

Evolent Clinical Guideline 3197 for Kisqali™ (ribociclib)

Guideline Number: Evolent_CG_3197	<u>Applicable Codes</u>	
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STATEMENT

Purpose

To define and describe the accepted indications for Kisqali (ribociclib) usage in the treatment of cancer, including FDA approved indications, and off-label indications.

Evolent is responsible for processing all medication requests from network ordering providers. Medications not authorized by Evolent may be deemed as not approvable and therefore not reimbursable.

The use of this drug must be supported by one of the following: FDA approved product labeling, CMS-approved compendia, National Comprehensive Cancer Network (NCCN), American Society of Clinical Oncology (ASCO) clinical guidelines, or peer-reviewed literature that meets the requirements of the CMS Medicare Benefit Policy Manual Chapter 15.

INDICATIONS

Continuation requests for a not-approvable medication shall be exempt from this Evolent policy provided

- The member has not experienced disease progression on the requested medication AND
- The requested medication was used within the last year without a lapse of more than 30 days of having an active authorization AND
- Additional medication(s) are not being added to the continuation request.

Breast Cancer

- Kisqali (ribociclib) may be used with an aromatase inhibitor [i.e., Arimidex (anastrozole), Femara (letrozole), Aromasin (exemestane)] for the adjuvant treatment of adult members with ER/PR positive and HER2 negative stage II and III early breast cancer at high risk of recurrence.
 - Criteria for high risk of recurrence of breast cancer include any one of following:
 - Any lymph node involvement (excluding microscopic nodal involvement)
 - If no nodal involvement:
 - Tumor size > 5 cm
 - Tumor size 2 to 5 cm with Grade 2 disease and high genomic risk (Ki67 ≥ 20%, an Oncotype DX Breast Recurrence Score of ≥ 26, or Prosigna/ PAM50, MammaPrint, or EndoPredict EPclin high-risk scores)
 - Tumor size 2 to 5 cm with Grade 3 disease
- Kisqali (ribociclib) may be used in members with ER/PR positive and HER2 negative recurrent unresectable or metastatic breast cancer as follows:
 - In combination with an aromatase inhibitor [i.e., Arimidex (anastrozole), Femara (letrozole), Aromasin (exemestane)] in postmenopausal or premenopausal women treated with ovarian ablation/suppression as first line therapy OR

- In combination with Faslodex (fulvestrant) in postmenopausal or premenopausal women treated with ovarian ablation/suppression as subsequent therapy, if CDK4/6 inhibitor [e.g., Ibrance (Palbociclib), Verzenio (abemaciclib)] was not previously used.

CONTRAINDICATIONS/WARNINGS

- None

EXCLUSION CRITERIA

- Kisqali (ribociclib) is used after disease progression with the same regimen or disease progression on prior therapy with another CDK4/6 inhibitor, e.g., Ibrance (palbociclib) or Verzenio (abemaciclib).
- Concurrent use with cytotoxic chemotherapy.
- Dosing exceeds single dose limit of Kisqali (ribociclib) 600 mg.
- Treatment exceeds the maximum limit of 63 (200 mg) tablets/month.
- Investigational use of Kisqali (ribociclib) with an off-label indication that is not sufficient in evidence or is not generally accepted by the medical community. Sufficient evidence that is not supported by CMS recognized compendia or acceptable peer reviewed literature is defined as any of the following:
 - Whether the clinical characteristics of the patient and the cancer are adequately represented in the published evidence.
 - Whether the administered chemotherapy/biologic therapy/immune therapy/targeted therapy/other oncologic therapy regimen is adequately represented in the published evidence.
 - Whether the reported study outcomes represent clinically meaningful outcomes experienced by patients. Generally, the definitions of Clinically Meaningful outcomes are those recommended by ASCO, e.g., Hazard Ratio of less than 0.80 and the recommended survival benefit for OS and PFS should be at least 3 months.
 - Whether the experimental design, considering the drugs and conditions under investigation, is appropriate to address the investigative question. (For example, in some clinical studies, it may be unnecessary or not feasible to use randomization, double blind trials, placebos, or crossover).
 - That non-randomized clinical trials with a significant number of subjects may be a basis for supportive clinical evidence for determining accepted uses of drugs.
 - That case reports are generally considered uncontrolled and anecdotal information and do not provide adequate supportive clinical evidence for determining accepted uses of drugs.
 - That abstracts (including meeting abstracts) without the full article from the approved peer-reviewed journals lack supporting clinical evidence for determining accepted uses of drugs.

CODING AND STANDARDS

Codes

- J8999 - ribociclib

Applicable Lines of Business

<input type="checkbox"/>	CHIP (Children's Health Insurance Program)
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Commercial
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Exchange/Marketplace
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Medicaid
<input type="checkbox"/>	Medicare Advantage

POLICY HISTORY

Date	Summary
October 2025	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Converted to new Evolent guideline template• This guideline replaces UM ONC_1310 Kisqali (ribociclib)• Updated references
October 2024	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Added new indication• Updated references

LEGAL AND COMPLIANCE

Guideline Approval

Committee

Reviewed / Approved by Evolent Specialty Services Clinical Guideline Review Committee

Disclaimer

Evolent Clinical Guidelines do not constitute medical advice. Treating health care professionals are solely responsible for diagnosis, treatment, and medical advice. Evolent uses Clinical Guidelines in accordance with its contractual obligations to provide utilization management. Coverage for services varies for individual members according to the terms of their health care coverage or government program. Individual members' health care coverage may not utilize some Evolent Clinical Guidelines. Evolent clinical guidelines

contain guidance that requires prior authorization and service limitations. A list of procedure codes, services or drugs may not be all inclusive and does not imply that a service or drug is a covered or non-covered service or drug. Evolent reserves the right to review and update this Clinical Guideline in its sole discretion. Notice of any changes shall be provided as required by applicable provider agreements and laws or regulations. Members should contact their Plan customer service representative for specific coverage information.

REFERENCES

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3. Kisqali prescribing information. Novartis Pharmaceuticals Corporation. East Hanover, NJ 2025.
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7. AHFS Drug Information. American Society of Health-Systems Pharmacists or Wolters Kluwer Lexi-Drugs. Bethesda, MD 2025.
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9. Medicare Benefit Policy Manual Chapter 15 Covered Medical and Other Health Services: <https://www.cms.gov/Regulations-and-Guidance/Guidance/Manuals/Downloads/bp102c15.pdf>.
10. Current and Resolved Drug Shortages and Discontinuations Reported to the FDA: <http://www.accessdata.fda.gov/scripts/drugshortages/default.cfm>.