

Policy Title:	Medically Administered Step Therapy Policy		
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Purpose: To support the use of preferred products that are safe and effective.

Scope: Medicare Policy Statement:

The Medically Administered Step Therapy Policy will provide coverage of preferred medications when it is determined to be medically necessary and is covered under the Medical Benefit when used within the following guidelines. Use outside of these guidelines may result in non-payment unless approved under an exception process.

Procedure:

Coverage of Medically administered drugs will be reviewed prospectively via the prior authorization process based on criteria below

MMP patients who have previously received the requested medication within the past 365 days are not subject to Step Therapy Requirements.

Medications that Require Step Therapy	Preferred Medication(s)	Class of Medication
Aralast or Glassia	Emphysema due to alpha-1-antitrypsin (AAT) deficiency: Documented failure, intolerance, or contraindication to Prolastin or Zemaira	Alpha-1-Proteinase Inhibitors
Duopa	Trial of all of the following - oral levodopa/carbidopa, a dopamine agonist, a catechol-O-methyl transferase (COMT) inhibitor OR a monoamine oxidase B (MAO)-B inhibitor	Anti- Parkinson Agent
Xenleta	Trial of alternative antibiotic to which the organism is susceptible (i.e., moxifloxacin, levofloxacin, betalactam + macrolide, beta-lactam + doxycycline, etc.)	Antibiotic



Linezolid: J2021	All indications: Trial and failure or contraindication to linezolid J2020	Antibiotic
Meropenem: J2184	All indications: Trial and failure or contraindication to meropenem J2183 and J2185	Antibiotic
Vancomycin: J3372	All indications: Trial and failure or contraindication to vancomycin J3371 and J3370	Antibiotic
Heparin: J1643	All indications: Trial and failure or contraindication to heparin J1644	Anticoagulant Agent
Adynovate, Esperoct	Hemophilia A: Trial of one of the following - Advate, Afstyla, Hemofil M, Koate DVI, Kogenate FS, Kovaltry, Novoeight, Nuwiq, Obizur, Recombinate, Xyntha/Xyntha Solofuse	Antihemophilic Agent
Alphanate, Humate- P, Wilate	von Willebrand disease (mild or moderate): Trial of desmopressin	Antihemophilic Agent
Idelvion, Rebinyn	All indications: Trial of one of the following - Alphanine SD, BeneFIX, Ixinity, Mononine, Profilnine, and Rixubis	Antihemophilic Agent
Feiba NF/ Feiba VF	Hemophilia A: has had a trial of Hemlibra	Antihemophilic Agent
Hemlibra	Hemophilia A (congenital factor VIII deficiency) with inhibitors: trial of one of the following bypassing agents - NovoSeven, Feiba Hemophilia A (congenital factor VIII deficiency)	Antihemophilic Agent
	without inhibitors: Patient is not a suitable candidate for treatment with a shorter half-life Factor VIII products at a total weekly dose of 100 IU/kg or less	
Hympavzi	Hemophilia A (congenital factor VIII deficiency) without inhibitors: trial of a factor VIII product (e.g., Advate, Koate/Koate DVI, Hemofil, etc.) and Hemlibra	Antihemophilic Agent
	Hemophilia B (congenital factor IX deficiency) without inhibitors: trial of a factor IX product (e.g., Benefix, Rixubis, Alphanine, etc.)	
Novoseven RT	Hemophilia A: has had a trial of Hemlibra	Antihemophilic Agent
Vonvendi	von Willebrand disease (mild or moderate): Trial of desmopressin	Antihemophilic Agent
Labetalol: J1921	All indications: Trial and failure or contraindication to labetalol J1920	Antihypertensive Agent



Vyepti	Chronic Migraines: trial of two oral medications from two different classes of drugs for the prevention of migraines AND trial of at least 12 weeks of one calcitonin gene-related peptide (CGRP) antagonist (e.g., erenumab, galcanezumab, fremanezumab, etc.) AND two quarterly injections of botulinum toxin	Anti-migraine Agent
	Episodic migraines: trial of two oral medications from two different classes of drugs for the prevention of migraines AND trial of at least 12 weeks of one calcitonin gene-related peptide (CGRP) antagonist (e.g., erenumab, galcanezumab, fremanezumab, etc.)	
Bortezomib: J9048, J9046	All indications: Trial and failure or contraindication to bortezomib J9049, J9051, and J9041	Antineoplastic Agent
Carmustine: J9052	All indications: Trial and failure or contraindication to carmustine J9050	Antineoplastic Agent
Cyclophosphamide: J9074	All indications: Trial and failure or contraindication to cyclophosphamide J9073, J9071, and J9075	Antineoplastic Agent
Fulvestrant: J9394, J9393	All indications: Trial and failure or contraindication to fulvestrant J9395	Antineoplastic Agent
Paclitaxel: J9259	All indications: Trial and failure or contraindication to paclitaxel J9264	Antineoplastic Agent
Pemetrexed: J9304, J9324	All indications: Trial and failure or contraindication to pemetrexed J9296, J9294, J9297, J9314, J9323, and J9305	Antineoplastic Agent
Amvuttra	Cardiomyopathy of wild-type or hereditary transthyretin-mediated amyloidosis (ATTR-CM): Trial of a transthyretin (TTR) stabilizer (e.g., acoramidis (Attruby) or tafamidis (Vyndaqel/Vyndamax)	Anti-Transthyretin small interfering RNA (siRNA)
Onpattro	Cardiomyopathy of wild-type or hereditary transthyretin-mediated amyloidosis (ATTR-CM) and polyneuropathy of hereditary transthyretin-mediated amyloidosis (ATTR-PN) if Onpattro in used in in combination with a TTR-stabilizer: Trial of Amvuttra (vutrisiran)	Anti-Transthyretin small interfering RNA (siRNA)
Ganciclovir: J1574	All indications: Trial and failure or contraindication to ganciclovir J1570	Antiviral Agent



Actemra, Tofidence	Rheumatoid Arthritis: Trial of one oral DMARD such as methotrexate, azathioprine, hydroxychloroquine, penicillamine, sulfasalazine, leflunomide, etc.; AND at least a 3-month trial of adalimumab at maximum tolerated doses Juvenile Idiopathic Arthritis: Trial of one NSAID or systemic glucocorticoid (e.g., prednisone, methylprednisolone) AND at least a 3-month trial of adalimumab at maximum tolerated doses	Autoimmune
	Management of Immune Checkpoint Inhibitor related Inflammatory Arthritis: Trial of corticosteroids Giant Cell Arteritis: Trial of glucocorticoid therapy	
	All indications: trial of at least a 3-month trial of Tyenne (tocilizumab-aazg)	
Tyenne	Rheumatoid Arthritis: Trial of one oral DMARD such as methotrexate, azathioprine, hydroxychloroquine, penicillamine, sulfasalazine, leflunomide, etc.; AND at least a 3-month trial of adalimumab at maximum tolerated doses	Autoimmune
	Juvenile Idiopathic Arthritis: Trial of one NSAID or systemic glucocorticoid (e.g., prednisone, methylprednisolone) AND at least a 3-month trial of adalimumab at maximum tolerated doses	
	Management of Immune Checkpoint Inhibitor related Inflammatory Arthritis: Trial of corticosteroids	
	Giant Cell Arteritis: Trial of glucocorticoid therapy	
Cimzia	Rheumatoid Arthritis: Trial of one oral DMARD such as methotrexate, azathioprine, hydroxychloroquine, sulfasalazine, leflunomide, etc. AND at least a 3-month trial of adalimumab at maximum tolerated doses	Autoimmune
	Ankylosing spondylitis and non-radiographic axial spondyloarthritis: Trial of at least 2 non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAIDs) AND at least a 3-month trial of adalimumab at maximum tolerated doses	
	Crohn's Disease: Trial of at least a 3-month trial of adalimumab or infliximab IV at maximum tolerated doses; AND at least a 6-month trial of ustekinumab at	



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	maximum tolerated doses.	
	Plaque Psoriasis: Inadequate response to topical agents, inadequate response to at least one non-biologic systemic agent AND at least a 3-month trial of adalimumab at maximum tolerated doses AND at least a 6-month trial of ustekinumab at maximum tolerated doses.	
	Psoriatic Arthritis: - Predominantly axial disease: trial and failure of an NSAID - Peripheral arthritis or active enthesitis disease: trial of an oral DMARD such as methotrexate, azathioprine, sulfasalazine, hydroxychloroquine, etc - At least a 3-month trial of adalimumab at maximum tolerated doses - At least a 6-month trial of ustekinumab at	
Cosentyx	maximum tolerated doses. Psoriatic Arthritis:	Autoimmune
	 Predominantly axial disease: trial and failure of an NSAID Peripheral arthritis, dactylitis or active enthesitis disease: trial of an oral DMARD such as methotrexate, azathioprine, sulfasalazine, hydroxychloroquine, etc At least a 3-month trial of adalimumab at maximum tolerated doses At least a 6-month trial of ustekinumab at maximum tolerated doses. 	
	Ankylosing spondylitis and non-radiographic axial spondyloarthritis: Trial of at least 2 non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAIDs) AND at least a 3-month trial of adalimumab at maximum tolerated doses	
Entyvio	Crohn's Disease: Trial of at least a 3-month trial of adalimumab or infliximab IV at maximum tolerated doses AND at least a 6-month trial of ustekinumab at maximum tolerated doses.	Autoimmune
	Ulcerative Colitis: Trial of at least a 3-month trial of infliximab IV at maximum tolerated doses AND at least a 6-month trial of ustekinumab at maximum tolerated doses for biologic experienced patients	



Ilaris	Still's Disease and Systemic Juvenile Idiopathic Arthritis: Trial of one oral NSAID OR systemic	Autoimmune
	glucocorticoid (e.g., prednisone, methylprednisolone)	
	Familial Mediterranean Fever: colchicine	
_	Gout Flare: NSAID and colchicine	
Ilumya	Plaque psoriasis: Trial of one of the following - methotrexate, cyclosporine, or acitretin AND to at least a 3-month trial of adalimumab at maximum tolerated doses AND at least a 6-month trial of ustekinumab at maximum tolerated doses	Autoimmune
Omvoh	Ulcerative Colitis or Crohn's disease: Trial of at least a 3-month trial of infliximab IV or adalimumab at maximum tolerated AND at least a 6-month trial of ustekinumab at maximum tolerated doses	Autoimmune
Orencia	Rheumatoid Arthritis: Trial of one oral disease modifying anti-rheumatic agent (DMARD) such as methotrexate, azathioprine, hydroxychloroquine, sulfasalazine, or leflunomide AND at least a 3-month trial of adalimumab at maximum tolerated doses Polyarticular juvenile idiopathic arthritis: Trial of oral non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAIDs) OR an oral disease-modifying anti-rheumatic agent (DMARD) (e.g., methotrexate, leflunomide, sulfasalazine, etc.) AND at least a 3-month trial of adalimumab at maximum tolerated doses Psoriatic Arthritis: For patients with predominantly axial disease OR active enthesitis and/or dactylitis, an adequate trial and failure of at least two non-steroidal anti-inflammatory agents (NSAIDs); OR for patients with peripheral arthritis, a trial and failure of at least a 3 month trial of one oral disease-modifying anti-rheumatic drug (DMARD) such as methotrexate, azathioprine, sulfasalazine, or hydroxychloroquine AND at least a 3-month trial of adalimumab at maximum tolerated doses AND at least a 6-month trial of ustekinumab at maximum tolerated doses	Autoimmune
	Chronic Graft Versus Host Disease: Trial and failure of systemic corticosteroids	
	Management of Immune Checkpoint Inhibitor Related Toxicity: Trial and failure of methylprednisolone	
Remicade or infliximab unbranded	All indications: Trial of Inflectra or Avsola, AND Renflexis	Autoimmune



Remicade or		Autoimmune
infliximab		
unbranded,	Rheumatoid Arthritis: Trial of one oral disease	
Renflexis	modifying anti-rheumatic agent (DMARD)) such as	
	methotrexate, azathioprine, hydroxychloroquine,	
	sulfasalazine, leflunomide, etc; AND used in	
	combination with methotrexate	
	Psoriatic Arthritis: Trial of one NSAID OR Trial of	
	one oral DMARD such as methotrexate, azathioprine	
	hydroxychloroquine, sulfasalazine, etc;	
	Ankylosing Spondylitis: Trial of two NSAIDs	
	Plaque Psoriasis: Trial of one of the following systemic	
	products - immunosuppressives, retinoic acid	
	derivatives, and/or methotrexate	
Renflexis	All indications: Trial of Inflectra or Avsola	Autoimmune
Infliximab SC	Crohn's Disease and Ulcerative Colitis: Trial of at least	Autoimmune
products: Zymfentra	10 weeks of IV infliximab therapy	Autoimmune
products. Zymremia	10 weeks of 1 v minximab therapy	
Simponi Aria	Rheumatoid Arthritis: Trial of one oral disease	Autoimmune
	modifying anti-rheumatic agent (DMARD) such as	
	methotrexate, azathioprine, hydroxychloroquine,	
	sulfasalazine, or leflunomide; AND at least a 3-month	
	trial of adalimumab at maximum tolerated doses	
	Psoriatic Arthritis: Trial of one NSAID OR Trial of	
	one oral DMARD such as methotrexate, azathioprine,	
	hydroxychloroquine, sulfasalazine, or leflunomide;	
	AND at least a 3-month trial of adalimumab at	
	maximum tolerated doses AND at least a 6-month	
	trial of ustekinumab at maximum tolerated doses	
	Ankylosing Spondylitis: Trial of two NSAIDs AND	
	at least a 3-month trial of adalimumab at maximum	
	tolerated doses	
	Polyarticular Juvenile Idiopathic Arthritis (pJIA): Trial	
	of oral NSAIDs OR Trial of an oral DMARD such as	
	methotrexate, sulfasalazine, or leflunomide; AND at	
	least a 3-month trial of adalimumab at maximum	
01	tolerated doses	
Skyrizi IV	Crohn's disease & Ulcerative Colitis: Trial of at least a	Autoimmune
	3-month trial of infliximab IV or adalimumab at	
	maximum tolerated doses AND at least a 6-month	
	trial of ustekinumab at maximum tolerated doses	



Ustekinumab IV biosimilar products: Otulfi, Selarsdi,	Crohn's Disease: Trial of at least a 3-month trial of infliximab IV or adalimumab at maximum tolerated doses	Autoimmune
Steqeyma, & Yesintek	Ulcerative Colitis: Trial of at least a 3-month trial of infliximab IV or adalimumab at maximum tolerated	
Stelara	Crohn's Disease: Trial of at least a 3-month trial of infliximab IV or adalimumab at maximum tolerated doses AND at least a 6-month trial of one of the following: Otulfi, Selarsdi, Steqeyma, or Yesintek at maximum tolerated doses	Autoimmune
	Ulcerative Colitis: Trial of at least a 3-month trial of infliximab IV or adalimumab at maximum tolerated AND at least a 6-month trial of one of the following: Otulfi, Selarsdi, Steqeyma, or Yesintek at maximum tolerated doses	
Tremfya IV	Ulcerative Colitis or Crohn's disease: Trial of at least a 3-month trial of infliximab IV or adalimumab at maximum tolerated AND at least a 6-month trial of ustekinumab biosimilar at maximum tolerated doses	Autoimmune
Evenity	Osteoporosis: bisphosphonates (oral and/or IV) such as alendronate, risedronate, ibandronate, or zoledronic acid AND RANKL-blocking agents such as denosumab	Bone Modifying Agent
Prolia	Trial of Zometa/Reclast or Aredia	Bone Modifying Agent
Xgeva	Trial of Zometa/Reclast or Aredia	Bone Modifying Agent
Parsabiv	Hyperparathyroidism secondary to chronic kidney disease: Trial of cinacalcet	Calcimimetic
Miacalcin	Hypercalcemic emergency: Trial of cinacalcet Paget's disease: trial of both of the following - alendronate and pamidronate	Calcitonin
	Postmenopausal osteoporosis: Trial of two of the following - zoledronic acid, alendronate, teriparatide, Prolia (denosumab), Xgeva (denosumab)	
Evkeeza	Homozygous Familial Hypercholesterolemia (HoFH): At least a 3-month trial of adherent therapy with: ezetimibe used in combination with the highest available dose of atorvastatin OR rosuvastatin and tried and failed at least a 3-month trial of adherent therapy with: combination therapy consisting of the highest available dose of atorvastatin OR rosuvastatin, ezetimibe, AND a PSCK9 inhibitor indicated for HoFH (e.g., evolocumab, alirocumab)	Cardiology



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Abecma	Atherosclerotic cardiovascular disease (ASCVD) and: Heterozygous Familial Hypercholesterolemia (HeFH): trial of highest available dose or maximally-tolerated dose* of high intensity HMG-CoA reductase inhibitors (i.e., 'statin' therapy: atorvastatin 40 mg or 80 mg daily, rosuvastatin 20 mg or 40 mg daily, or simvastatin 80 mg daily); and has been adherent to ezetimibe used concomitantly with a statin at maximally tolerated dose for at least three months, and inadequate treatment response, intolerance or contraindication to treatment with PCSK9 inhibitor therapy for at least 3 months Relapsed/Refractory multiple myeloma: progressed on 4 or more lines of therapy AND refractory to an immunomodulatory agent (e.g., lenalidomide, thalidomide, pomalidomide), a proteasome inhibitor (e.g., bortezomib, carfilzomib, ixazomib), and an anti-	CAR-T Immunotherapy
	CD38 monoclonal antibody (e.g., daratumumab, isatuximab).	
Kymriah	Pediatric and Young Adult Relapsed or Refractory (r/r) B-cell Acute Lymphoblastic Leukemia (ALL): Member has relapsed/refractory Philadelphia chromosome-negative B-ALL that has progressed after 2 cycles of a standard chemotherapy regimen for initial diagnosis OR after 1 cycle of standard chemotherapy for relapsed leukemia OR member with relapsed/refractory Philadelphia chromosome-positive B-ALL that has progressed after failure of 2 prior regimens, including a TKI-containing regimen	CAR-T Immunotherapy
	Adult Relapsed or Refractory (r/r) Large B-cell Lymphoma: For diffuse large B-cell lymphoma arising from follicular lymphoma, high-grade B- cell lymphoma: Member has previously received at least 2 lines of therapy including rituximab and an anthracycline	
Yescarta	Non-Hodgkin Lymphomas (chemotherapy – refractory disease): trial and failure of two or more lines of systemic chemotherapy OR for DLBCL, failure of 2 or more lines of systemic chemotherapy, including rituximab and an anthracycline Follicular Lymphoma: trial of 2 or more lines of systemic therapies, including the combination of an anti-CD20 monoclonal antibody and an alkylating	CAR-T Immunotherapy
Amondys 45	agent (e.g., R-bendamustine, R-CHOP, R-CVP) All indications: Trial of corticosteroids	Duchenne Muscular Dystrophy



Exondys 51	All indications: Trial of corticosteroids	Duchenne Muscular Dystrophy
Viltepso	All indications: trial of corticosteroids	Duchenne Muscular Dystrophy
Vyondys 53	All indications: Trial of corticosteroids and Viltepso	Duchenne Muscular Dystrophy
Elevidys	All Indications: Stable dose of a corticosteroid prior to the start of therapy	Duchenne Muscular Dystrophy
VPRIV, Elelyso	All indications: Trial of Cerezyme	Enzyme Replacement
Nexviazyme	Trial of Lumizyme for members <30kg that require a dose of 40 mg/kg	Enzyme
Pombiliti and Opfolda	Trial of Lumizyme or Nexviazyme	Enzyme
Casgevy	Sickle Cell Disease: Trial of hydroxyurea and formulary add-on therapy (e.g., Adakveo)	Gene Therapy
Lyfgenia	Sickle Cell Disease: Trial of hydroxyurea and formulary add-on therapy (e.g., Adakveo) Patient has a contraindication to or is not indicated for treatment with Casgevy (exagamglogene autotemcel)	Gene Therapy
Krystexxa	All indications: Trial of Allopurinol or Probenecid	Gout
Aranesp	All indications: Trial of Retacrit or Procrit	Hematopoetic Agent
Long-Acting Colony Stimulating Factors – Non-Preferred: Fulphila, Nyvepria, Ziextenzo, Fylnetra, Rolvedon, Stimufend (Oncology and Non-Oncology)	All approved indications: Trial of Neulasta, Neulasta Onpro, or Udenyca	Hematopoetic Agent
Mircera	All indications: Trial of Retacrit or Procrit	Hematopoetic Agent
Nplate	Chronic immune (idiopathic) thrombocytopenia: Trial of one of the following – corticosteroids (e.g., prednisone, methylprednisolone) and/or	Hematopoetic Agent
	immunoglobulins and/or rituximab	



Short Acting Colony Stimulating Factors: Nivestym, Neupogen, Granix, Releuko (Oncology and Non Oncology)	All indications: Trail of Zarxio	Hematopoetic Agent
Berinert	Trial of high dose antihistamine (e.g., cetirizine) for members with normal C1 inhibitor levels and a family history of angioedema without genetic testing	Hereditary Angioedema
Cinryze	All indications: Trial of "on-demand" therapy (i.e., Kalbitor, Firazyr, Ruconest, or Berinert) HAE with normal C1INH: trial of prophylactic	Hereditary Angioedema
	therapy with an antifibrinolytic agent (e.g., tranexamic acid (TXA) or aminocaproic acid) and/or a 17α-alkylated androgen (e.g., danazol)	
Haegarda	Trial of high dose antihistamine (e.g., cetirizine) for members with normal C1 inhibitor levels and a family history of angioedema without genetic testing	Hereditary Angioedema
Kalbitor	Trial of high dose antihistamine (e.g., cetirizine) for members with normal C1 inhibitor levels and a family history of angioedema without genetic testing	Hereditary Angioedema
Ruconest	Trial of high-dose antihistamine (e.g., cetirizine) for members with normal C1 inhibitor levels and a family history of angioedema without genetic testing	Hereditary Angioedema
Testopel	All indications: Trial of one topical testosterone product (patch or gel) AND Trial of one injectable testosterone such as testosterone cypionate injection or testosterone enanthate injection	Hormone Replacement
Serostim	HIV wasting: At least three alternative therapies such as cyproheptadine, dronabinol, megestrol acetate or testosterone therapy if hypogonadal	Hormone Therapy
Fensolvi	Central Precocious Puberty: Trial of Lupron Depot- Ped AND either Triptodur or Supprelin LA	Hormone Therapy
Supprelin LA	Central Precocious Puberty: Trial of Lupron Depot- Ped	Hormone Therapy
Triptodur	Central Precocious Puberty: Trial of Trelstar Gender Dysphoria: Trial of Lupron Depot	Hormone Therapy
Euflexxa	All indications: Trial of nonsteroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAIDs), acetaminophen (up to 1 g 4 times/day) and/or topical capsaicin cream, and intra-articular steroids	Hyaluronic Acid



Adult patients with X-linked hypophosphatemia: Trial of an oral phosphate and active vitamin D analogs (e.g., calcitriol, paricalcitol, doxercalciferol, calcifediol) Subcutaneous Immune Globulins (IG)Cuvitru, Cutaquig, Xembify, Hizentra or Hyqvia o Intravenous Immune Globulins (IG): Asceniv, Alglo,Bivigam, Gammagard S/D, Gammaglex, Privigen or Panzyga All indications: Gammaked/Gamunex-C, Gammagard liquid, Flebogamma/Flebogamma DIF, or Octagam (IgG Subclass Deficiency: patient is receiving prophylactic antibiotic therapy Myasthenia Gravis: patient is failing on conventional immunosuppressant therapy alone (e.g., corticosteroids, axathioprine, cyclosporine, mycophenolate, methotrexate, tacrolimus, cyclophosphamide, etc.) Dermatomyositis or Polymyositis: Trial of one corticosteroid AND one immunosuppressant (e.g., methotrexate, azathioprine) Chronic Inflammatory Demyelinating Polyneuropathy: Trial of one corticosteroid Stiff-Person syndrome: Trial of two of the following benzodiazepines, baclofen, gabapentin, valproate, tiagabine, or levetiracetam Autoimmune Mucocutaneous Blistering Diseases: corticosteroids and concurrent immunosuppressive treatment (e.g., azathioprine, cyclophosphamide, mycophenolate modeful left.)	Durolane, Gel-One, Gelsyn, GenVisc 850, Hyalgan, Hymovis, Monovisc, Orthovisc, Supartz/Supartz FX, Synojoynt, Synvisc, Synvisc-One, Triluron, Trivisc, &Visco-3	All indications: Trial of nonsteroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAIDs), acetaminophen (up to 1 g 4 times/day) and/or topical capsaicin cream, and intra-articular steroids and Euflexxa	Hyaluronic Acid
Immune Globulins (IG)Cuvitru, Cutaquig, Xembify, Hizentra or Hyqvia o Intravenous Immune Globulins (IG): Asceniv, Alyglo,Bivigam, Gammagard S/D, Gammaplex, Privigen or Panzyga Myasthenia Gravis: patient is receiving prophylactic antibiotic therapy Myasthenia Gravis: patient is failing on conventional immunosuppressant therapy alone (e.g., corticosteroids, azathioprine, cyclosporine, mycophenolate, methotrexate, tacrolimus, cyclophosphamide, etc.) Dermatomyositis or Polymyositis: Trial of one corticosteroid AND one immunosuppressant (e.g., methotrexate, azathioprine) Chronic Inflammatory Demyelinating Polyneuropathy: Trial of one corticosteroid Stiff-Person syndrome: Trial of two of the following - benzodiazepines, baclofen, gabapentin, valproate, tiagabine, or levetiracetam Autoimmune Mucocutaneous Blistering Diseases: corticosteroids and concurrent immunosuppressive treatment (e.g., azathioprine, cyclophosphamide,	Crysvita	of an oral phosphate and active vitamin D analogs	Hypophosphatemia
Immune Globulins (IG): Asceniv, Alyglo,Bivigam, Gammagard S/D, Gammaplex, Privigen or Panzyga Myasthenia Gravis: patient is failing on conventional immunosuppressant therapy alone (e.g., corticosteroids, azathioprine, cyclosporine, mycophenolate, methotrexate, tacrolimus, cyclophosphamide, etc.) Dermatomyositis or Polymyositis: Trial of one corticosteroid AND one immunosuppressant (e.g., methotrexate, azathioprine) Chronic Inflammatory Demyelinating Polyneuropathy: Trial of one corticosteroid Stiff-Person syndrome: Trial of two of the following - benzodiazepines, baclofen, gabapentin, valproate, tiagabine, or levetiracetam Autoimmune Mucocutaneous Blistering Diseases: corticosteroids and concurrent immunosuppressive treatment (e.g., azathioprine, cyclophosphamide,	Immune Globulins (IG)Cuvitru, Cutaquig, Xembify, Hizentra or Hyqvia		Immune Globulins
Monoferric Trial of Injectafer or Feraheme Iron Agent	Intravenous Immune Globulins (IG): Asceniv, Alyglo,Bivigam, Gammagard S/D, Gammaplex, Privigen or Panzyga	liquid, Flebogamma/Flebogamma DIF, or Octagam IgG Subclass Deficiency: patient is receiving prophylactic antibiotic therapy Myasthenia Gravis: patient is failing on conventional immunosuppressant therapy alone (e.g., corticosteroids, azathioprine, cyclosporine, mycophenolate, methotrexate, tacrolimus, cyclophosphamide, etc.) Dermatomyositis or Polymyositis: Trial of one corticosteroid AND one immunosuppressant (e.g., methotrexate, azathioprine) Chronic Inflammatory Demyelinating Polyneuropathy: Trial of one corticosteroid Stiff-Person syndrome: Trial of two of the following benzodiazepines, baclofen, gabapentin, valproate, tiagabine, or levetiracetam Autoimmune Mucocutaneous Blistering Diseases: corticosteroids and concurrent immunosuppressive treatment (e.g., azathioprine, cyclophosphamide, mycophenolate mofetil, etc.)	Immune Globulins



Benlysta	Systemic Lupus Erythematosus: Trial of two standard therapies such as antimalarials, corticosteroids, non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drugs, or immunosuppressives	Lupus
	Lupus Nephritis: Trial of standard therapies including corticosteroids AND either cyclophosphamide or mycophenolate mofetil	
Saphnelo	Trial of two standard of care therapy such as antimalarials, corticosteroids, non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drugs, or immunosuppressives and trial of Benlysta	Lupus
Probuphine	All indications: Trial of one of the following - Buprenorphine/naloxone, buprenorphine	Medication Assisted Treatment
Sublocade	All indications: Trial of one of the following - Buprenorphine/naloxone, buprenorphine	Medication Assisted Treatment
Brixadi	All indications: initiated therapy with transmucosal buprenorphine or is transitioning from another buprenorphine-containing treatment	Medication Assisted Treatment
Cinqair	Asthma: Trial of Inhaled corticosteroid; AND an additional controller medication (long-acting beta 2-agonist, long-acting muscarinic antagonists, or leukotriene modifier,); AND Nucala or Fasenra	Monoclonal Antibody
Fasenra	Asthma: Trial of Inhaled corticosteroid AND an additional controller medication (long-acting beta 2-agonist, long-acting muscarinic antagonists, or leukotriene modifier). Eosinophilic granulomatosis with polyangiitis (EGPA): Trial with oral corticosteroids with or without immunosuppressive therapy	Monoclonal Antibody
Niktimvo	Chronic graft verse host disease(cGVHD): Trial of two or more previous lines of systemic therapy for the treatment of cGVHD (e.g. methylprednisolone, cyclosporine, tacrolimus, sirolimus, mycophenolate mofetil, imatinib)	Monoclonal Antibody
Nucala	Asthma: Trial of a medium – high dose inhaled corticosteroid; AND an additional controller medication (long-acting beta 2-agonist, long-acting muscarinic antagonists, leukotriene modifier, etc.)	Monoclonal Antibody
	Eosinophilic granulomatosis with polyangiitis: Trial of oral corticosteroids for at least 4 weeks	
	Hypereosinophilic Syndrome (HES): trail of at least one other HES therapy, such as oral corticosteroids, immunosuppressive agents, cytotoxic therapy, etc.	



	Chronic Rhinosinusitis with Nasal Polyps: Trial of intranasal corticosteroid therapy for at least 8 weeks; AND Patient has received ≥2 courses of systemic corticosteroids per year or > 3 months of low dose corticosteroids	
Soliris	Myasthenia Gravis: — Trial of the following —minimum one-year trial of concurrent use with two (2) or more immunosuppressive therapies (e.g., corticosteroids plus an immunosuppressant such as azathioprine, methotrexate, cyclosporine, mycophenylate, etc.) OR Patient has required at least one acute or chronic treatment with plasmapheresis or plasma exchange (PE) or intravenous immunoglobulin (IVIG) in addition to immunosuppressant therapy. Additionally, the patient must have an inadequate response or contraindication to both eculizumab-aagh (Epysqli) AND efgartigimod IV (Vyvgart IV). Neuromyelitis optica spectrum disorder (NMOSD): Trial of Ultorimis and Uplizna	Monoclonal Antibody
Bkemv or Epysqli	Myasthenia Gravis: — Trial of the following —minimum one-year trial of concurrent use with two (2) or more immunosuppressive therapies (e.g., corticosteroids plus an immunosuppressant such as azathioprine, methotrexate, cyclosporine, mycophenylate, etc.) OR Patient has required at least one acute or chronic treatment with plasmapheresis or plasma exchange (PE) or intravenous immunoglobulin (IVIG) in addition to immunosuppressant therapy. Additionally, if requesting Bkemv the patient must have an inadequate response or contraindication to both eculizumab-aagh (Epysqli) AND efgartigimod IV (Vyvgart IV).	Monoclonal Antibody
Ryoncil	Acute graft verse host disease(aGVHD): Trial of Jakafi	Monoclonal Antibody



Rystiggo	Myasthenia Gravis:	Monoclonal Antibody
	Trial of one of the following based on their antibodies:	
	• AChR+ disease: a minimum one-year trial of	
	concurrent use with two (2) or more	
	immunosuppressive therapies (e.g.,	
	corticosteroids plus an immunosuppressant	
	such as azathioprine, cyclosporine,	
	mycophenolate, etc.); OR	
	• MuSK+ disease: a minimum one-year trial	
	with immunosuppressive therapy (e.g.,	
	corticosteroids, azathioprine, or	
	mycophenolate) and rituximab; OR	
	Patient required at least one acute or chronic	
	treatment with plasmapheresis or plasma exchange	
	(PE) or intravenous immunoglobulin (IVIG) in	
	addition to immunosuppressant therapy	
Xolair	Asthma: Trial of Inhaled corticosteroid; AND an	Monoclonal Antibody
	additional controller medication (long-acting beta 2-agonist, long-acting muscarinic antagonists or	
	leukotriene modifier)	
	Chronic idiopathic urticaria: scheduled dosing of a	
	second-generation H1 antihistamine for at least one	
	month; AND inadequate response with scheduled	
	dosing of one of the following: Updosing/dose advancement (up to 4-fold) of a second-generation H1	
	antihistamine, add-on therapy with a leukotriene	
	antagonist (e.g., montelukast), add-on therapy with	
	another H1 antihistamine or add-on therapy with a	
	H2-antagonist.	
	Chronic Rhinosinusitis with Nasal Polyps: Trial of	
	intranasal corticosteroid therapy for at least 8 weeks;	
	AND Patient has received at least one course of	
	treatment with a systemic corticosteroid for 5 days or	
Ultomiris	more within the previous 2 years	Managlanal Antibody
OROHIIIS	Myasthenia Gravis: Trial of the following –	Monoclonal Antibody
	minimum one-year trial of concurrent use with two (2)	
	or more immunosuppressive therapies (e.g.,	
	corticosteroids plus an immunosuppressant such as	
	azathioprine, methotrexate, cyclosporine,	
	mycophenolate, etc.) OR Patient has required at least	
	one acute or chronic treatment with plasmapheresis or plasma exchange (PE) or intravenous immunoglobulin	



	(IVIG) in addition to immunosuppressant therapy. Additionally, the patient must have an inadequate response or contraindication to efgartigimod IV (Vyvgart IV). Neuromyelitis optica spectrum disorder (NMOSD): Trial of Uplizna	
Lemtrada	Multiple Sclerosis: Trial of Tysabri and Ocrevus	Multiple Sclerosis
Tysabri	Crohn's Disease: Trial of at least a 3-month trial of infliximab IV or adalimumab at maximum tolerated AND at least a 6-month trial of ustekinumab at maximum tolerated doses	Crohn's
Vyvgart IV and Vyvgart Hytrulo	Myasthenia Gravis: Trial of the following – minimum six month trial of concurrent use with two (2) or more immunosuppressive therapies (e.g., corticosteroids plus an immunosuppressant such as azathioprine, methotrexate, cyclosporine, mycophenolate, etc.) OR Patient has required at least one acute or chronic treatment with plasmapheresis or plasma exchange (PE) or intravenous immunoglobulin (IVIG) in addition to immunosuppressant therapy Vyvgart Hytrulo ONLY: Chronic Inflammatory Demyelinating polyneuropathy: Trial of at least 3-month trial of immunoglobulin (IG) or plasma exchange therapy	Myasthenia Gravis
Botox	Migraine: 8-week trial of two oral medications for the prevention of migraines, such as Antidepressants (e.g., amitriptyline, fluoxetine, nortriptyline, etc.) Beta blockers (e.g., propranolol, metoprolol, nadolol, timolol, atenolol, pindolol, etc.) Angiotensin converting enzyme inhibitors/angiotensin II receptor blockers (e.g., lisinopril, candesartan, etc.) Anti-epileptics (e.g., divalproex, valproate, topiramate, etc.) Calcium channels blockers (e.g., verapamil, etc.) Urinary incontinence and OAB: Trial of two medications from either the antimuscarinic or beta-adrenergic classes Chronic Anal Fissures: Trial of conventional	Neuromuscular Blocker Agent
	pharmacologic therapy (e.g., nifedipine, diltiazem, and/or topical nitroglycerin, bethanechol, etc.)	



Dysport	Migraine: two oral medications for the prevention of migraines, such as Antidepressants (e.g., amitriptyline, fluoxetine, nortriptyline, etc.) Beta blockers (e.g., propranolol, metoprolol, nadolol, timolol, atenolol, pindolol, etc.) Angiotensin converting enzyme inhibitors/angiotensin II receptor blockers (e.g., lisinopril, candesartan, etc.) Anti-epileptics (e.g., divalproex, valproate, topiramate, etc.) Calcium channels blockers (e.g., verapamil, etc.) Chronic Anal Fissures: Trial of conventional pharmacologic therapy (e.g., nifedipine, diltiazem, and/or topical nitroglycerin, bethanechol, etc.) Incontinence due to neurogenic detrusor overactivity and OAB: Trial of two medications from either the	Neuromuscular Blocker Agent
	antimuscarinic or beta-adrenergic classes	
Myobloc	Migraine: two oral medications for the prevention of migraines, such as Antidepressants (e.g., amitriptyline, fluoxetine, nortriptyline, etc.) Beta blockers (e.g., propranolol, metoprolol, nadolol, timolol, atenolol, pindolol, etc.) Angiotensin converting enzyme inhibitors/angiotensin II receptor blockers (e.g., lisinopril, candesartan, etc.) Anti-epileptics (e.g., divalproex, valproate, topiramate, etc.) Calcium channels blockers (e.g., verapamil, etc.)	Neuromuscular Blocker Agent
Xeomin	Migraine: two oral medications for the prevention of migraines, such as Antidepressants (e.g., amitriptyline, fluoxetine, nortriptyline, etc.) Beta blockers (e.g., propranolol, metoprolol, nadolol, timolol, atenolol, pindolol, etc.) Angiotensin converting enzyme inhibitors/angiotensin II receptor blockers (e.g., lisinopril, candesartan, etc.) Anti-epileptics (e.g., divalproex, valproate, topiramate, etc.) Calcium channels blockers (e.g., verapamil, etc.) Incontinence due to neurogenic detrusor overactivity and OAB: Trial of two medications from either the antimuscarinic or beta-adrenergic classes	Neuromuscular Blocker Agent
Avastin, Alymsys,	All Oncology Indications: Trial of Mvasi or Zirabev	Oncology
Vegzelma		Oncology
Herceptin and Biosimilars, Herceptin Hylecta	All indications: Kanjinti or Trazimera	Oncology



Khapzory/Fusilev	Osteosarcoma, Colorectal Cancer, and Treatment of a folate antagonist overdose: Trial of leucovorin	Oncology
Nipent	Chronic or acute graft verse host disease (GVHD): Trial of corticosteroids	Oncology
Rituxan Hycela	All indications: Ruxience or Truxima	Oncology
Rituxan, Riabni	All indications: Ruxience or Truxima	Oncology
	Rheumatoid Arthritis: one oral disease modifying antirheumatic drug (DMARD) (e.g., methotrexate, azathioprine, hydroxychloroquine, sulfasalazine, leflunomide, etc.) AND at least one preferred tumor necrosis factor (TNF) antagonist (one must be self-injectable)	
	Lupus Nephritis: Trial of standard first line therapy [e.g., mycophenolate mofetil, mycophenolic acid, cyclophosphamide, calcineurin inhibitors (e.g., tacrolimus)]	
	Systemic Lupus Erythematosus (SLE): Trial of at least two standard therapies such as anti-malarials (i.e. hydroxychloroquine, chloroquine), corticosteroids, non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAIDs), aspirin, or immunosuppressives such as azathioprine, methotrexate, cyclosporine, oral cyclophosphamide, or mycophenolate.	
	Myasthenia Gravis: Trial of standard first line therapy (e.g., glucocorticoids, azathioprine, mycophenolate mofetil, etc.)	
Beovu	Neovascular (wet) age related macular degeneration (AMD): bevacizumab or ranibizumab (Byooviz)	Ophthalmic Agent
	Diabetic Macular Edema (DME) with a baseline visual acuity of 20/50 or worse: bevacizumab or ranibizumab (Lucentis)	
	DME and baseline visual acuity better than 20/50: bevacizumab Diabetic Retinopathy: bevacizumab	
Durysta	Open angle glaucoma or ocular hypertension: Trial of two ophthalmic prostaglandin analogs (e.g., latanoprost) and at least one other IOP reducing ophthalmic product from a different medication class, such as beta-blockers, alpha-agonists, and carbonic anhydrase inhibitors (combination therapy should be used if warranted)	Ophthalmic Agent



iDose TR	Open angle glaucoma or ocular hypertension:	Ophthalmic Agent
ibose IR	Trial of two ophthalmic prostaglandin analogs (e.g.,	Ophthamme rigent
	latanoprost) and at least one other IOP reducing	
	ophthalmic product from a different medication class,	
	such as beta-blockers, alpha-agonists, and carbonic anhydrase inhibitors (combination therapy should be	
	used if warranted)	
Eylea or Pavblu	Diabetic Macular Edema (DME) with a baseline visual	Ophthalmic Agent
	acuity of 20/50 or worse: bevacizumab or	
	ranibizumab (Lucentis)	
	DME and baseline visual acuity better than 20/50:	
	bevacizumab Diabetic Retinopathy: bevacizumab	
	Diabetic retinopathy (DR) or Retinopathy of	
	Prematurity (ROP): bevacizumab	
	Neovascular (Wet) Age Related Macular Degeneration	
	(AMD), Macular Édema Following Retinal Vein	
	Occlusion(RVO): bevacizumab or ranibizumab	
T. 1. 11D	(Byooviz)	
Eylea HD	Diabetic Macular Edema (DME) with a baseline visual	Ophthalmic Agent
	acuity of 20/50 or worse: bevacizumab or ranibizumab (Lucentis)	
	Tambizumas (Eucentis)	
	DME and baseline visual acuity better than 20/50:	
	bevacizumab Diabetic Retinopathy: bevacizumab	
	Diabetic retinopathy (DR): bevacizumab	
	Neovascular (Wet) Age Related Macular Degeneration	
	(AMD): bevacizumab or ranibizumab (Byooviz)	
	All indications: Trial of Pavblu or Eylea	
Cimerli	Diabetic macular edema and Diabetic retinopathy:	Ophthalmic Agent
	bevacızumab Neovascular (wet) age related macular degeneration,	
	Macular edema due to retinal vein occlusion, or	
	Myopic Choroidal Neovascularization: bevacizumab	
	and Byooviz or Lucentis	
Byooviz, Lucentis	All indications: Bevacizumab	Ophthalmic Agent
Sugarimo	Noovegoules (wet) and soleted recorded decompositions	Ophthalmic Agent
Susvimo	Neovascular (wet) age related macular degeneration: responded to at least two intravitreal injections of a	Оришание Адент
	VEGF inhibitor medication (e.g., aflibercept,	
	bevacizumab, brolucizumab, ranibizumab); and had an	
	inadequate treatment response with bevacizumab,	
	AND Lucentis (ranibizumab) or Byooviz	
	(ranibizumab) AND Eylea (aflibercept)	



	Diabetic Macular Edema (DME): responded to at least two intravitreal injections of a VEGF inhibitor medication (e.g., aflibercept, bevacizumab, brolucizumab, ranibizumab); and bevacizumab, AND Lucentis (ranibizumab) AND Eylea (aflibercept)	
Vabysmo	Neovascular (wet) age related macular degeneration (AMD) or Macular edema due to retinal vein occlusion (RVO): bevacizumab and Byooviz (ranibizumab) or Lucentis (ranibizumab) Diabetic Macular Edema (DME) and baseline visual acuity of 20/50 or worse: bevacizumab or ranibizumab (Lucentis) DME and baseline visual acuity better than 20/50: bevacizumab	Ophthalmic Agent
Tepezza	Active Thyroid Eye Disease: Intravenous glucocorticoids	Ophthalmic Agent
Oxlumo	Trial of at least 3 months of pyridoxine	Primary Hyperoxaluria
Signifor LAR	Acromegaly: Trial of Sandostatin LAR (octreotide) or Somatuline Depot (lanreotide)	Somatostatin Analog
Somatuline Depot	Acromegaly: Trial of lanreotide.	Somatostatin Analog

Per §§ 42 CFR 422.101, this clinical medical policy only applies to Medicare in the absence of National Coverage Determination (NCD) or Local Coverage Determination (LCD).

Investigational use: All therapies are considered investigational when used at a dose or for a condition other than those that are recognized as medically accepted indications as defined in any one of the following standard reference compendia: American Hospital Formulary Service Drug information (AHFS-DI), Thomson Micromedex DrugDex, Clinical Pharmacology, Wolters Kluwer Lexi-Drugs, or Peer-reviewed published medical literature indicating that sufficient evidence exists to support use. Neighborhood does not provide coverage for drugs when used for investigational purposes.

For additional information on the step therapy process, please call member services at 1-844-812-6896 for Medicare members.

Policy Rationale: These products were reviewed by the Neighborhood Health Plan of Rhode Island Pharmacy & Therapeutics (P&T) Committee. Neighborhood adopted the following clinical coverage criteria to ensure that its members use them according to Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved labeling and/or relevant clinical literature. Neighborhood worked with network prescribers and pharmacists to draft these criteria. These criteria will help ensure its members are using this drug for a medically accepted indication, while minimizing the risk for adverse effects and ensuring more cost-effective options are used first, if applicable and appropriate. For Medicare members, these coverage criteria will only apply in the



absence of National Coverage Determination (NCD) or Local Coverage Determination (LCD) criteria. Neighborhood will give individual consideration to each request it reviews based on the information submitted by the prescriber and other information available to the plan.