual Chapter 15 Covered Medical and Other Health Services: <https://www.cms.gov/Regulations-and-Guidance/Guidance/Manuals/Downloads/bp102c15.pdf>.