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| Effective date: 7/1/2019 |
| Reviewed Date: 6/2019, 9/2020, 2/2021, |
| 2/2022, 3/2023, 12/2023, 01/2024, 07/2025, |
| 11/2025 |

Pharmacy Scope: Medicaid

Medical Scope: Medicaid, Commercial, Medicare

HAEGARDA (C1 Esterase Inhibitor Subcutaneous [Human])

POLICY

I. INDICATIONS

The indications below including FDA-approved indications and compendial uses are considered a covered benefit provided that all the approval criteria are met and the member has no exclusions to the prescribed therapy.

FDA-Approved Indication

Routine prophylaxis to prevent Hereditary Angioedema (HAE) attacks in patients 6 years of age and older.

All other indications are considered experimental/investigational and are not a covered benefit.

II. CRITERIA FOR APPROVAL

Authorization for 6 months may be granted for prevention of hereditary angioedema attacks when all of the following criteria is met:

- A. Member is \geq 6 years of age.
- B. Medication is prescribed by, or in consultation with an allergist/immunologist or a physician who specializes in the management of HAE.
- C. Member has documented diagnosis of HAE type I or type II and meets one of the following (a or b):
 - a. Documentation that the member has C1 inhibitor deficiency or dysfunction as confirmed by laboratory testing; and meets one of the following criteria:
 - i. C1 inhibitor (C1-INH) antigenic level below the lower limit of normal as defined by the laboratory performing the test, or
 - ii. Normal C1-INH antigenic level and a low C1-INH functional level (functional C1-INH less than 50% or C1-INH functional level below the lower limit of normal as defined by the laboratory performing the test); OR
 - b. Documentation that the member has normal C1 inhibitor as confirmed by laboratory testing and meets one of the following criteria:
 - i. Member has an F12, angiopoietin-1, plasminogen, or kininogen-1 (KNG1) gene, heparan sulfate-glucosamine 3-O-sulfotransferase 6 (HS3ST6), or myoferlin (MYOF) pathogenic variant as confirmed by genetic testing, or
 - ii. Member has a documented family history of angioedema and the angioedema was refractory to a trial of high-dose antihistamine (e.g., cetirizine 40mg per day or the equivalent) for at least one month.
- D. Other causes of angioedema have been ruled out (e.g., angiotensin-converting enzyme inhibitor [ACE-I] induced an angioedema, angioedema related to an estrogen containing drug, allergic angioedema).
- E. Member requires long-term prophylactic treatment based on the provider's assessment of the patient's disease activity, quality of life, availability of health care resources, and/or failure to achieve adequate control by appropriate on-demand therapy [i.e., Ektentry (sebetalstat), Kalbitor(ecallantide), Icatibant, Ruconest (C1 esterase inhibitor) or Berinert (C1 esterase inhibitor), etc.]

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- F. Member will not use Haegarda (C1 esterase inhibitor), concomitantly with Takhzyro (lanadelumab-flyo), Andembry (garadacimab-gxii), Cinryze (C1 esterase inhibitor), Orladeyo (berotralstat) or Dawnzera (donidalorsen)

III. CONTINUATION OF THERAPY

Authorization of 6 months may be granted for continuation of therapy when all of the following criteria are met:

- A. Member meets all criteria for initial approval; AND
- B. Member has documentation of experiencing a significant reduction in frequency of attacks (e.g., $\geq 50\%$) since starting prophylactic treatment; AND
- C. Member has documentation of reduced the use of medications to treat acute attacks since starting prophylactic treatment.

V. QUANTITY LIMIT

Haegarda 2000 units or 3000 units: 20 vials per 30 days (daily dose of 0.667)

VII. DOSING AND ADMINISTRATION

| Indication | Dose | Maximum dose (1 billable unit = 10 IU) |
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| Prophylaxis of Hereditary Angioedema (HAE) attacks | 60 IU/kg body weight injected subcutaneously twice weekly (every 3 or 4 days) | 5,600 billable units per 28 days |

The following HCPCS/CPT code is:

| HCPCS/CPT Code | Description |
|----------------|-------------------------|
| J0599 | Injection, c-1 esterase |

VIII. REFERENCES

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